

LOW POWER CONSUMPTION EARTH LEAKAGE DETECTOR

The KA2803 is designed for use in earth leakage circuit interrupters, for operation directly off the AC line in breakers. The input of the differential amplifier is connected to the secondary coil of ZCT (Zero Current Transformer). The amplified output of differential amplifier is integrated at external capacitor to gain adequate time delay that is specified in KSC4613.

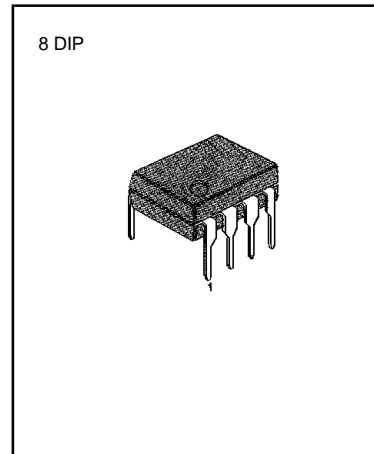
The level comparator generates high level when earth leakage current is greater than some level.

FUNCTIONS

- Differential amplifier
- Level comparator
- Latch circuit

FEATURES

- Low power consumption $P_D = 5mW$, 100V/200V)
- Built-in voltage regulator
- High gain differential amplifier ($V_T = 13.5mV$)
- 1mA output current pulse to trigger SCR'S
- Low external part count, economic
- Mini-dip package (8 Dip), high packing density
- High noise immunity, large surge margin
- Super temperature characteristic of input sensitivity
- Wide operating temperature range ($T_A = -25^\circ C \sim +80^\circ C$)



ORDERING INFORMATION

Device	Package	Operating Temperature
KA2803B	8 DIP	-20 ~ + 80 °C

APPLICATION CIRCUIT

1. Full Wave Application Circuit

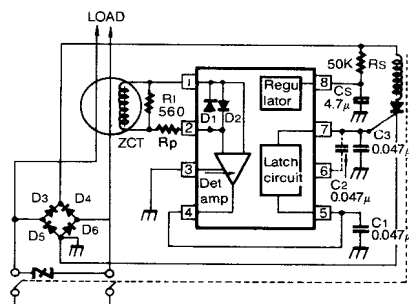


Fig. 1

2. Half Wave Application Circuit

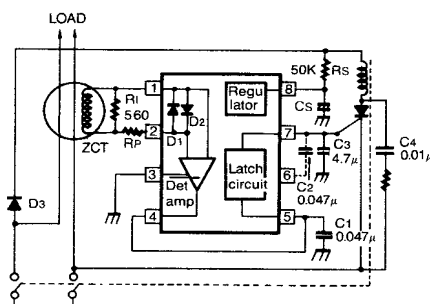


Fig. 2

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$)

Characteristic	Symbol	Value	Unit
Supply Voltage	V_{CC}	20	V
Supply Current	I_{CC}	8	mA
Power Dissipation	P_D	300	mW
Lead Temperature (soldering 10 sec)	T_{LEAD}	260	$^\circ\text{C}$
Operating Temperature	T_{OPR}	- 25 ~ + 80	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature	T_{STG}	- 65 ~ + 150	$^\circ\text{C}$

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$)

Characteristic	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply Current 1	I_{CC}	$V_{CC} = 12\text{V} (-25^\circ\text{C})$			580	μA
		$V_{R-V_I} = 300\text{mV} (25^\circ\text{C})$		400	530	μA
		(80°C)			480	μA
Trip Voltage	V_T	$V_{CC} = 16\text{V} (-25^\circ\text{C} \sim 80^\circ\text{C})$ $V_{R-V_I} = X$	10	13.5	17	mVrms
Differential Amplifier Output Current 1	$I_{O(D)}$	$V_{CC} = 16\text{V} (25^\circ\text{C})$ $V_{R-V_I} = 30\text{mV}$ $V_{OD} = 1.2\text{V}$	12		30	μA
Differential Amplifier Output Current 2	$I_{O(D)}$	$V_{CC} = 16\text{V} (25^\circ\text{C})$ $V_{OD} = 0.6\text{V}$ V_{R, V_I} short	17		37	μA
Output Current	I_O	$V_{SC} = 1.4\text{V}$ $V_{OS} = 0.8\text{V}$ $V_{CC} = 12\text{V} (-25^\circ\text{C})$	-200			μA
		$(+25^\circ\text{C})$	-100			μA
		$(+80^\circ\text{C})$	-75			μA
Latch on Voltage	V_{SCON}	$V_{CC} = 16\text{V} (25^\circ\text{C})$	0.7		1.4	V
Latch Input Current	I_{SCON}	$V_{CC} = 12\text{V} (25^\circ\text{C})$			5	μA
Output Low Current	I_{OSL}	$V_{CC} = 12\text{V} (-25^\circ\text{C} \sim 80^\circ\text{C})$ $V_{OSL} = 0.2\text{V}$	200			μA
Diff. Input Clamp Voltage	V_{IDC}	$I_{IDC} = 100\text{mA} (-25^\circ\text{C} \sim 80^\circ\text{C})$	0.4		2	V
Maximum Current Voltage	V_{SM}	$I_{SM} = 7\text{mA} (-25^\circ\text{C})$	20		28	V
Supply Current 2	I_{S2}	$V_{R-V_I} = X (25^\circ\text{C} \sim 80^\circ\text{C})$ $V_{OS} = 0.6$			900	μA
Latch Off Supply Voltage	V_{SOFT}	$V_{OS} = \text{high} (25^\circ\text{C})$	7.0			V
Response Time	T_{ON}	$V_{CC} = 16\text{V} (25^\circ\text{C})$ $V_{R-V_I} = 0.3\text{V}$	2		4	msec

APPLICATION NOTE

(refer to full wave application circuit Fig. 1)

The Fig 1 shows the KA2803B connected in a typical leakage current detector system.

The power is applied to the V_{CC} terminal (Pin 8) of the KA2803B directly from the power line.

The resistor R_S and capacitor C_S are chosen so that pin 8 voltage is at least 12V.

The value of C_S is recommended above 1μ F at this time.

If the leakage current is at the load, it is detected by the zero current transformer (ZCT).

The output voltage signal of ZCT is amplified by the differential amplifier of the KA2803B internal circuit and appears as half-cycle sine wave signal referred to input signal at the output of the amplifier.

The amplifier closed loop gain is fixed about 1000 times with internal feedback resistor to compensate for zero current transformer (ZCT) Variations.

The resistor R_L should be selected so that the breaker satisfies the required sensing current.

The protection resistor R_P is not usually used but when the high current is injected at the breaker, this resistor should be used to protect the earth leakage detector IC the KA2803B.

The range of R_P is from several hundred Ω to several $k\Omega$.

The capacitor C_1 , is for the noise canceller and standard value of C_1 is 0.047μ F. Also the capacitor C_2 is noise canceller capacitance but it is not usually used.

When high noise is only appeared at this system 0.047μ F capacitor may be connected between pin 6 and pin 7.

The amplified signal is finally appeared to the Pin 7 with pulse signal through the internal latch circuit of the KA2803B.

This signal drives the gate of the external SCR which energizes the trip coil which opens the circuit breaker.

The trip time of breaker is decided by the capacitor C_3 and the mechanism breaker.

This capacitor should be selected under 1μ F for the required the trip time.

The full wave bridge supplies power to the KA2803B during both the positive and negative half cycles of the line voltage.

This allows the hot and neutral lines to be interchanged.

If your application want the detail information, request it on our application circuit designer of KA2803B.

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