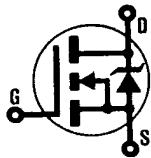


INTERNATIONAL RECTIFIER

7-37-13

INTERNATIONAL RECTIFIER **IR**REPETITIVE AVALANCHE AND dv/dt RATED*

HEXFET® TRANSISTORS



N-CHANNEL

IRF840
IRF841
IRF842
IRF843
500 Volt, 0.85 Ohm HEXFET
TO-220AB Plastic Package

The HEXFET® technology is the key to International Rectifier's advanced line of power MOSFET transistors. The efficient geometry and unique processing of this latest "State of the Art" design achieves: very low on-state resistance combined with high transconductance; superior reverse energy and diode recovery dv/dt capability.

The HEXFET transistors also feature all of the well established advantages of MOSFETs such as voltage control, very fast switching, ease of paralleling and temperature stability of the electrical parameters.

They are well suited for applications such as switching power supplies, motor controls, inverters, choppers, audio amplifiers and high energy pulse circuits.

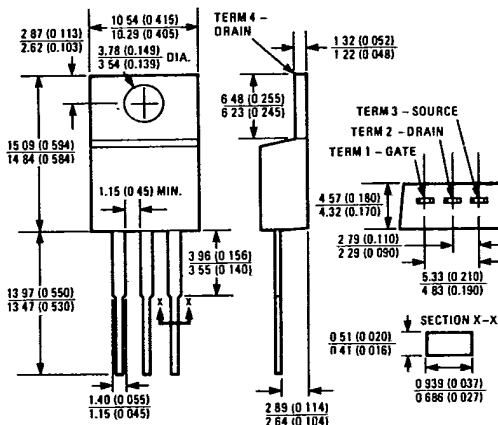
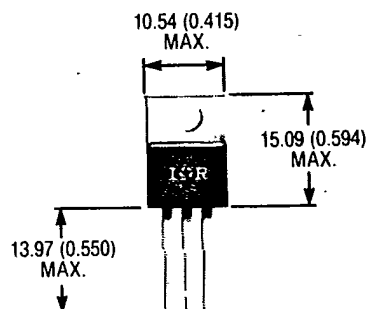
Product Summary

Part Number	V_{DS}	$R_{DS(on)}$	I_D
IRF840	500V	0.85Ω	8.0A
IRF841	450V	0.85Ω	8.0A
IRF842	500V	1.1Ω	7.0A
IRF843	450V	1.1Ω	7.0A

FEATURES:

- Repetitive Avalanche Ratings
- Dynamic dv/dt Rating
- Simple Drive Requirements
- Ease of Paralleling

CASE STYLE AND DIMENSIONS



Case Style TO-220AB
Dimensions in Millimeters and (Inches)

*This data sheet applies to product with batch codes that begin with a digit, ie. 2A3B

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IRF840, IRF841, IRF842, IRF843 Devices

T-39-13

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Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	IRF840, IRF841	IRF842, IRF843	Units
I_D @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Continuous Drain Current	8.0	7.0	A
I_D @ $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$ Continuous Drain Current	5.1	4.4	A
I_{DM} Pulsed Drain Current ①	32	28	A
P_D @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Max. Power Dissipation	125		W
Linear Derating Factor	1.0		W/K ②
V_{GS} Gate-to-Source Voltage	± 20		V
E_{AS} Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ②	510 (See Fig. 14)		mJ
I_{AR} Avalanche Current ① (Repetitive or Non-Repetitive)	8.0 (See E_{AR})		A
E_{AR} Repetitive Avalanche Energy ①	13 (See I_{AR})		mJ
dv/dt Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt ③	3.5 (See Fig. 17)		V/ns
T_J Operating Junction T_{STG} Storage Temperature Range	-55 to 150		$^\circ\text{C}$
Lead Temperature	300 (0.063 in. (1.6mm) from case for 10s)		$^\circ\text{C}$

Electrical Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (Unless Otherwise Specified)

Parameter	Type	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
BV_{DSS} Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	IRF840 IRF842 IRF841 IRF843	500 450	—	—	V	$V_{GS} = 0V, I_D = 250 \mu A$
$R_{DS(on)}$ Static Drain-to-Source On-State Resistance ④	IRF840 IRF841 IRF842 IRF843	— —	0.70 0.85	0.85 1.1	Ω	$V_{GS} = 10V, I_D = 4.4A$
$I_{D(on)}$ On-State Drain Current ④	IRF840 IRF841 IRF842 IRF843	8.0 7.0	—	—	A	$V_{DS} > I_{D(on)} \times R_{DS(on)}$ Max. $V_{GS} = 10V$
$V_{GS(th)}$ Gate Threshold Voltage	ALL	2.0	—	4.0	V	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250 \mu A$
g_{fs} Forward Transconductance ④	ALL	4.9	7.4	—	S(Ω)	$V_{DS} \geq 50V, I_{DS} = 4.4A$
I_{DSS} Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	ALL	—	—	250 1000	μA	$V_{DS} = \text{Max. Rating}, V_{GS} = 0V$ $V_{DS} = 0.8 \times \text{Max. Rating}$ $V_{GS} = 0V, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$
I_{GSS} Gate-to-Source Leakage Forward	ALL	—	—	500	nA	$V_{GS} = 20V$
I_{GSS} Gate-to-Source Leakage Reverse	ALL	—	—	-500	nA	$V_{GS} = -20V$
Q_g Total Gate Charge	ALL	—	42	63	nC	$V_{GS} = 10V, I_D = 8.0A$
Q_{gs} Gate-to-Source Charge	ALL	—	6.2	9.3	nC	$V_{DS} = 0.8 \times \text{Max. Rating}$ See Fig. 16
Q_{gd} Gate-to-Drain ("Miller") Charge	—	—	22	32	nC	(Independent of operating temperature)
$t_{d(on)}$ Turn-On Delay Time	ALL	—	14	21	ns	$V_{DD} = 250V, I_D = 8.0A, R_G = 9.1\Omega$
t_r Rise Time	ALL	—	23	35	ns	$R_D = 30\Omega$
$t_{d(off)}$ Turn-Off Delay Time	ALL	—	49	74	ns	See Fig. 15
t_f Fall Time	ALL	—	20	30	ns	(Independent of operating temperature)
L_D Internal Drain Inductance	ALL	—	4.5	—	nH	Measured from the drain lead, 6mm (0.25 in.) from package to center of die.
L_S Internal Source Inductance	ALL	—	7.5	—	nH	Measured from the source lead, 6mm (0.25 in.) from package to source bonding pad.
C_{iss} Input Capacitance	ALL	—	1300	—	pF	$V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 25V$
C_{oss} Output Capacitance	ALL	—	180	—	pF	$f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$
C_{rss} Reverse Transfer Capacitance	ALL	—	45	—	pF	See Fig. 10



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Source-Drain Diode Ratings and Characteristics

Parameter	Type	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
I_S Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	ALL	—	—	8.0	A	Modified MOSFET symbol showing the integral Reverse p-n junction rectifier. 
I_{SM} Pulsed Source Current (Body Diode) ①	ALL	—	—	32	A	
V_{SD} Diode Forward Voltage ④	ALL	—	—	2.0	V	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $I_S = 8.0\text{A}$, $V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$
t_{rr} Reverse Recovery Time	ALL	210	460	970	ns	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $I_F = 8.0\text{A}$, $di/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$
Q_{RR} Reverse Recovery Charge	ALL	2.0	4.2	8.2	μC	
t_{on} Forward Turn-On Time	ALL	Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible. Turn-on speed is substantially controlled by $L_S + L_D$.				

Thermal Resistance

R_{thJC} Junction-to-Case	ALL	—	—	1.0	K/W ⑤	
R_{thCS} Case-to-Sink	ALL	—	0.50	—	K/W ⑤	Mounting surface flat, smooth, and greased
R_{thJA} Junction-to-Ambient	ALL	—	—	80	K/W ⑤	Typical socket mount

Typical SPICE Computer Model Parameters (For more information See Application Note AN-975)

Device	Level, SPICE MOSFET Model	W (μm), Channel Width	L (μm), Channel Length	Theta (1/V), Mobility Modulation	UO ($\text{CM}^2/\text{V}\cdot\text{S}$), Surface Mobility	VTO (V), Threshold Voltage	R1 (Ω), Drain Resistance	R2 (Ω), Source Resistance	RG (Ω), Gate Resistance
ALL	3	0.978	1.2	0.20	450	4.27	0.60	0.02	0.5

CGSO (pf), Gate-Source Capacitance	CGD (fF), Gate-Drain Capacitance	E1 (V), Voltage Dependent Voltage Source	LD (nH), Drain Inductance	LS (nH), Source Inductance	LG (nH), Gate Inductance	IS (A), Diode Saturation Current	RS (Ω), Diode Bulk Resistance
820	C11	$2 + 0.995\text{VDG}$	4.5	7.5	7.5	1.3×10^{-12}	0.011

$$C11 = 3000\text{ pf} + 7 \times 10^{-22} (V_{GE})^{48}$$

① Repetitive Rating; Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature (see figure 5) Refer to current HEXFET reliability report

② @ $V_{DD} = 50\text{V}$, Starting $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $L = 14\text{ mH}$, $R_G = 25\Omega$, Peak $I_L = 8.0\text{A}$.

③ $I_{SD} \leq 8.0\text{A}$, $di/dt \leq 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$, $V_{DD} \leq 8V_{DSS}$, $T_J \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$
Suggested $R_G = 9.1\Omega$

④ Pulse width $\leq 300\mu\text{s}$; Duty Cycle $\leq 2\%$

⑤ $\text{K/W} = ^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
 $\text{W/K} = \text{W}/^\circ\text{C}$

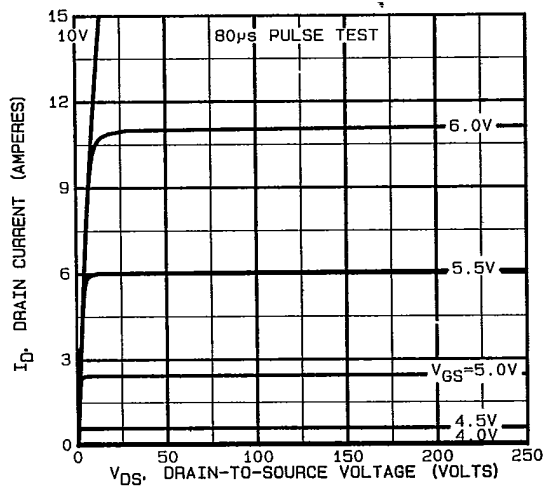


Fig. 1 — Typical Output Characteristics

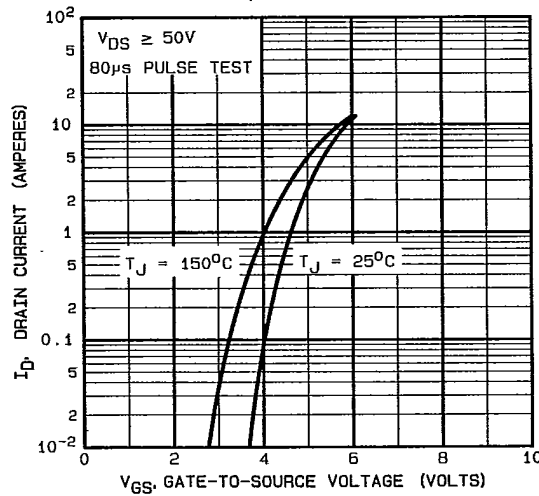


Fig. 2 — Typical Transfer Characteristics

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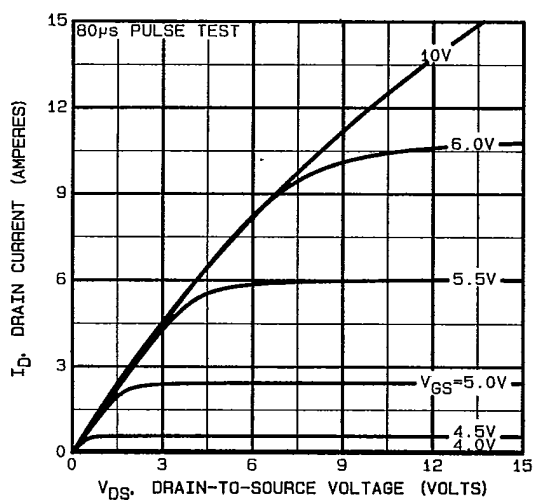


Fig. 3 — Typical Saturation Characteristics

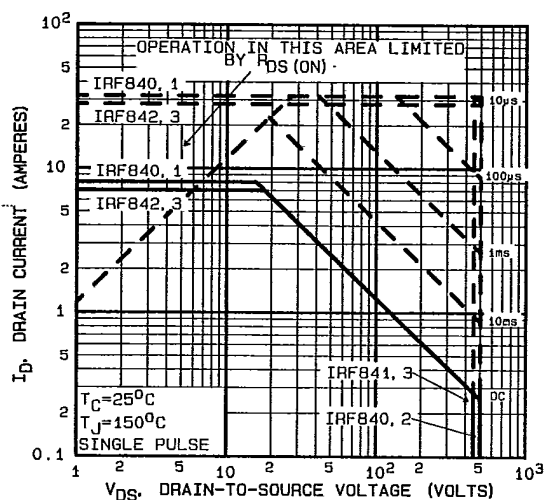


Fig. 4 — Maximum Safe Operating Area

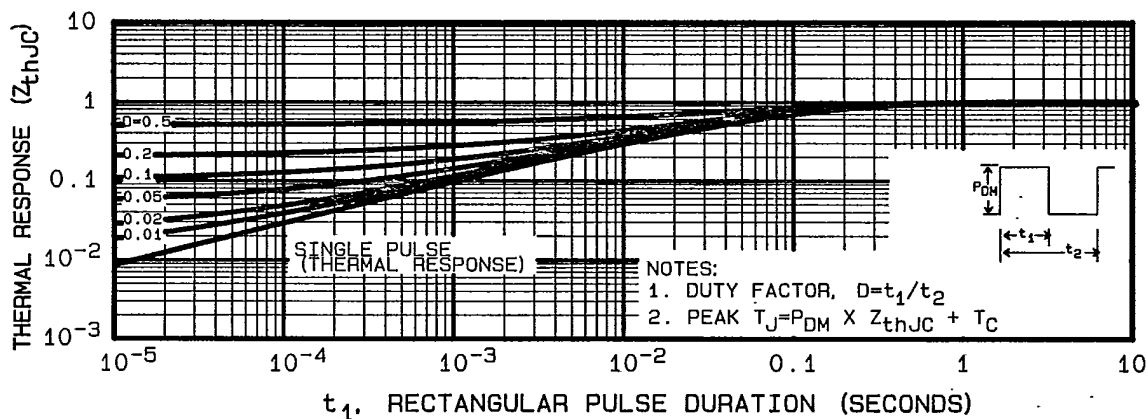


Fig. 5 — Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case Vs. Pulse Duration

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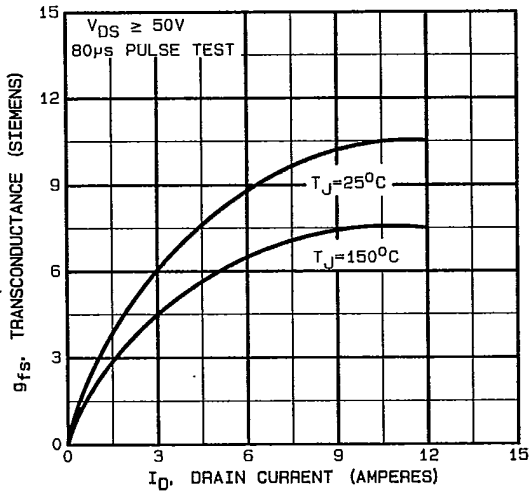


Fig. 6 — Typical Transconductance Vs. Drain Current

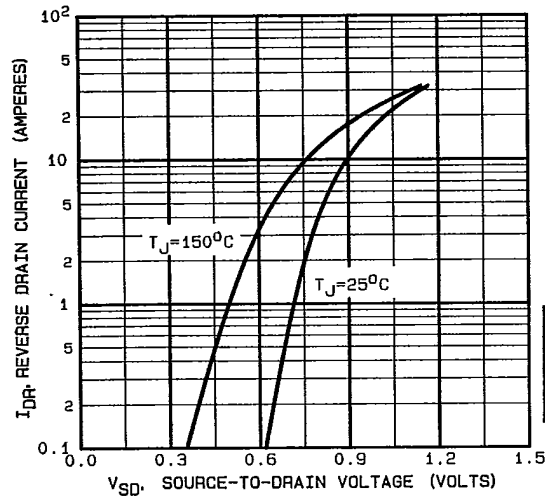


Fig. 7 — Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

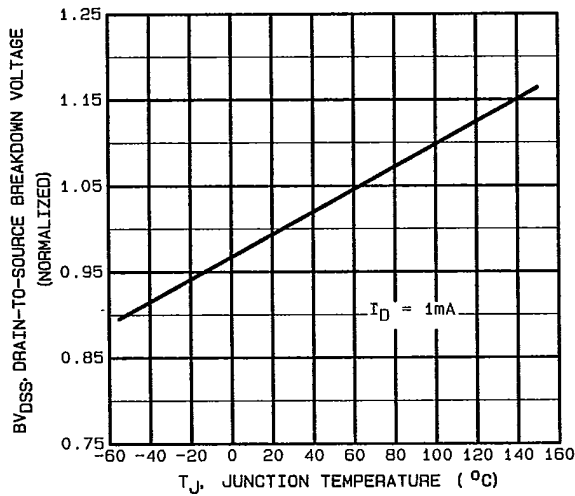


Fig. 8 — Breakdown Voltage Vs. Temperature

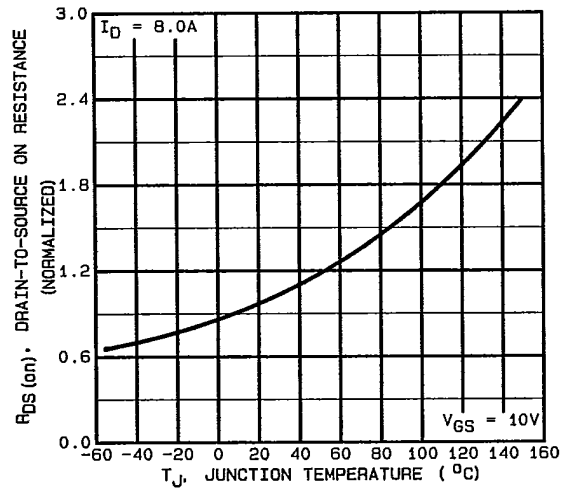


Fig. 9 — Normalized On-Resistance Vs. Temperature

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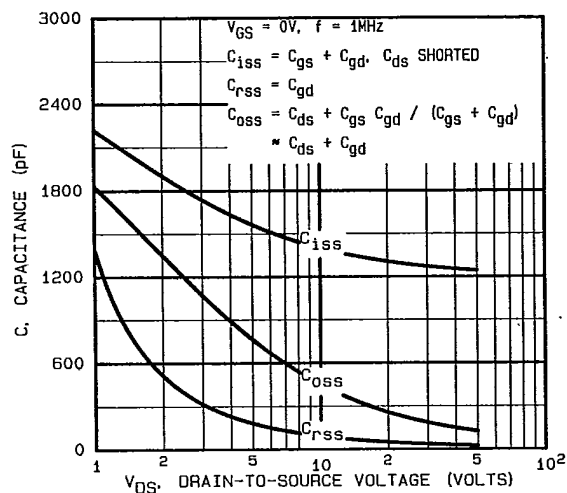


Fig. 10 — Typical Capacitance Vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage

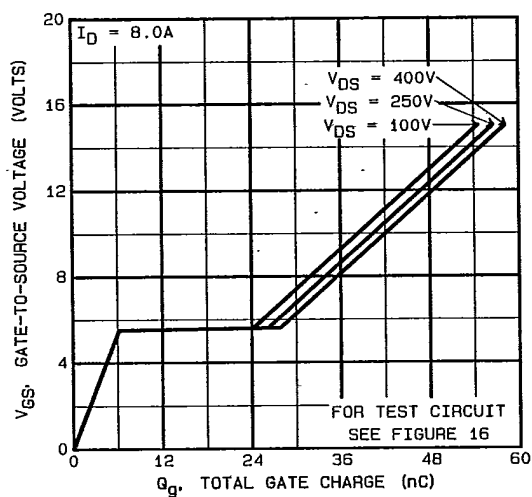


Fig. 11 — Typical Gate Charge Vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage

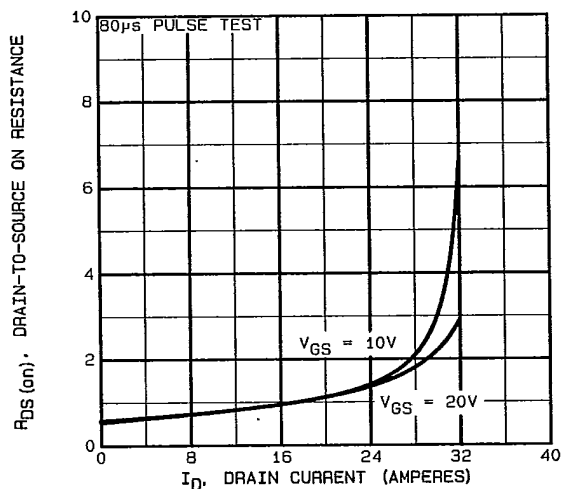


Fig. 12 — Typical On-Resistance Vs. Drain Current

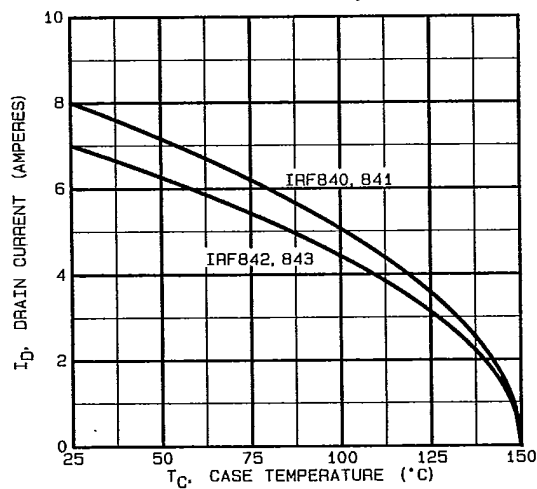


Fig. 13 — Maximum Drain Current Vs. Case Temperature

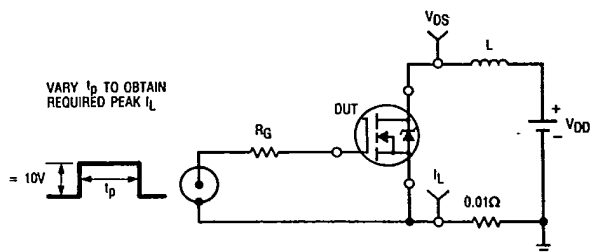


Fig. 14a — Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit

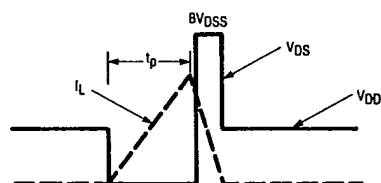


Fig. 14b — Unclamped Inductive Waveforms

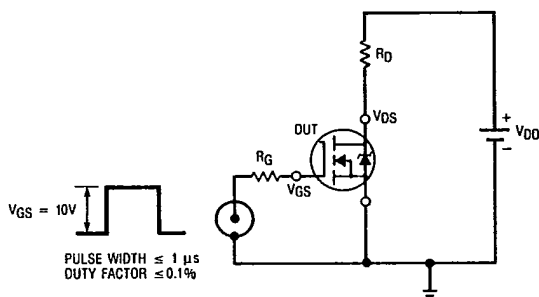


Fig. 15a — Switching Time Test Circuit

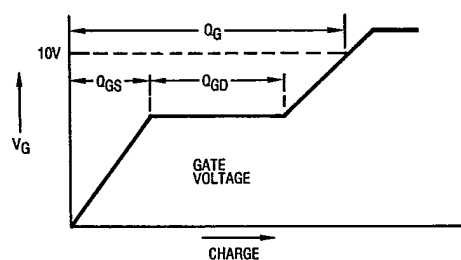


Fig. 16a — Basic Gate Charge Waveform

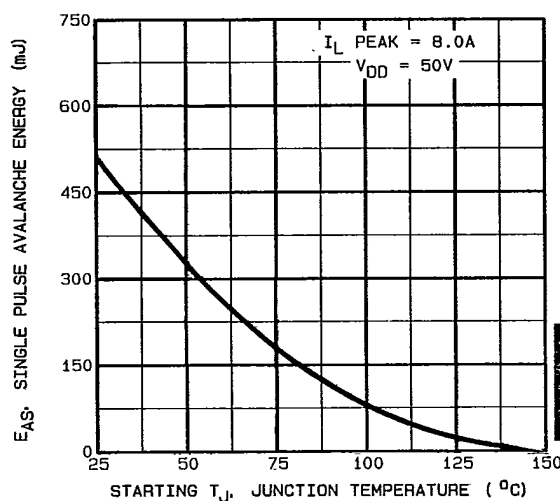


Fig. 14c — Maximum Avalanche Energy Vs. Starting Junction Temperature

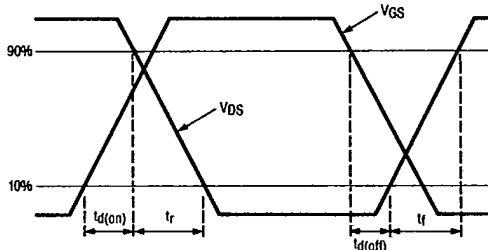


Fig. 15b — Switching Time Waveforms

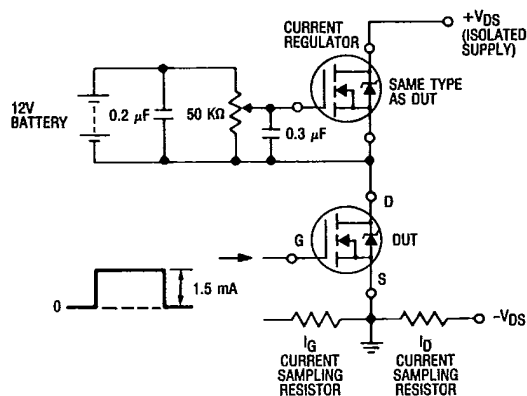
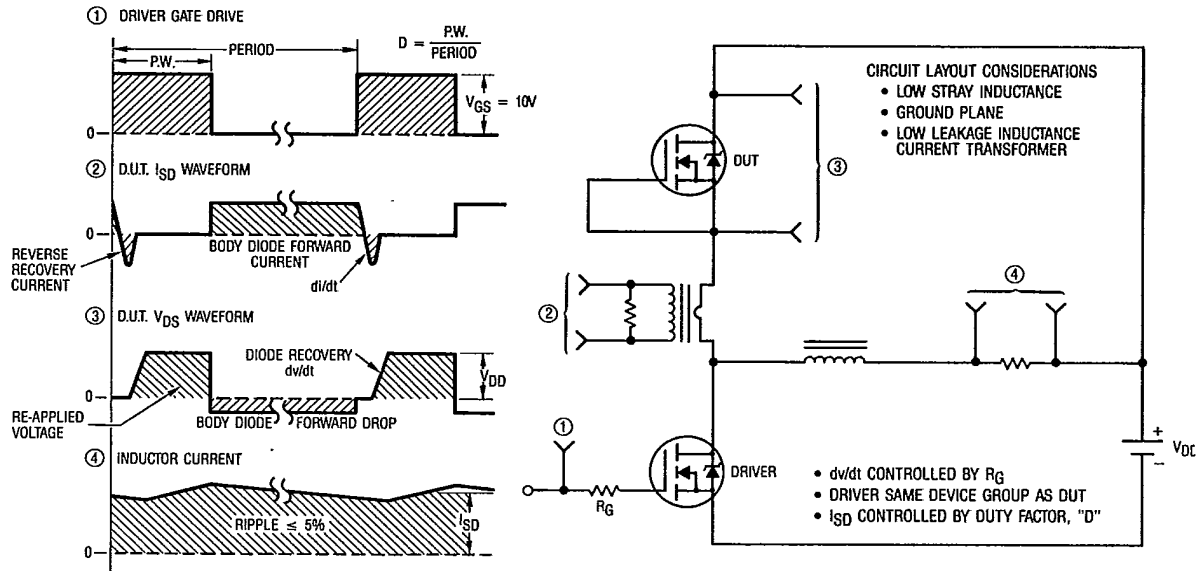
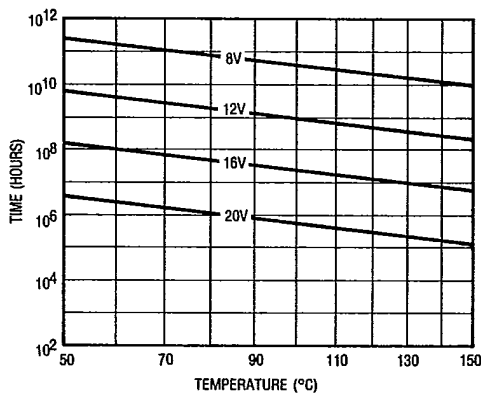
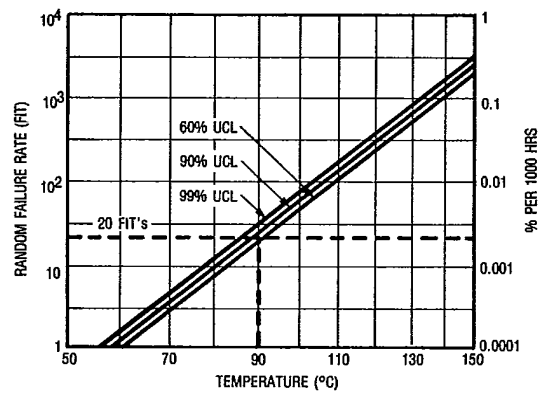


Fig. 16b — Gate Charge Test Circuit


Fig. 17 — Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt Test Circuit


*Fig. 18 — Typical Time to Accumulated 1% Gate Failure



*Fig. 19 — Typical High Temperature Reverse Bias (HTRB) Failure Rate

*The data shown is correct as of April 15, 1987. This information is updated on a quarterly basis; for the latest reliability data, please contact your local IR field office.