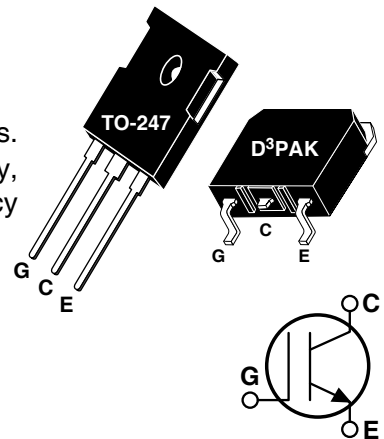


## POWER MOS 7® IGBT

The POWER MOS 7® IGBT is a new generation of high voltage power IGBTs. Using Punch Through Technology this IGBT is ideal for many high frequency, high voltage switching applications and has been optimized for high frequency switchmode power supplies.

- Low Conduction Loss
- Low Gate Charge
- Ultrafast Tail Current shutoff
- SSOA rated




### MAXIMUM RATINGS

All Ratings:  $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Parameter	APT60GU30B_S	UNIT
$V_{CES}$	Collector-Emitter Voltage	300	Volts
$V_{GE}$	Gate-Emitter Voltage	$\pm 20$	
$V_{GEM}$	Gate-Emitter Voltage Transient	$\pm 30$	
$I_{C1}$	Continuous Collector Current @ <sup>⑦</sup> $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	100	Amps
$I_{C2}$	Continuous Collector Current @ $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	60	
$I_{CM}$	Pulsed Collector Current <sup>①</sup> @ $T_C = 150^\circ\text{C}$	200	
SSOA	Switching Safe Operating Area @ $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$	200A @ 300V	
$P_D$	Total Power Dissipation	417	Watts
$T_J, T_{STG}$	Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	-55 to 150	$^\circ\text{C}$
$T_L$	Max. Lead Temp. for Soldering: 0.063" from Case for 10 Sec.	300	

### STATIC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Characteristic / Test Conditions	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$BV_{CES}$	Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage ( $V_{GE} = 0V, I_C = 250\mu\text{A}$ )	300			Volts
$V_{GE(TH)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage ( $V_{CE} = V_{GE}, I_C = 1\text{mA}, T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )	3	4.5	6	
$V_{CE(ON)}$	Collector-Emitter On Voltage ( $V_{GE} = 15V, I_C = 30A, T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )		1.5	2.0	
	Collector-Emitter On Voltage ( $V_{GE} = 15V, I_C = 30A, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ )		1.5		
$I_{CES}$	Collector Cut-off Current ( $V_{CE} = V_{CES}, V_{GE} = 0V, T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ) <sup>②</sup>			250	$\mu\text{A}$
	Collector Cut-off Current ( $V_{CE} = V_{CES}, V_{GE} = 0V, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ ) <sup>②</sup>			2500	
$I_{GES}$	Gate-Emitter Leakage Current ( $V_{GE} = \pm 20V$ )			$\pm 100$	nA

 **CAUTION:** These Devices are Sensitive to Electrostatic Discharge. Proper Handling Procedures Should Be Followed.

**DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS**
**APT60GU30B\_S**

Symbol	Characteristic	Test Conditions	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
$C_{ies}$	Input Capacitance	<b>Capacitance</b> $V_{GE} = 0V, V_{CE} = 25V$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		2990		pF	
$C_{oes}$	Output Capacitance			275			
$C_{res}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			21			
$V_{GEP}$	Gate-to-Emitter Plateau Voltage	<b>Gate Charge</b> $V_{GE} = 15V$ $V_{CE} = 150V$ $I_C = 30A$		7.0		V	
$Q_g$	Total Gate Charge <sup>③</sup>			100		nC	
$Q_{ge}$	Gate-Emitter Charge			20			
$Q_{gc}$	Gate-Collector ("Miller") Charge			30			
SSOA	Switching Safe Operating Area	$T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}, R_G = 5\Omega, V_{GE} = 15V, L = 100\mu\text{H}, V_{CE} = 300V$	200			A	
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-on Delay Time	<b>Inductive Switching (25°C)</b> $V_{CC} = 200V$ $V_{GE} = 15V$ $I_C = 30A$ $R_G = 20\Omega$ $T_J = +25^\circ\text{C}$		48		ns	
$t_r$	Current Rise Time			20			
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-off Delay Time			215			
$t_f$	Current Fall Time			85			
$E_{on1}$	Turn-on Switching Energy <sup>④</sup>				TBD		$\mu\text{J}$
$E_{on2}$	Turn-on Switching Energy (Diode) <sup>⑤</sup>				130		
$E_{off}$	Turn-off Switching Energy <sup>⑥</sup>				240		
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-on Delay Time		<b>Inductive Switching (125°C)</b> $V_{CC} = 200V$ $V_{GE} = 15V$ $I_C = 30A$ $R_G = 20\Omega$ $T_J = +125^\circ\text{C}$		48		ns
$t_r$	Current Rise Time			20			
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-off Delay Time			250			
$t_f$	Current Fall Time			155			
$E_{on1}$	Turn-on Switching Energy <sup>④</sup>				TBD		$\mu\text{J}$
$E_{on2}$	Turn-on Switching Energy (Diode) <sup>⑤</sup>				200		
$E_{off}$	Turn-off Switching Energy <sup>⑥</sup>				340		

**THERMAL AND MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Symbol	Characteristic	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction to Case (IGBT)			0.30	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction to Case (DIODE)			N/A	
$W_T$	Package Weight			5.90	gm

① Repetitive Rating: Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature.

② For Combi devices,  $I_{ces}$  includes both IGBT and FRED leakages

③ See MIL-STD-750 Method 3471.

④  $E_{on1}$  is the clamped inductive turn-on-energy of the IGBT only, without the effect of a commutating diode reverse recovery current adding to the IGBT turn-on loss. (See Figure 24.)

⑤  $E_{on2}$  is the clamped inductive turn-on energy that includes a commutating diode reverse recovery current in the IGBT turn-on switching loss. A Combi device is used for the clamping diode as shown in the  $E_{on2}$  test circuit. (See Figures 21, 22.)

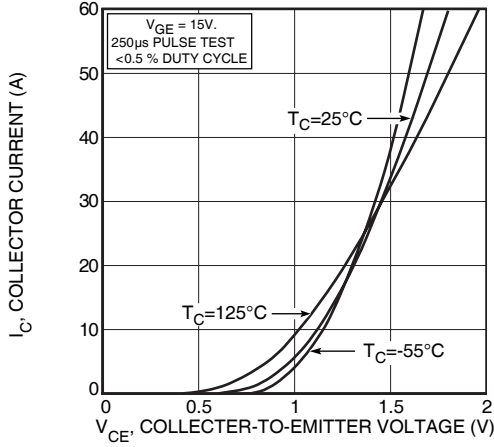
⑥  $E_{off}$  is the clamped inductive turn-off energy measured in accordance with JEDEC standard JESD24-1. (See Figures 21, 23.)

⑦ Continuous current limited by package lead temperature.

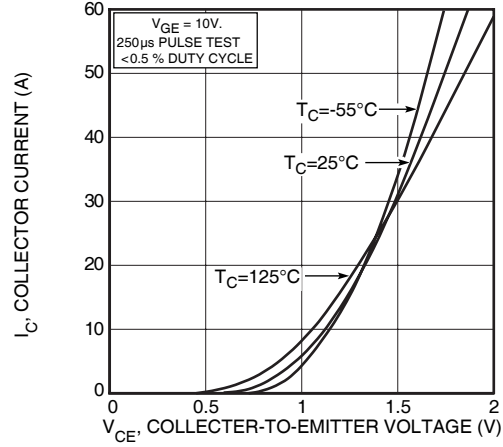
**APT Reserves the right to change, without notice, the specifications and information contained herein.**

**TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES**

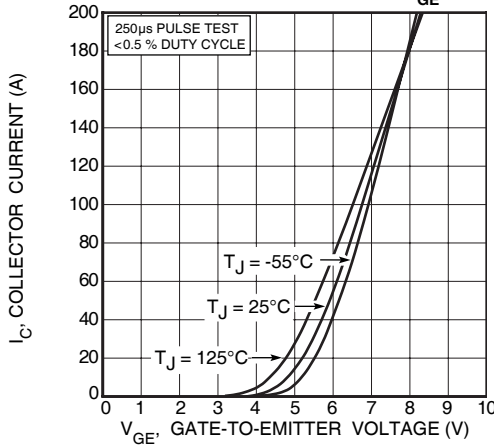
**APT60GU30B\_S**



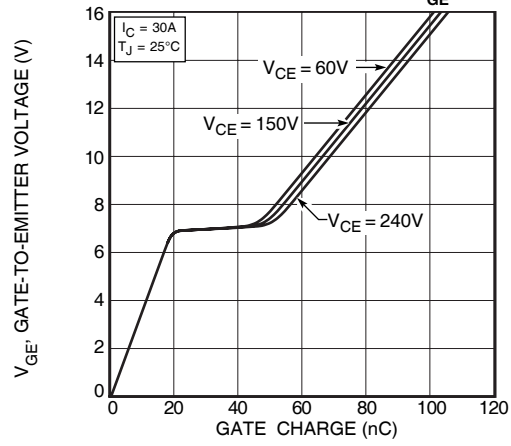
**FIGURE 1, Output Characteristics ( $V_{GE} = 15V$ )**



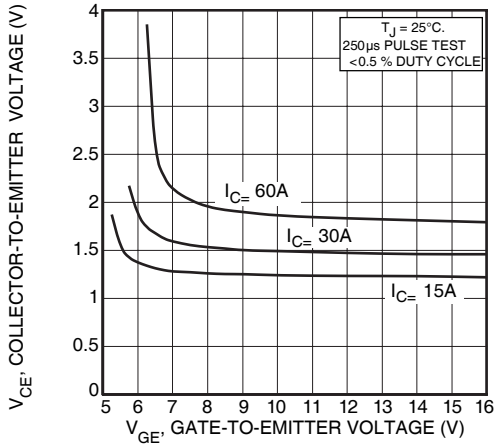
**FIGURE 2, Output Characteristics ( $V_{GE} = 10V$ )**



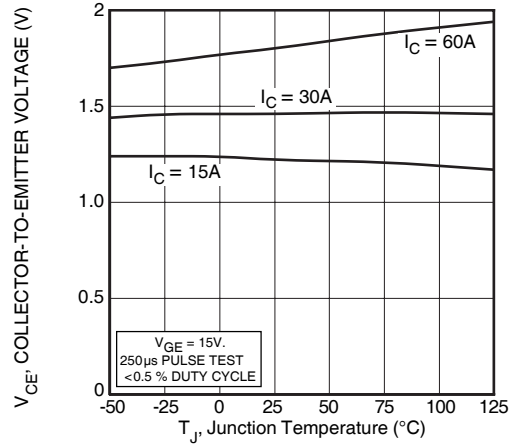
**FIGURE 3, Transfer Characteristics**



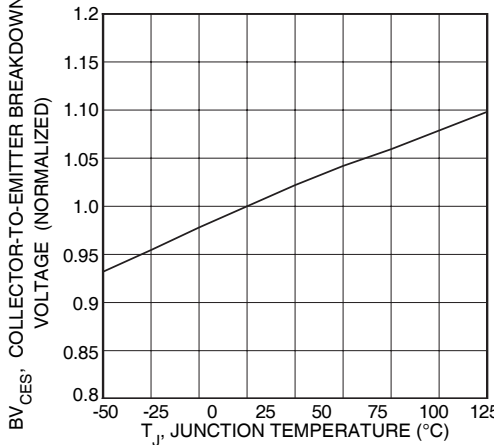
**FIGURE 4, Gate Charge**



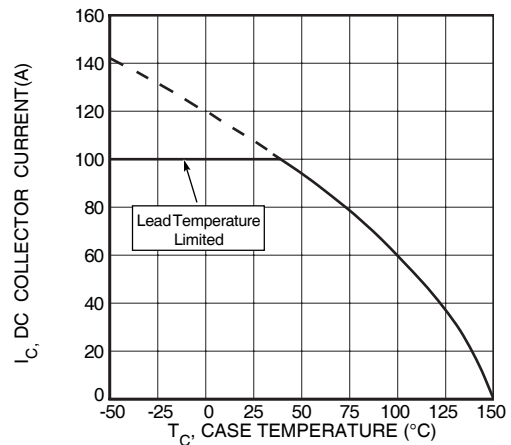
**FIGURE 5, On State Voltage vs Gate-to-Emitter Voltage**



**FIGURE 6, On State Voltage vs Junction Temperature**



**FIGURE 7, Breakdown Voltage vs. Junction Temperature**



**FIGURE 8, DC Collector Current vs Case Temperature**

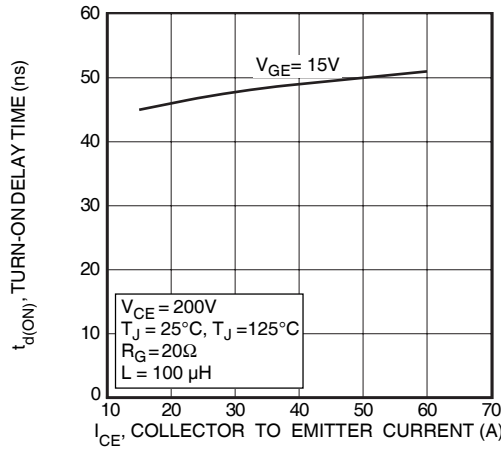


FIGURE 9, Turn-On Delay Time vs Collector Current

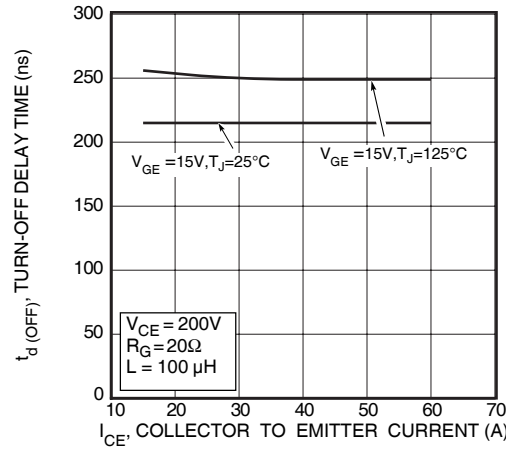


FIGURE 10, Turn-Off Delay Time vs Collector Current

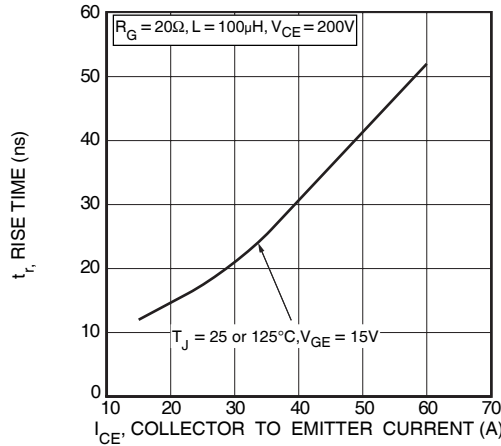


FIGURE 11, Current Rise Time vs Collector Current

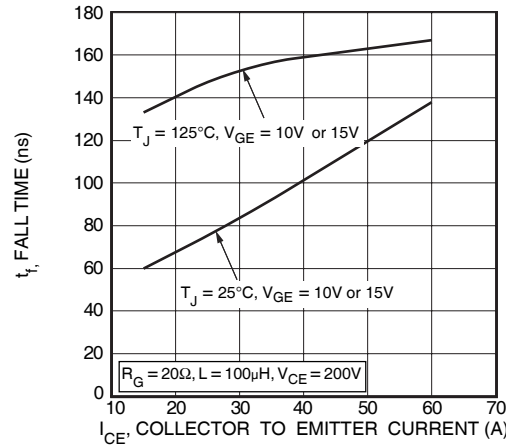


FIGURE 12, Current Fall Time vs Collector Current

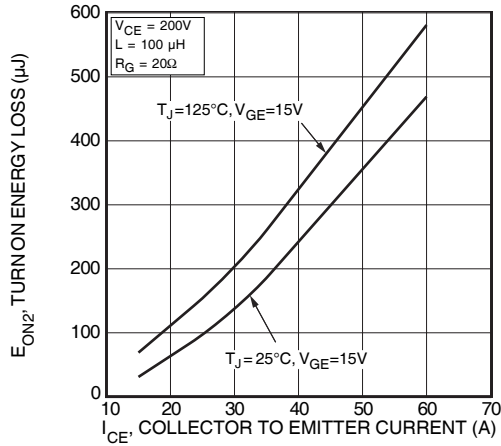


FIGURE 13, Turn-On Energy Loss vs Collector Current

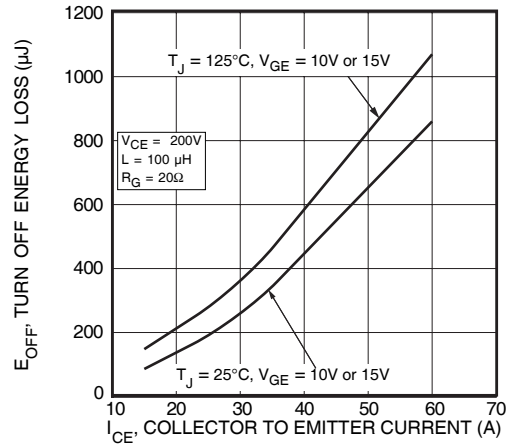


FIGURE 14, Turn Off Energy Loss vs Collector Current

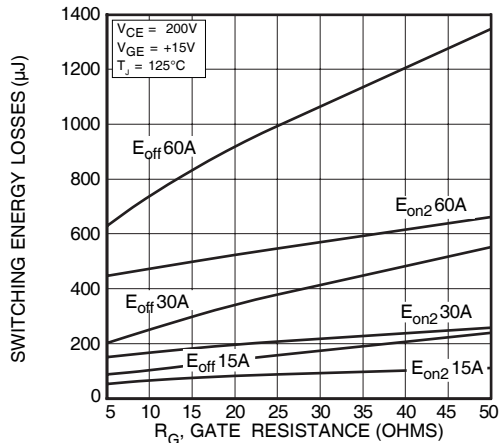


FIGURE 15, Switching Energy Losses vs. Gate Resistance

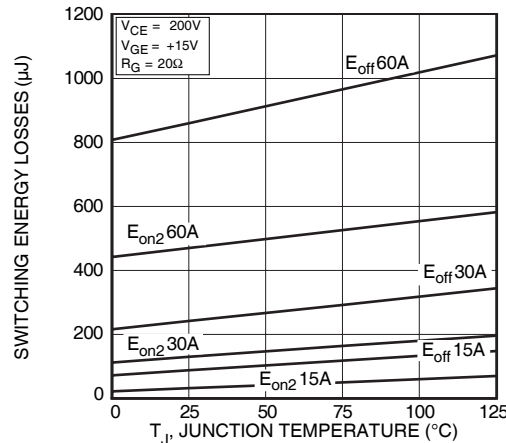


FIGURE 16, Switching Energy Losses vs Junction Temperature

# TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES

APT60GU30B\_S

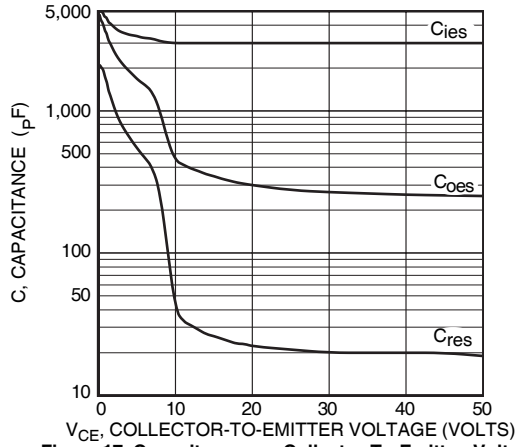


Figure 17, Capacitance vs Collector-To-Emitter Voltage

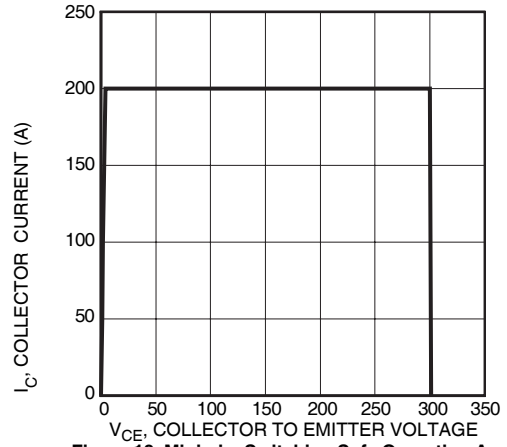


Figure 18, Minimum Switching Safe Operating Area

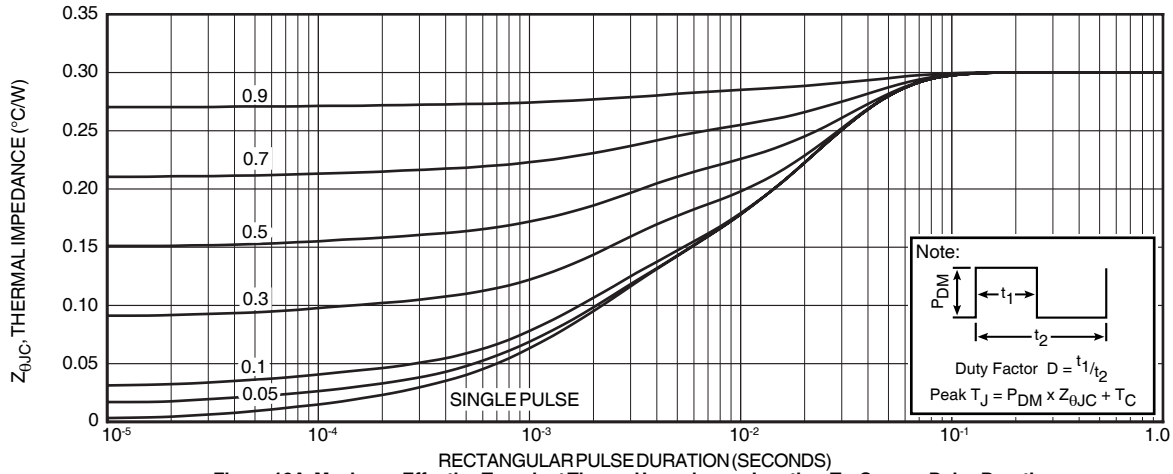


Figure 19A, Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-To-Case vs Pulse Duration

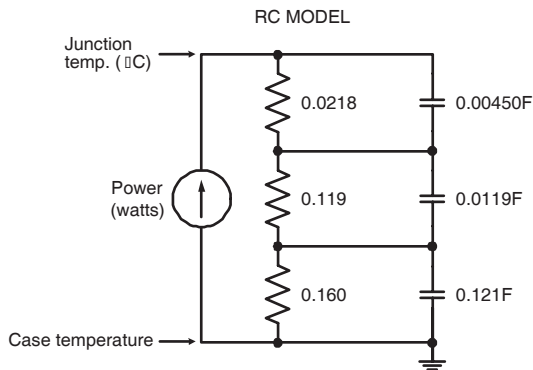


FIGURE 19B, TRANSIENT THERMAL IMPEDANCE MODEL

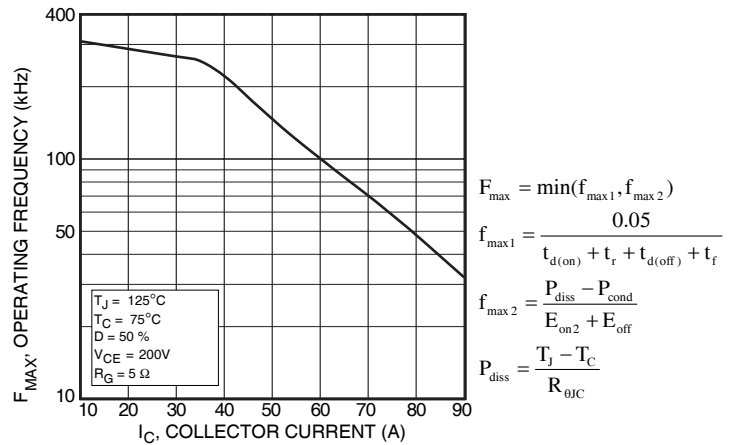


Figure 20, Operating Frequency vs Collector Current

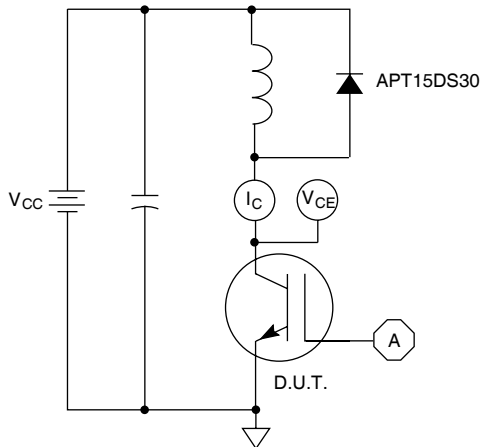


Figure 21, Inductive Switching Test Circuit

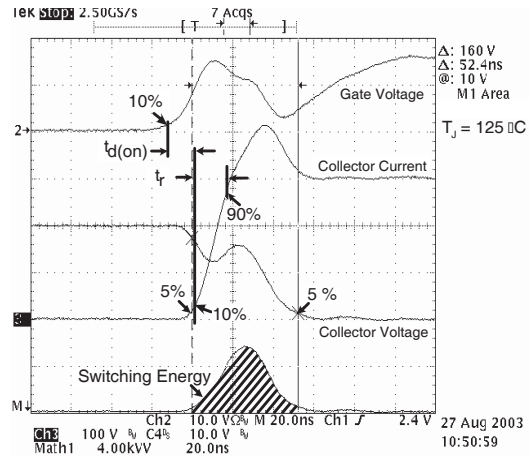


Figure 22, Turn-on Switching Waveforms and Definitions

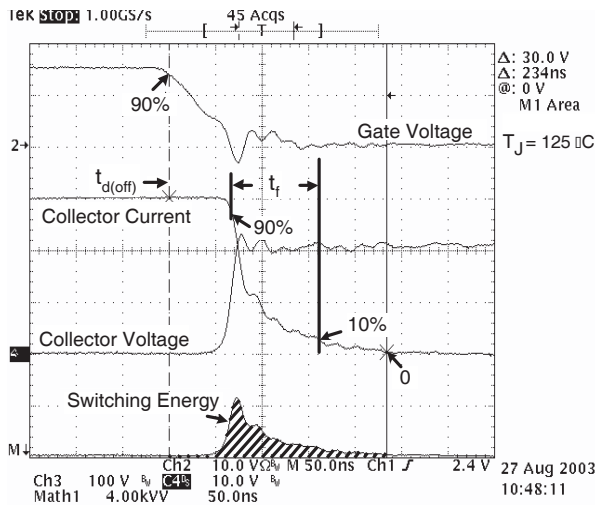


Figure 23, Turn-off Switching Waveforms and Definitions

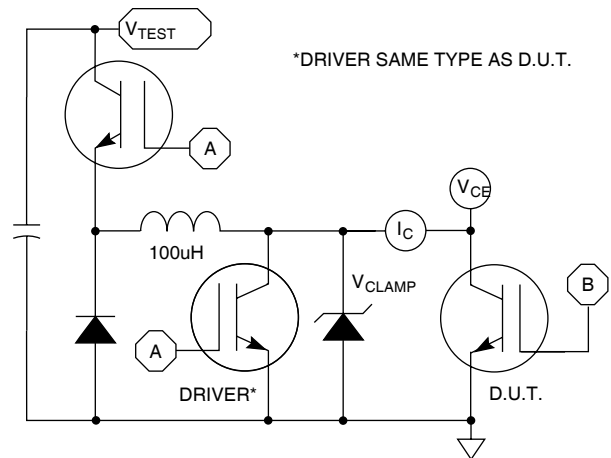
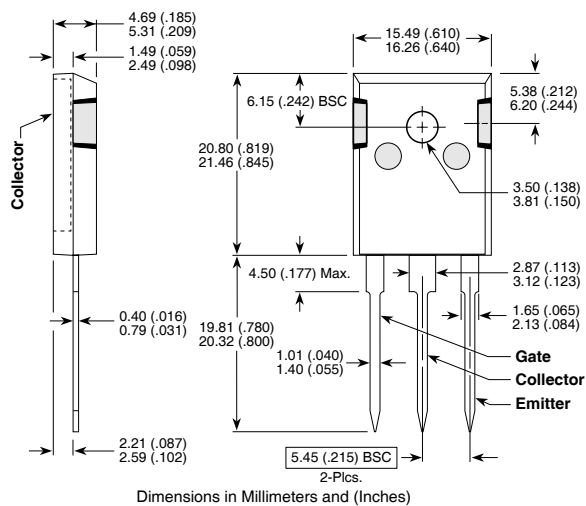
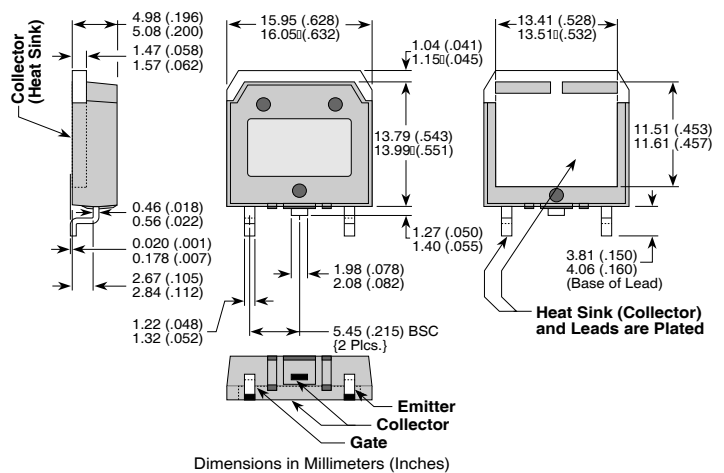


Figure 24, E<sub>ON1</sub> Test Circuit

TO-247 Package Outline



D<sup>3</sup>PAK Package Outline





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