

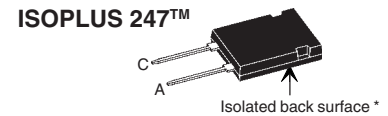
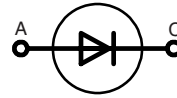
HiPerDynFRED™ Epitaxial Diode

with soft recovery

(Electrically Isolated Back Surface)

$I_{FAV} = 9\text{ A}$
 $V_{RRM} = 600\text{ V}$
 $t_{rr} = 15\text{ ns}$

V_{RSM}	V_{RRM}	Type
V	V	
600	600	DSEP 9-06CR



A = Anode, C = Cathode

* Patent pending

Symbol	Conditions	Maximum Ratings	
I_{FRMS}		50	A
I_{FAVM}	$T_C = 140^\circ\text{C}$; rectangular, $d = 0.5$	9	A
I_{FRM}	$t_p < 10\ \mu\text{s}$; rep. rating, pulse width limited by T_{VJM}	tbd	A
I_{FSM}	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$; $t_p = 10\text{ ms}$ (50 Hz), sine	80	A
E_{AS}	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$; non-repetitive $I_{AS} = 2\text{ A}$; $L = 180\ \mu\text{H}$	0.5	mJ
I_{AR}	$V_A = 1.5 \cdot V_R$ typ.; $f = 10\text{ kHz}$; repetitive	0.2	A
T_{VJ}		-55...+175	$^\circ\text{C}$
T_{VJM}		175	$^\circ\text{C}$
T_{stg}		-55...+150	$^\circ\text{C}$
P_{tot}	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	150	W
V_{ISOL}	50/60 Hz RMS; $I_{ISOL} \leq 1\text{ mA}$	2500	V~
F_C	mounting force with clip	20...120	N
Weight	typical	6	g

Features

- Silicon chip on Direct-Copper-Bond substrate
- High power dissipation
- Isolated mounting surface
- 2500V electrical isolation
- Low cathode to tab capacitance (<25pF)
- International standard package
- Planar passivated chips
- Very short recovery time
- Extremely low switching losses
- Low I_{RM} -values
- Soft recovery behaviour
- Epoxy meets UL 94V-0
- Isolated and UL registered E153432

Applications

- Antiparallel diode for high frequency switching devices
- Antisaturation diode
- Snubber diode
- Free wheeling diode in converters and motor control circuits
- Rectifiers in switch mode power supplies (SMPS)
- Inductive heating
- Uninterruptible power supplies (UPS)
- Ultrasonic cleaners and welders

Advantages

- Avalanche voltage rated for reliable operation
- Soft reverse recovery for low EMI/RFI
- Low I_{RM} reduces:
 - Power dissipation within the diode
 - Turn-on loss in the commutating switch

Symbol	Conditions	Characteristic Values	
		typ.	max.
I_R ①	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $V_R = V_{RRM}$		50 μA
	$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$ $V_R = V_{RRM}$		0.2 mA
V_F ②	$I_F = 9\text{ A}$; $T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$		2.9 V
			4.0 V
R_{thJC}			1 K/W
R_{thCH}		0.25	K/W
t_{rr}	$I_F = 1\text{ A}$; $-di/dt = 200\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$; $V_R = 30\text{ V}$; $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	15	ns
I_{RM}	$V_R = 100\text{ V}$; $I_F = 10\text{ A}$; $-di_F/dt = 100\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$ $T_{VJ} = 100^\circ\text{C}$	3.5	4.1 A

Pulse test: ① Pulse Width = 5 ms, Duty Cycle < 2.0 %
 ② Pulse Width = 300 μs , Duty Cycle < 2.0 %

Data according to IEC 60747 and per diode unless otherwise specified

IXYS reserves the right to change limits, test conditions and dimensions.

Dimensions see Outlines.pdf

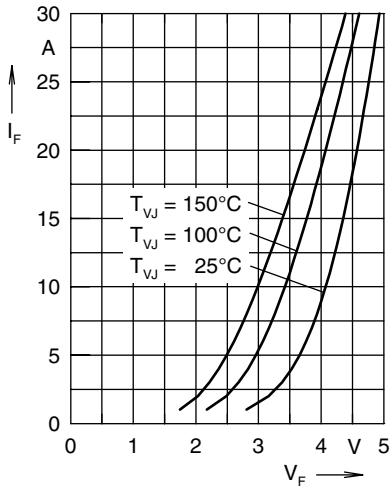


Fig. 1 Max. forward current I_F versus V_F

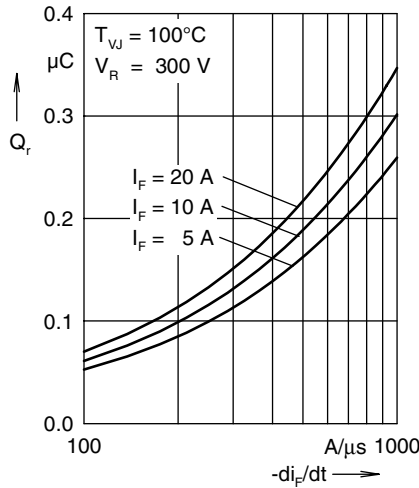


Fig. 2 Typ. reverse recovery charge Q_r versus $-di_F/dt$

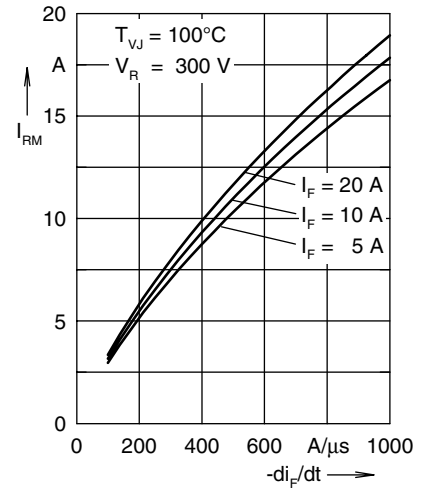


Fig. 3 Typ. peak reverse current I_{RM} versus $-di_F/dt$

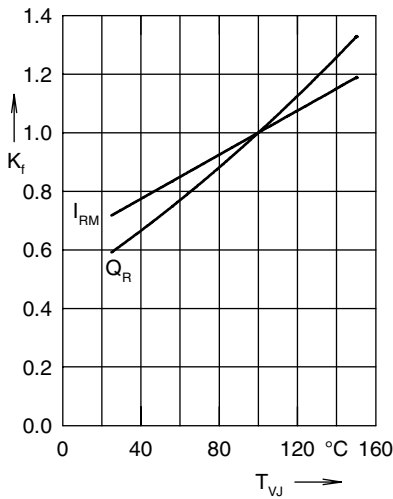


Fig. 4 Typ. dynamic parameters Q_r , I_{RM} versus T_{VJ}

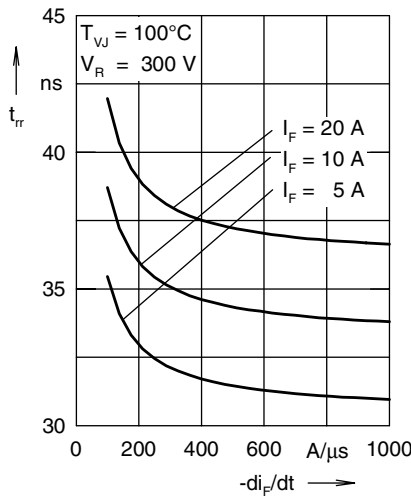


Fig. 5 Typ. recovery time t_{rr} versus $-di_F/dt$

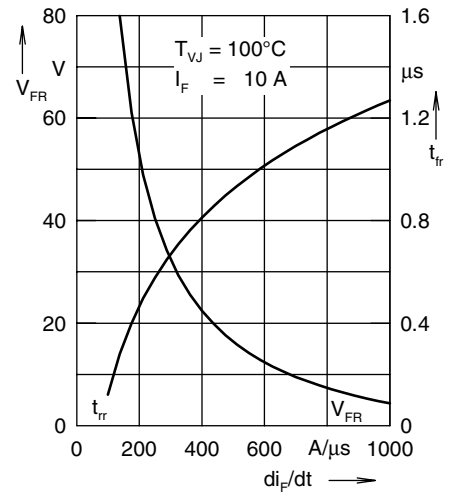


Fig. 6 Typ. peak forward voltage V_{FR} and t_{fr} versus di_F/dt

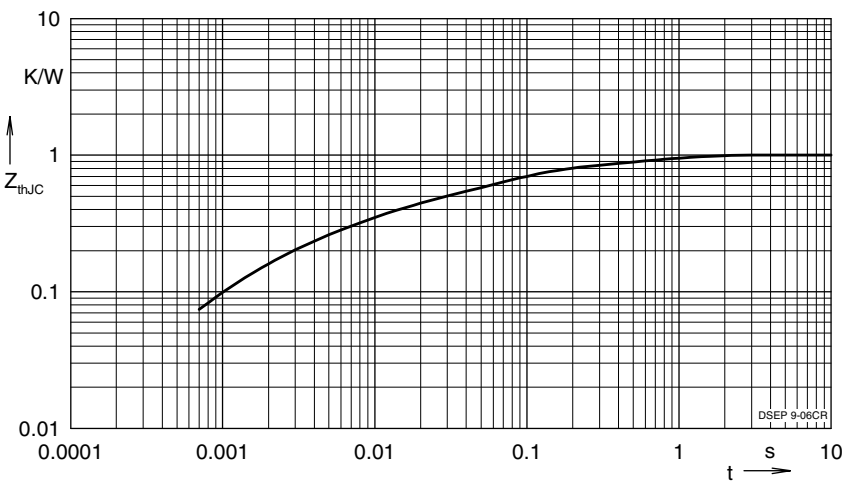


Fig. 7 Transient thermal resistance junction to case



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