
HM6264B Series

64 k SRAM (8-kword × 8-bit)

HITACHI

ADE-203-454B (Z)

Rev. 2.0

Nov. 1997

Description

The Hitachi HM6264B is 64k-bit static RAM organized 8-kword × 8-bit. It realizes higher performance and low power consumption by 1.5 μm CMOS process technology. The device, packaged in 450 mil SOP (foot print pitch width), 600 mil plastic DIP, 300 mil plastic DIP, is available for high density mounting.

Features

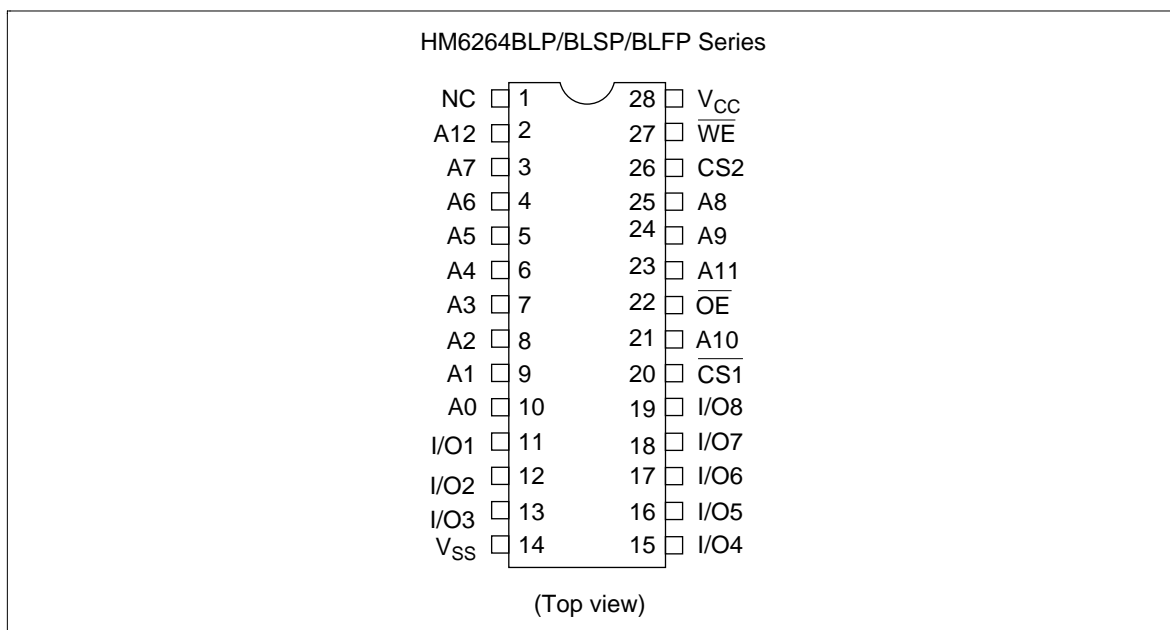
- High speed
Fast access time: 85/100 ns (max)
- Low power
Standby: 10 μW (typ)
Operation: 15 mW (typ) (f = 1 MHz)
- Single 5 V supply
- Completely static memory
No clock or timing strobe required
- Equal access and cycle times
- Common data input and output
Three state output
- Directly TTL compatible
All inputs and outputs
- Battery backup operation capability

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Ordering Information

| Type No. | Access time | Package |
|-----------------|-------------|--------------------------------------|
| HM6264BLP-8L | 85 ns | 600-mil, 28-pin plastic DIP (DP-28) |
| HM6264BLP-10L | 100 ns | |
| HM6264BLSP-8L | 85 ns | 300-mil, 28-pin plastic DIP(DP-28N) |
| HM6264BLSP-10L | 100 ns | |
| HM6264BLFP-8LT | 85 ns | 450-mil, 28-pin plastic SOP(FP-28DA) |
| HM6264BLFP-10LT | 100 ns | |

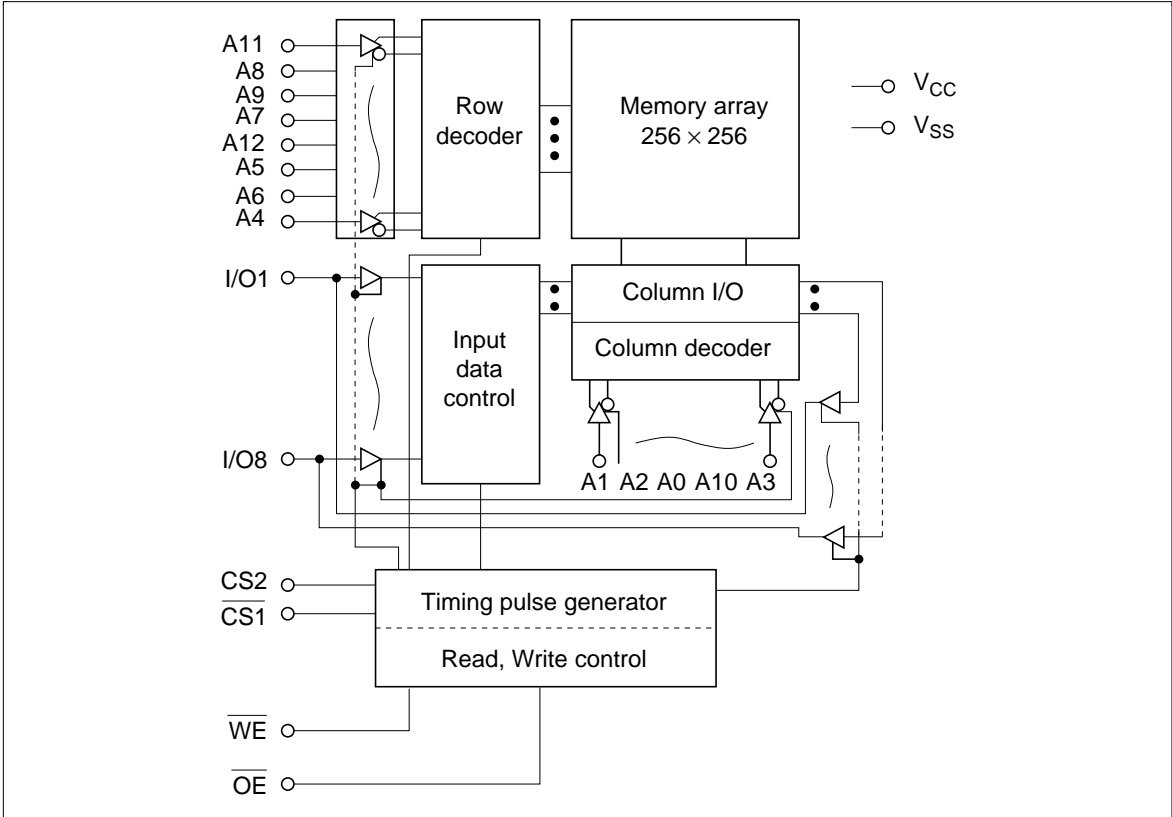
Pin Arrangement



Pin Description

| Pin name | Function | Pin name | Function |
|------------------|-------------------|-----------------|---------------|
| A0 to A12 | Address input | \overline{WE} | Write enable |
| I/O1 to I/O8 | Data input/output | \overline{OE} | Output enable |
| $\overline{CS1}$ | Chip select 1 | NC | No connection |
| CS2 | Chip select 2 | V_{cc} | Power supply |
| | | V_{ss} | Ground |

Block Diagram



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Function Table

| \overline{WE} | $\overline{CS1}$ | $CS2$ | \overline{OE} | Mode | V_{CC} current | I/O pin | Ref. cycle |
|-----------------|------------------|-------|-----------------|---------------------------|-------------------|---------|--------------------|
| × | H | × | × | Not selected (power down) | I_{SB}, I_{SB1} | High-Z | — |
| × | × | L | × | Not selected (power down) | I_{SB}, I_{SB1} | High-Z | — |
| H | L | H | H | Output disable | I_{CC} | High-Z | — |
| H | L | H | L | Read | I_{CC} | Dout | Read cycle (1)–(3) |
| L | L | H | H | Write | I_{CC} | Din | Write cycle (1) |
| L | L | H | L | Write | I_{CC} | Din | Write cycle (2) |

Note: ×: H or L

Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Parameter | Symbol | Value | Unit |
|-----------------------------------|----------|--|------|
| Power supply voltage ¹ | V_{CC} | −0.5 to +7.0 | V |
| Terminal voltage ¹ | V_T | −0.5 ² to $V_{CC} + 0.3$ ³ | V |
| Power dissipation | P_T | 1.0 | W |
| Operating temperature | Topr | 0 to +70 | °C |
| Storage temperature | Tstg | −55 to +125 | °C |
| Storage temperature under bias | Tbias | −10 to +85 | °C |

Notes: 1. Relative to V_{SS}

2. V_T min: −3.0 V for pulse half-width ≤ 50 ns

3. Maximum voltage is 7.0 V

Recommended DC Operating Conditions (Ta = 0 to +70°C)

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|--------------------|----------|-------------------|-----|----------------|------|
| Supply voltage | V_{CC} | 4.5 | 5.0 | 5.5 | V |
| | V_{SS} | 0 | 0 | 0 | V |
| Input high voltage | V_{IH} | 2.2 | — | $V_{CC} + 0.3$ | V |
| Input low voltage | V_{IL} | −0.3 ¹ | — | 0.8 | V |

Note: 1. V_{IL} min: −3.0 V for pulse half-width ≤ 50 ns

DC Characteristics ($T_a = 0$ to $+70^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V} \pm 10\%$, $V_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$)

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Typ ¹ | Max | Unit | Test conditions |
|--|------------|-----|------------------|-----|---------------|---|
| Input leakage current | $ I_{LI} $ | — | — | 2 | μA | $V_{in} = V_{SS}$ to V_{CC} |
| Output leakage current | $ I_{LO} $ | — | — | 2 | μA | $\overline{CS1} = V_{IH}$ or $CS2 = V_{IL}$ or $\overline{OE} = V_{IH}$ or $\overline{WE} = V_{IL}$, $V_{IO} = V_{SS}$ to V_{CC} |
| Operating power supply current | I_{CCDC} | — | 7 | 15 | mA | $\overline{CS1} = V_{IL}$, $CS2 = V_{IH}$, $I_{IO} = 0\text{ mA}$ others = V_{IH}/V_{IL} |
| Average operating power supply current | I_{CC1} | — | 30 | 45 | mA | Min cycle, duty = 100%, $\overline{CS1} = V_{IL}$, $CS2 = V_{IH}$, $I_{IO} = 0\text{ mA}$ others = V_{IH}/V_{IL} |
| | I_{CC2} | — | 3 | 5 | mA | Cycle time = 1 μs , duty = 100%, $I_{IO} = 0\text{ mA}$ $\overline{CS1} \leq 0.2\text{ V}$, $CS2 \geq V_{CC} - 0.2\text{ V}$, $V_{IH} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2\text{ V}$, $V_{IL} \leq 0.2\text{ V}$ |
| Standby power supply current | I_{SB} | — | 1 | 3 | mA | $\overline{CS1} = V_{IH}$, $CS2 = V_{IL}$ |
| | I_{SB1} | — | 2 | 50 | μA | $\overline{CS1} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2\text{ V}$, $CS2 \geq V_{CC} - 0.2\text{ V}$ or $0\text{ V} \leq CS2 \leq 0.2\text{ V}$, $0\text{ V} \leq V_{in}$ |
| Output low voltage | V_{OL} | — | — | 0.4 | V | $I_{OL} = 2.1\text{ mA}$ |
| Output high voltage | V_{OH} | 2.4 | — | — | V | $I_{OH} = -1.0\text{ mA}$ |

Notes: 1. Typical values are at $V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V}$, $T_a = +25^\circ\text{C}$ and not guaranteed.

Capacitance ($T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$)

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Typ | Max | Unit | Test conditions |
|---------------------------------------|----------|-----|-----|-----|------|-----------------------|
| Input capacitance ¹ | C_{in} | — | — | 5 | pF | $V_{in} = 0\text{ V}$ |
| Input/output capacitance ¹ | C_{IO} | — | — | 7 | pF | $V_{IO} = 0\text{ V}$ |

Note: 1. This parameter is sampled and not 100% tested.

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AC Characteristics ($T_a = 0$ to $+70^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V} \pm 10\%$, unless otherwise noted.)

Test Conditions

- Input pulse levels: 0.8 V to 2.4 V
- Input and output timing reference level: 1.5 V
- Input rise and fall time: 10 ns
- Output load: 1 TTL Gate + C_L (100 pF) (Including scope & jig)

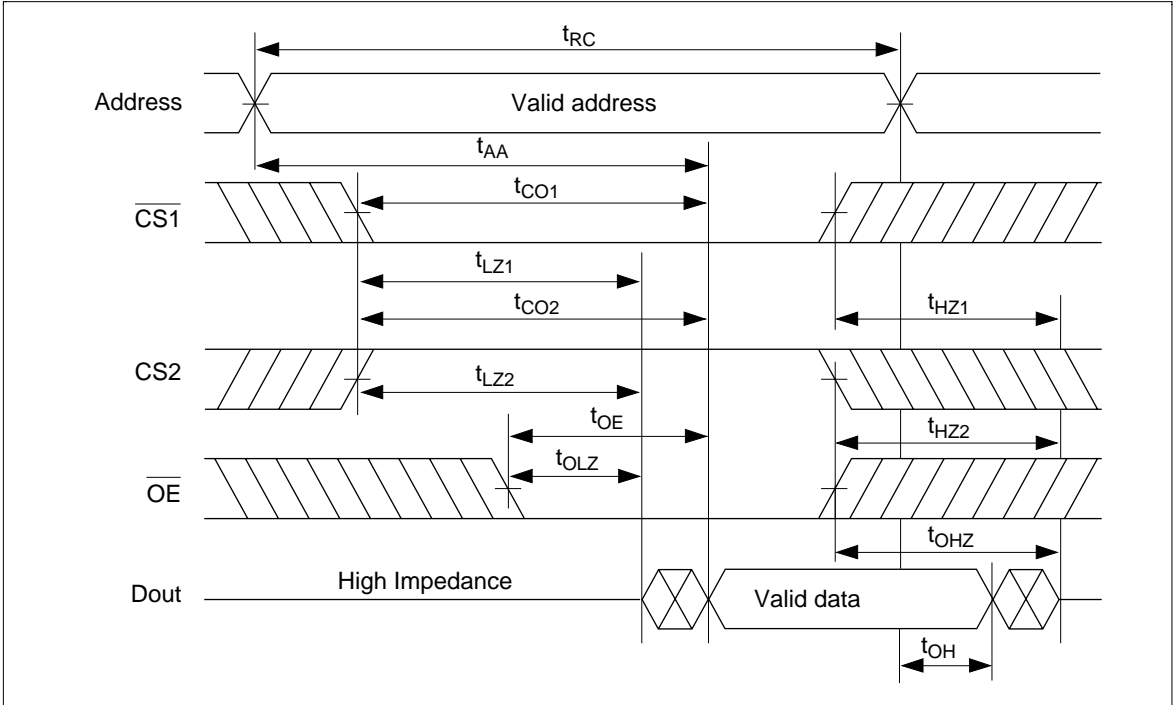
Read Cycle

| Parameter | Symbol | HM6264B-8L | | HM6264B-10L | | Unit | Notes |
|---|----------------------------|------------|-----|-------------|-----|------|-------|
| | | Min | Max | Min | Max | | |
| Read cycle time | t_{RC} | 85 | — | 100 | — | ns | |
| Address access time | t_{AA} | — | 85 | — | 100 | ns | |
| Chip select access time | $\overline{CS1}$ t_{CO1} | — | 85 | — | 100 | ns | |
| | CS2 t_{CO2} | — | 85 | — | 100 | ns | |
| Output enable to output valid | t_{OE} | — | 45 | — | 50 | ns | |
| Chip selection to output in low-Z | $\overline{CS1}$ t_{LZ1} | 10 | — | 10 | — | ns | 2 |
| | CS2 t_{LZ2} | 10 | — | 10 | — | ns | 2 |
| Output enable to output in low-Z | t_{OLZ} | 5 | — | 5 | — | ns | 2 |
| Chip deselection in to output in high-Z | $\overline{CS1}$ t_{HZ1} | 0 | 30 | 0 | 35 | ns | 1, 2 |
| | CS2 t_{HZ2} | 0 | 30 | 0 | 35 | ns | 1, 2 |
| Output disable to output in high-Z | t_{OHZ} | 0 | 30 | 0 | 35 | ns | 1, 2 |
| Output hold from address change | t_{OH} | 10 | — | 10 | — | ns | |

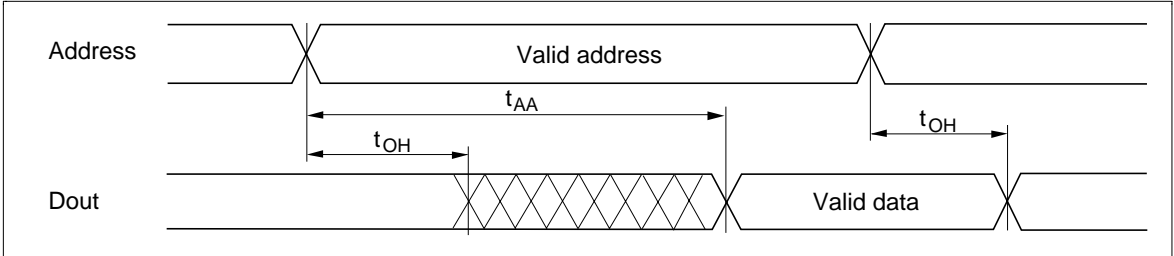
Notes: 1. t_{HZ} is defined as the time at which the outputs achieve the open circuit conditions and are not referred to output voltage levels.

2. At any given temperature and voltage condition, t_{HZ} maximum is less than t_{LZ} minimum both for a given device and from device to device.

Read Timing Waveform (1) ($\overline{WE} = V_{IH}$)

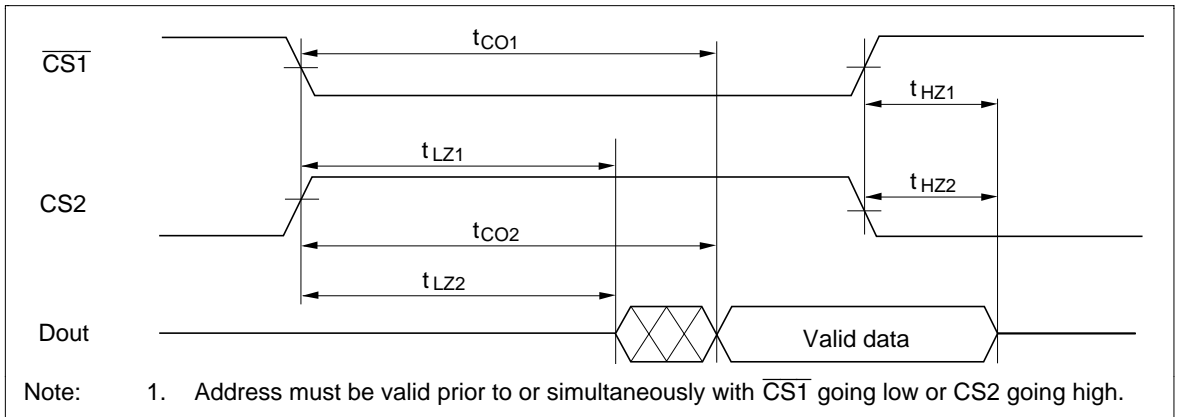


Read Timing Waveform (2) ($\overline{WE} = V_{IH}, \overline{OE} = V_{IL}$)



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Read Timing Waveform (3) ($\overline{WE} = V_{IH}, \overline{OE} = V_{IL}$)*¹



Write Cycle

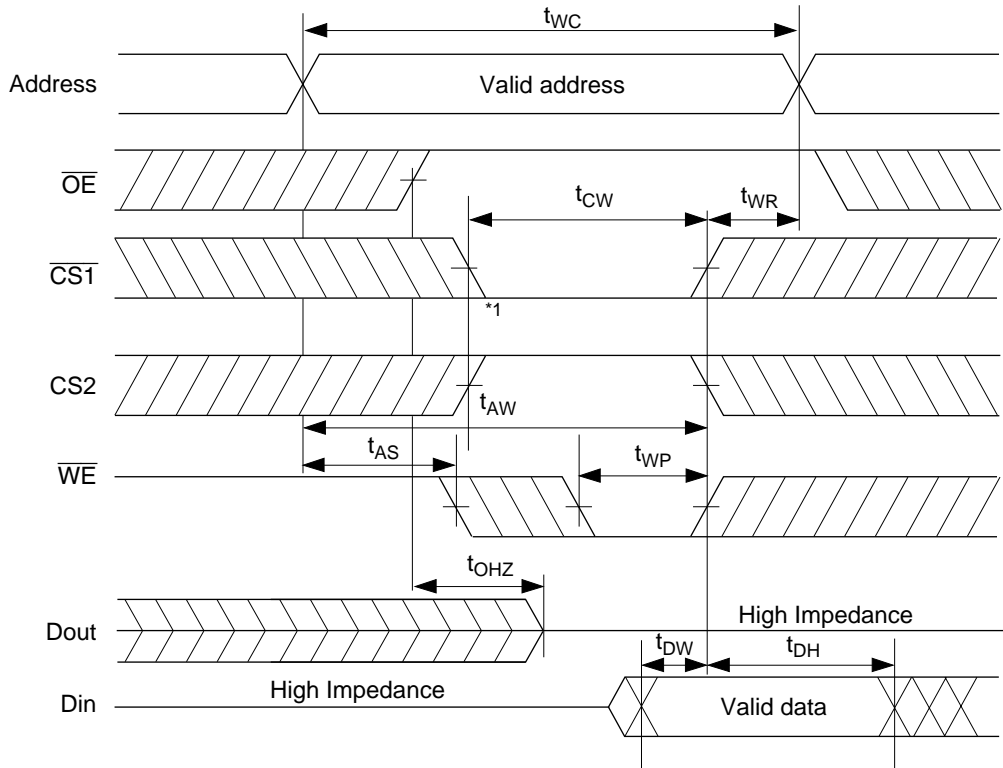
| Parameter | Symbol | HM6264B-8L | | HM6264B-10L | | Unit | Notes |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|------------|-----|-------------|-----|------|-------|
| | | Min | Max | Min | Max | | |
| Write cycle time | t_{WC} | 85 | — | 100 | — | ns | |
| Chip selection to end of write | t_{CW} | 75 | — | 80 | — | ns | 2 |
| Address setup time | t_{AS} | 0 | — | 0 | — | ns | 3 |
| Address valid to end of write | t_{AW} | 75 | — | 80 | — | ns | |
| Write pulse width | t_{WP} | 55 | — | 60 | — | ns | 1, 6 |
| Write recovery time | t_{WR} | 0 | — | 0 | — | ns | 4 |
| \overline{WE} to output in high-Z | t_{WHZ} | 0 | 30 | 0 | 35 | ns | 5 |
| Data to write time overlap | t_{DW} | 40 | — | 40 | — | ns | |
| Data hold from write time | t_{DH} | 0 | — | 0 | — | ns | |
| Output active from end of write | t_{OW} | 5 | — | 5 | — | ns | |
| Output disable to output in high-Z | t_{OHZ} | 0 | 30 | 0 | 35 | ns | 5 |

- Notes:
1. A write occurs during the overlap of a low $\overline{CS1}$, and high CS2, and a high \overline{WE} . A write begins at the latest transition among $\overline{CS1}$ going low, CS2 going high and \overline{WE} going low. A write ends at the earliest transition among $\overline{CS1}$ going high CS2 going low and \overline{WE} going high. Time t_{WP} is measured from the beginning of write to the end of write.
 2. t_{CW} is measured from the later of $\overline{CS1}$ going low or CS2 going high to the end of write.
 3. t_{AS} is measured from the address valid to the beginning of write.
 4. t_{WR} is measured from the earliest of $\overline{CS1}$ or \overline{WE} going high or CS2 going low to the end of write cycle.
 5. During this period, I/O pins are in the output state, therefore the input signals of the opposite phase to the outputs must not be applied.
 6. In the write cycle with \overline{OE} low fixed, t_{WP} must satisfy the following equation to avoid a problem of data bus contention

$$t_{WP} \geq t_{WHZ} \text{ max} + t_{DW} \text{ min.}$$

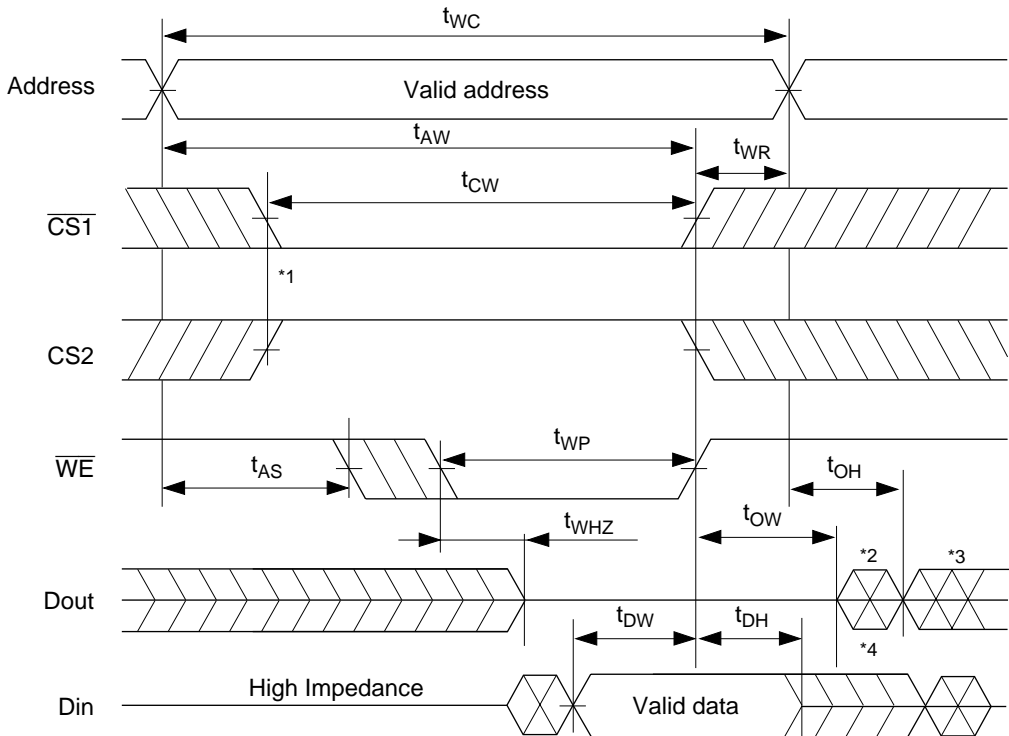
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Write Timing Waveform (1) ($\overline{\text{OE}}$ Clock)



Note: 1. If $\overline{\text{CS1}}$ goes low or $\overline{\text{CS2}}$ goes high simultaneously with $\overline{\text{WE}}$ going low or after $\overline{\text{WE}}$ going low, the outputs remain in the high impedance state.

Write Timing Waveform (2) (\overline{OE} Low Fixed) ($\overline{OE} = V_{IL}$)



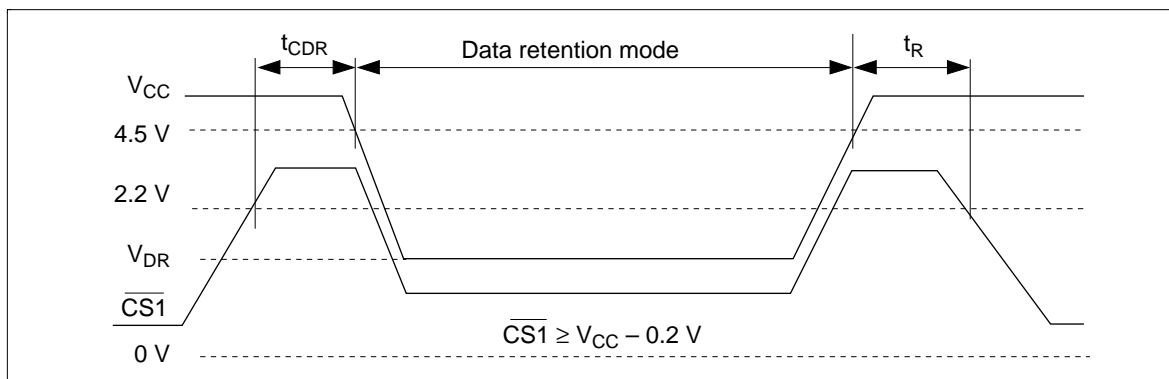
- Notes:
1. If $\overline{CS1}$ goes low simultaneously with \overline{WE} going low or after \overline{WE} goes low, the outputs remain in high impedance state.
 2. Dout is the same phase of the written data in this write cycle.
 3. Dout is the read data of the next address.
 4. If $\overline{CS1}$ is low and CS2 is high during this period, I/O pins are in the output state. Input signals of opposite phase to the outputs must not be applied to I/O pins.

Low V_{CC} Data Retention Characteristics ($T_a = 0$ to $+70^\circ\text{C}$)

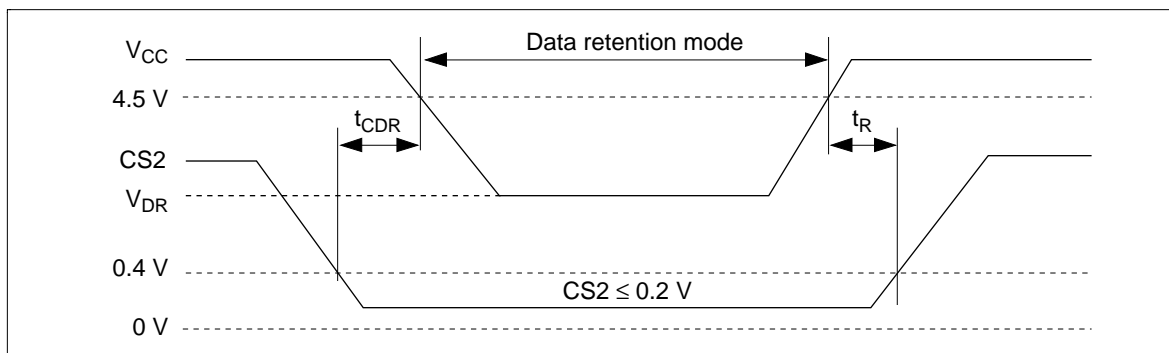
| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Typ ¹ | Max | Unit | Test conditions ⁴ |
|--------------------------------------|------------|-----------------------|------------------|-----------------|---------------|--|
| V_{CC} for data retention | V_{DR} | 2.0 | — | — | V | $\overline{CS1} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2 \text{ V}$, $CS2 \geq V_{CC} - 0.2 \text{ V}$ or $CS2 \leq 0.2 \text{ V}$ |
| Data retention current | I_{CCDR} | — | 1 ¹ | 25 ² | μA | $V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$, $0 \text{ V} \leq V_{in} \leq V_{CC}$ $\overline{CS1} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2 \text{ V}$, $CS2 \geq V_{CC} - 0.2 \text{ V}$ or $0 \text{ V} \leq CS2 \leq 0.2 \text{ V}$ |
| Chip deselect to data retention time | t_{CDR} | 0 | — | — | ns | See retention waveform |
| Operation recovery time | t_R | t_{RC} ³ | — | — | ns | |

- Notes:
- Reference data at $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$.
 - 10 μA max at $T_a = 0$ to $+40^\circ\text{C}$.
 - t_{RC} = read cycle time.
 - $CS2$ controls address buffer, \overline{WE} buffer, $\overline{CS1}$ buffer, \overline{OE} buffer, and Din buffer. If $CS2$ controls data retention mode, V_{in} levels (address, \overline{WE} , \overline{OE} , $\overline{CS1}$, I/O) can be in the high impedance state. If $\overline{CS1}$ controls data retention mode, $CS2$ must be $CS2 \geq V_{CC} - 0.2 \text{ V}$ or $0 \text{ V} \leq CS2 \leq 0.2 \text{ V}$. The other input levels (address, \overline{WE} , \overline{OE} , I/O) can be in the high impedance state.

Low V_{CC} Data Retention Timing Waveform (1) ($\overline{CS1}$ Controlled)



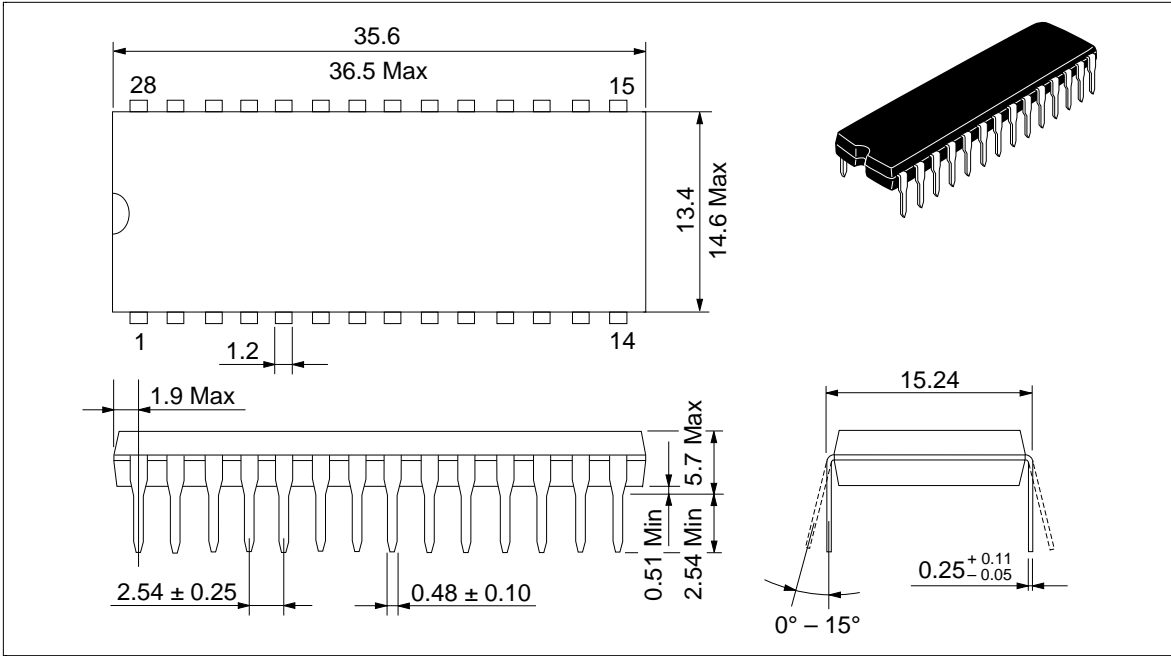
Low V_{CC} Data Retention Timing Waveform (2) ($CS2$ Controlled)



Package Dimensions

HM6264BLP Series (DP-28)

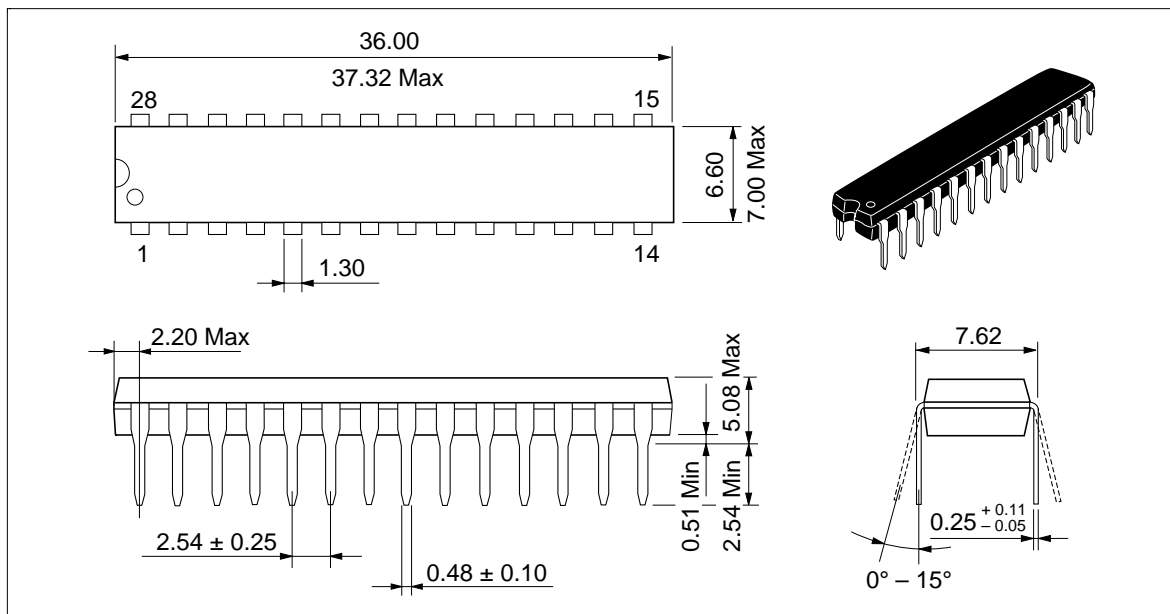
Unit: mm



HM6264B Series

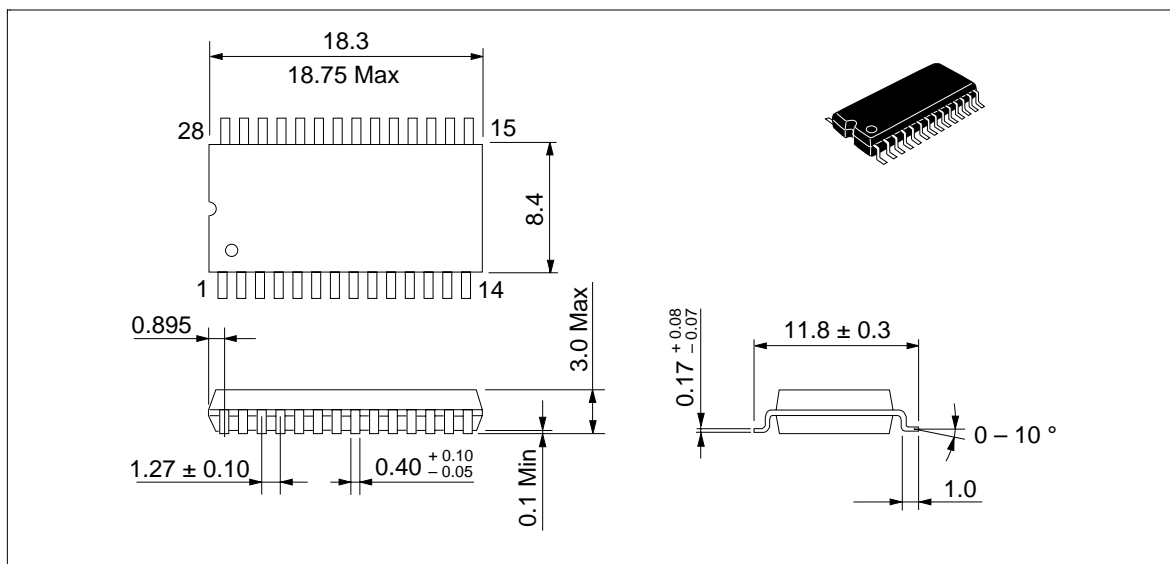
HM6264BLSP Series (DP-28N)

Unit: mm



HM6264BLTM Series (FP-28DA)

Unit: mm



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