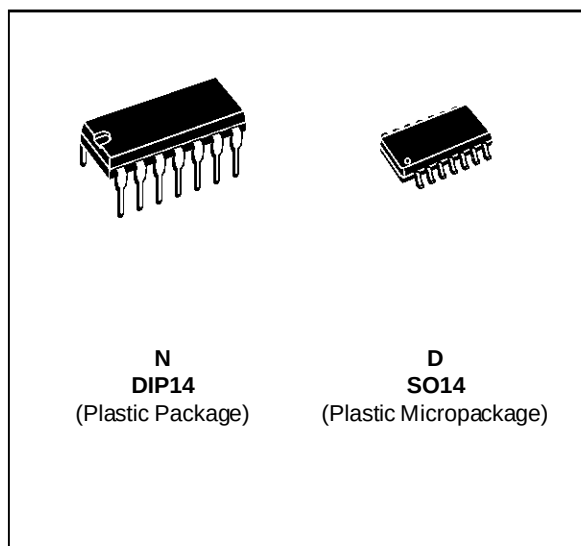


LOW POWER QUAD OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

- LARGE VOLTAGE GAIN : 100dB
- VERY LOW SUPPLY CURRENT/AMPLI : 375µA
- LOW INPUT BIAS CURRENT : 20nA
- LOW INPUT OFFSET VOLTAGE : 2mV
- LOW INPUT OFFSET CURRENT : 2nA
- WIDE POWER SUPPLY RANGE :
SINGLE SUPPLY : +3V TO +30V
DUAL SUPPLIES : ±1.5V TO ±15V



DESCRIPTION

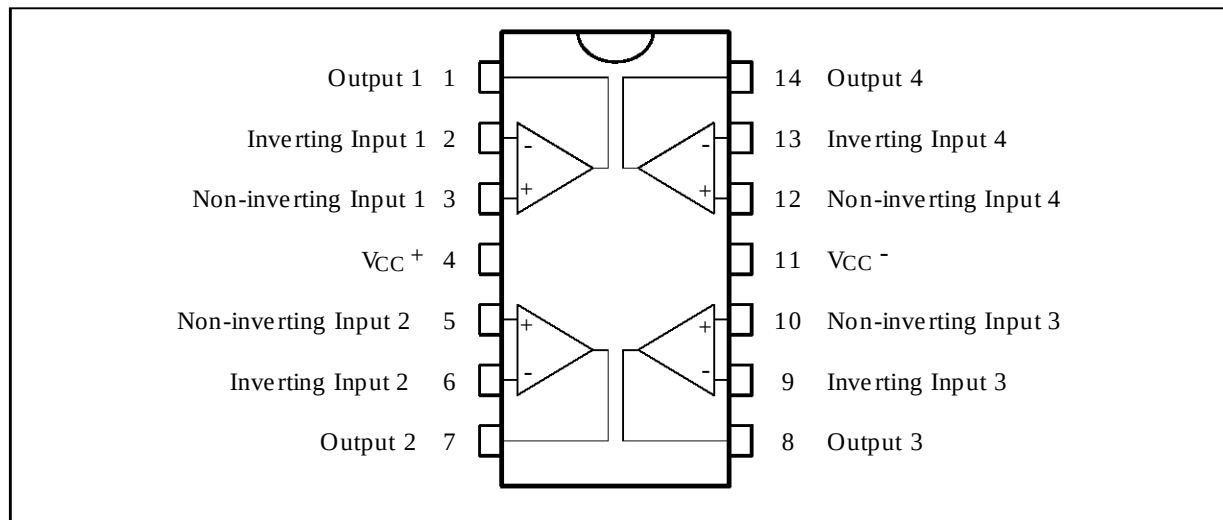
These circuits consist of four independent, high gain, internally frequency compensated operational amplifiers which were designed specifically for automotive and industrial control systems. They operate from a single power supply over a wide range of voltages. Operation from split power supplies is also possible and the low power supply current drain is independent of the magnitude of the power supply voltage.

ORDER CODES

Part Number	Temperature Range	Package	
		N	D
LM124,A	-55°C, +125°C	•	•
LM224,A	-40°C, +105°C	•	•
LM324,A	0°C, +70°C	•	•
Example : LM224N			

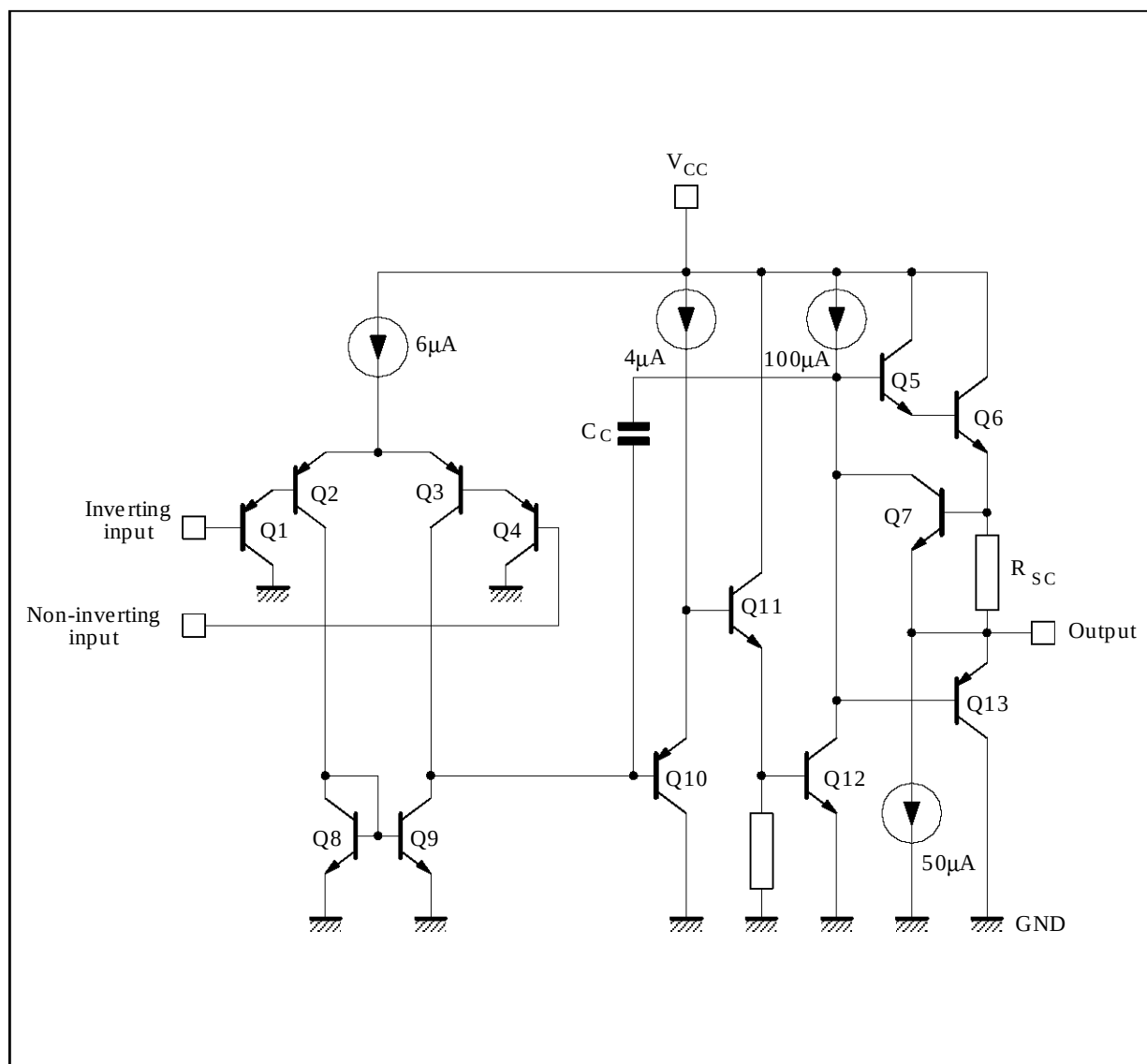
124-01.TBL

PIN CONNECTIONS (top view)



124-01.EPS

SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM (1/4 LM124)



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Parameter	LM124,A	LM224,A	LM324,A	Unit
V_{CC}	Supply Voltage	± 16 or 32			V
V_i	Input Voltage	-0.3 to +32			V
V_{id}	Differential Input Voltage - (*)	+32	+32	+32	V
P_{tot}	Power Dissipation N Suffix D Suffix	500 -	500 400	500 400	mW mW
-	Output Short-circuit Duration - (note 1)	Infinite			
I_{in}	Input Current - (note 6)	50	50	50	mA
T_{oper}	Operating Free Air Temperature Range	-55 to +125	-40 to +105	0 to +70	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
T_{stg}	Storage Temperature Range	-65 to +150	-65 to +150	-65 to +150	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

(*) - Either or both input voltages must not exceed the magnitude of V_{CC}^{+} or V_{CC}^{-} .

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$V_{CC}^+ = +5V$, $V_{CC}^- = \text{Ground}$, $V_O = 1.4V$, $T_{amb} = +25^\circ C$
(unless otherwise specified)

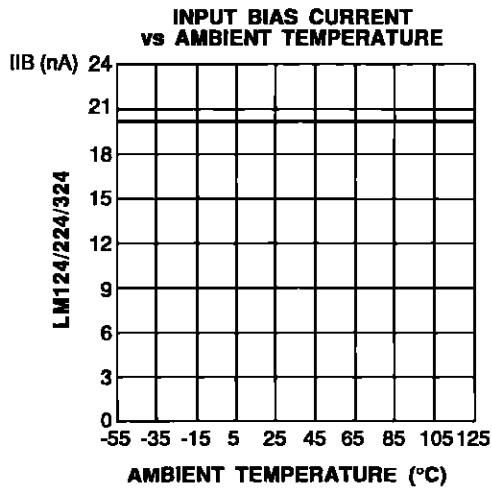
Symbol	Parameter	LM124A - LM224A LM324A			LM124 - LM224 LM324			Unit
		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.	
V_{io}	Input Offset Voltage (note 3) $T_{amb} = +25^\circ C$ $T_{min.} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max.}$ LM324 LM324		2	3 5		2	5 7 7 9	mV
I_{io}	Input Offset Current $T_{amb} = +25^\circ C$ $T_{min.} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max.}$		2	10 30		2	30 100	nA
I_{ib}	Input Bias Current (note 2) $T_{amb} = +25^\circ C$ $T_{min.} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max.}$		20	50 100		20	150 300	nA
A_{vd}	Large Signal Voltage Gain ($V_{CC}^+ = +15V$, $R_L = 2k\Omega$, $V_O = 1.4V$ to $11.4V$) $T_{amb} = +25^\circ C$ $T_{min.} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max.}$	50 25	100		50 25	100		V/mV
SVR	Supply Voltage Rejection Ratio ($R_S \leq 10k\Omega$) ($V_{CC}^+ = 5V$ to $30V$) $T_{amb} = +25^\circ C$ $T_{min.} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max.}$	65 65	110		65 65	110		dB
I_{CC}	Supply Current, all Amp, no load $T_{amb} = +25^\circ C$ $T_{min.} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max.}$ $V_{CC} = +5V$ $V_{CC} = +30V$ $V_{CC} = +5V$ $V_{CC} = +30V$		0.7 1.5 0.8 1.5	1.2 3 1.2 3		0.7 1.5 0.8 1.5	1.2 3 1.2 3	mA
V_{icm}	Input Common Mode Voltage Range ($V_{CC} = +30V$) - (note 4) $T_{amb} = +25^\circ C$ $T_{min.} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max.}$	0 0		$V_{CC} - 1.5$ $V_{CC} - 2$	0 0		$V_{CC} - 1.5$ $V_{CC} - 2$	V
CMR	Common-mode Rejection Ratio ($R_S \leq 10k\Omega$) $T_{amb} = +25^\circ C$ $T_{min.} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max.}$	70 60	80		70 60	80		dB
I_{source}	Output Current Source ($V_{id} = +1V$) $V_{CC} = +15V$, $V_O = +2V$	20	40		20	40		mA
I_{sink}	Output Sink Current ($V_{id} = -1V$) $V_{CC} = +15V$, $V_O = +2V$ $V_{CC} = +15V$, $V_O = +0.2V$	10 12	20 50		10 12	20 50		mA μA
I_O	Short Circuit to Ground $V_{CC} = +15V$		40	60		40	60	mA

124-03.TBL

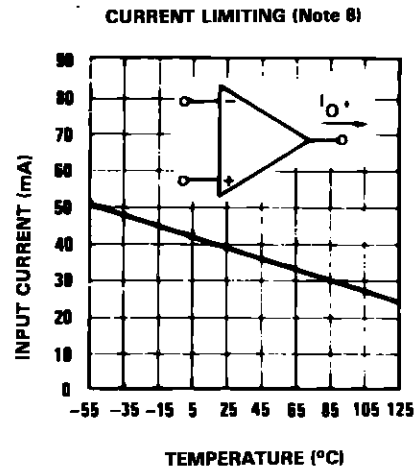
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

Symbol	Parameter	LM124A - LM224A LM324A			LM124 - LM224 LM324			Unit
		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.	
V _{OH}	High Level Output Voltage (V _{CC} = +30V) T _{amb} = +25°C T _{min.} ≤ T _{amb} ≤ T _{max.} R _L = 2kΩ T _{amb} = +25°C T _{min.} ≤ T _{amb} ≤ T _{max.} R _L = 10kΩ (V _{CC} = +5V, R _L = 2kΩ) T _{amb} = +25°C T _{min.} ≤ T _{amb} ≤ T _{max.}	26 26 27 27	27 28		26 26 27 27	27 28		V
V _{OL}	Low Level Output Voltage (R _L = 10kΩ) T _{amb} = +25°C T _{min.} ≤ T _{amb} ≤ T _{max.}		5	20 20		5 20		mV
SR	Slew Rate (V _{CC} = 15V, V _I = 0.5 to 3V, R _L = 2kΩ, C _L = 100pF, T _{amb} = +25°C, unity gain)		0.4			0.4		V/μs
GBP	Gain Bandwidth Product (V _{CC} = 30V f = 100kHz, T _{amb} = +25°C, V _{in} = 10mV R _L = 2kΩ, C _L = 100pF)		1.3			1.3		MHz
THD	Total Harmonic Distortion (f = 1kHz, A _V = 20dB, R _L = 2kΩ, V _O = 2V _{pp} C _L = 100pF, T _{amb} = +25°C, V _{CC} = 30V)		0.015			0.015		%
e _n	Equivalent Input Noise Voltage (f = 1kHz, R _s = 100Ω, V _{CC} = 30V)		40			40		$\frac{nV}{\sqrt{Hz}}$
DV _{io}	Input Offset Voltage Drift		7	30		7	30	μV/°C
DI _{io}	Input Offset Current Drift		10	200		10	200	pA/°C
V _{O1} /V _{O2}	Channel Separation (note 5) 1kHz ≤ f ≤ 20kHz		120			120		dB

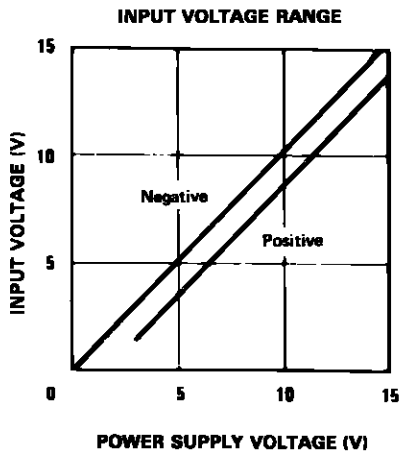
- Notes :**
1. Short-circuits from the output to V_{CC} can cause excessive heating if V_{CC} > 15V. The maximum output current is approximately 40mA independent of the magnitude of V_{CC}. Destructive dissipation can result from simultaneous short-circuit on all amplifiers.
 2. The direction of the input current is out of the IC. This current is essentially constant, independent of the state of the output so no loading change exists on the input lines.
 3. V_O = 1.4V, R_s = 0Ω, 5V < V_{CC} < 30V, 0 < V_{ic} < V_{CC} - 1.5V
 4. The input common-mode voltage of either input signal voltage should not be allowed to go negative by more than 0.3V. The upper end of the common-mode voltage range is V_{CC} - 1.5V, but either or both inputs can go to +32V without damage.
 5. Due to the proximity of external components insure that coupling is not originating via stray capacitance between these external parts. This typically can be detected as this type of capacitance increases at higher frequencies.
 6. This input current only exists when the voltage at any of the input leads is driven negative. It is due to the collector-base junction of the input PNP transistor becoming forward biased and thereby acting as input diodes clamps. In addition to this diode action, there is also NPN parasitic action on the IC chip. this transistor action can cause the output voltages of the Op-amps to go to the V_{CC} voltage level (or to ground for a large overdrive) for the time duration than an input is driven negative.
This is not destructive and normal output will set up again for input voltage higher than -0.3V.



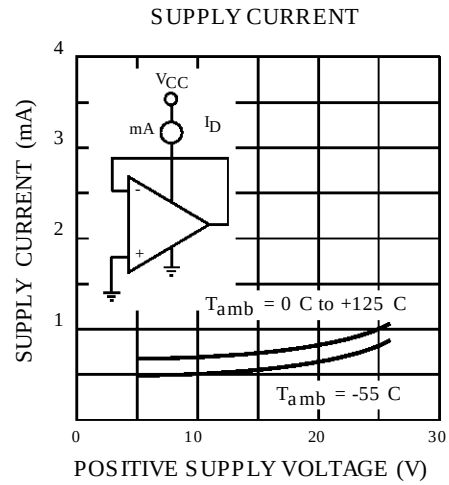
124-03.EPS



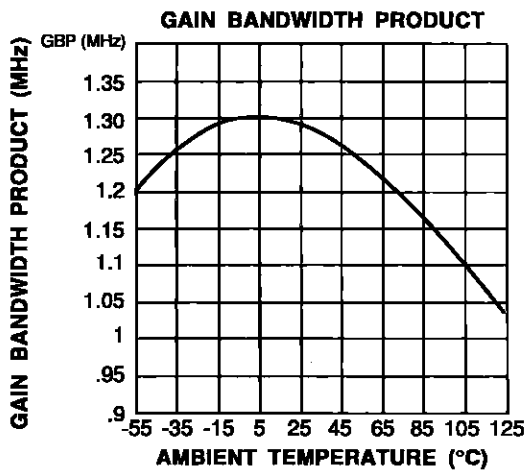
124-04.EPS



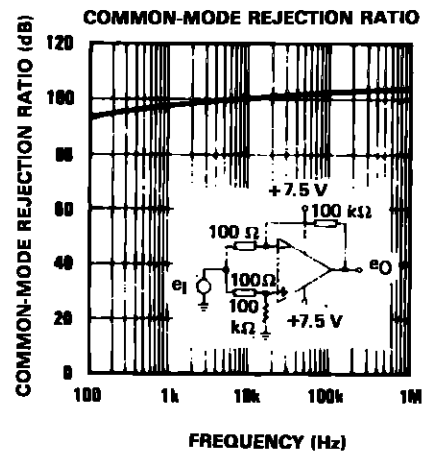
124-05.EPS



124-06.EPS

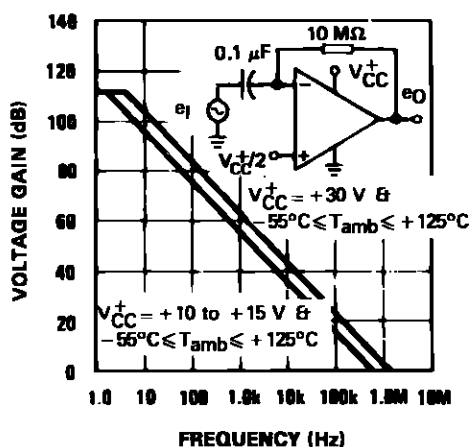


124-07.EPS

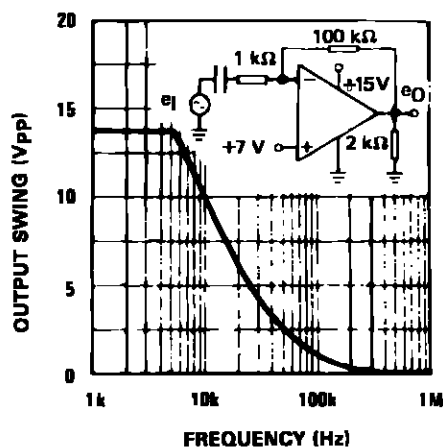


124-08.EPS

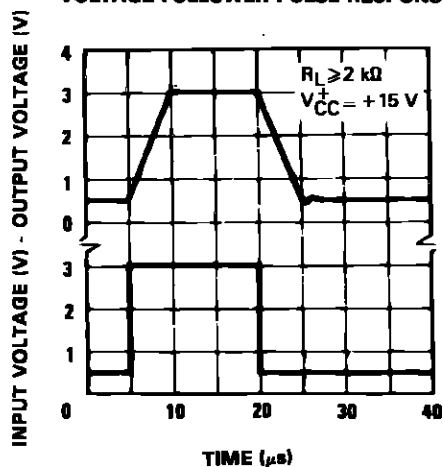
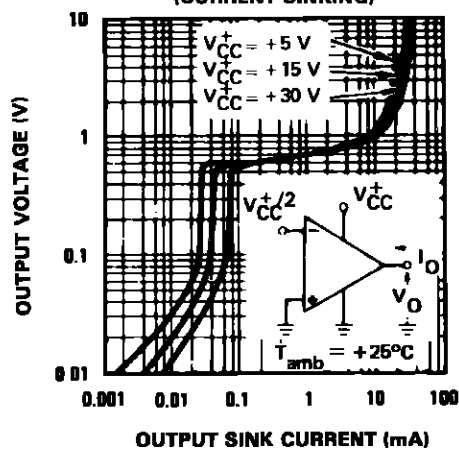
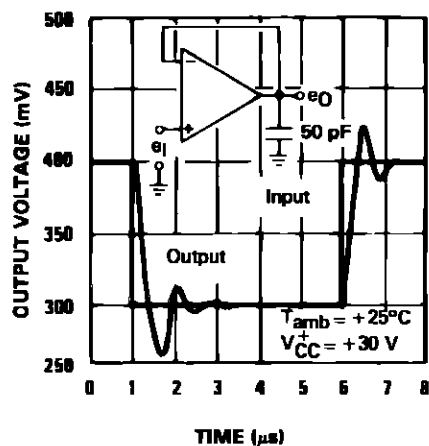
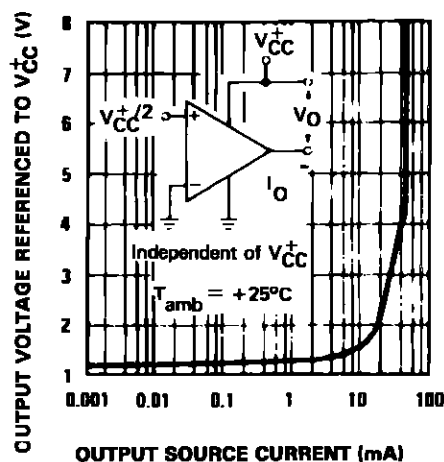
OPEN LOOP FREQUENCY RESPONSE

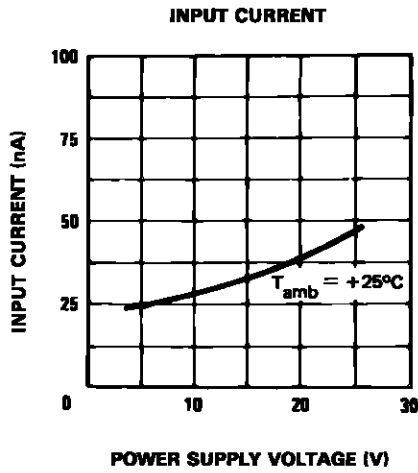


LARGE SIGNAL FREQUENCY RESPONSE

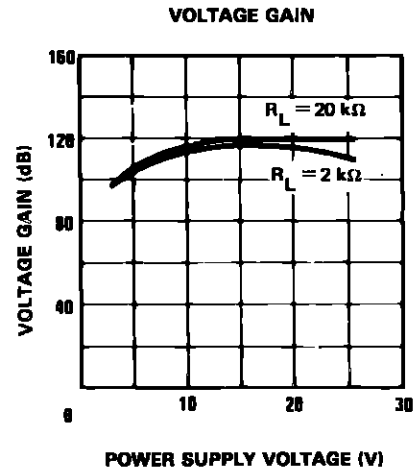


VOLTAGE FOLLOWER PULSE RESPONSE

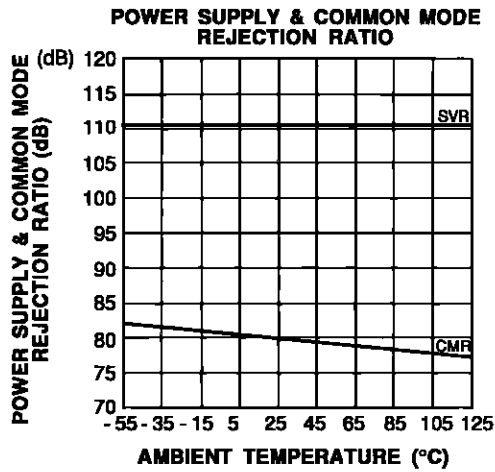

OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS
(CURRENT SINKING)

VOLTAGE FOLLOWER PULSE RESPONSE
(SMALL SIGNAL)

OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS
(CURRENT SOURCING)




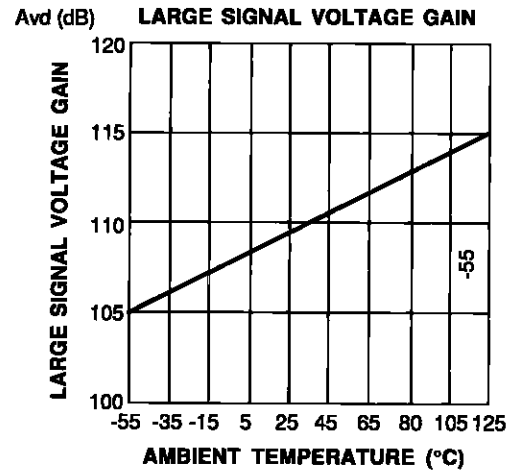
124-10.EPS



124-11.EPS



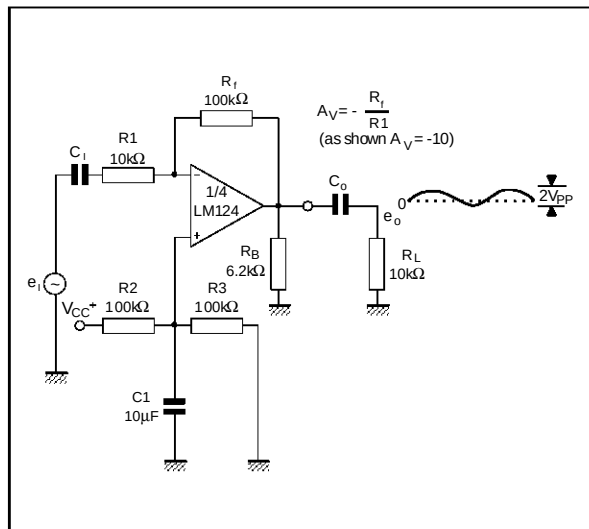
124-12.EPS



124-13.EPS

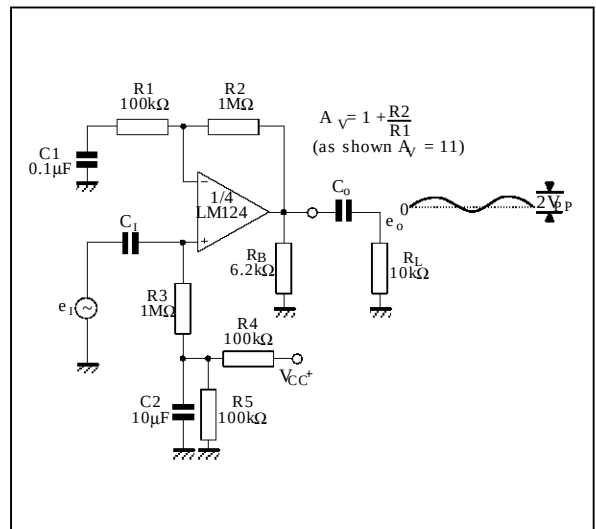
TYPICAL SINGLE - SUPPLY APPLICATIONS

AC COUPLED INVERTING AMPLIFIER



124-14.EPS

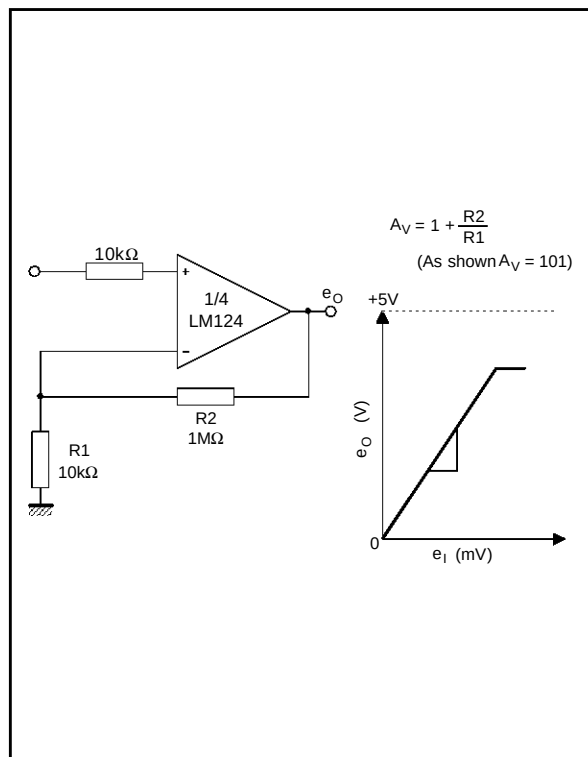
AC COUPLED NON-INVERTING AMPLIFIER



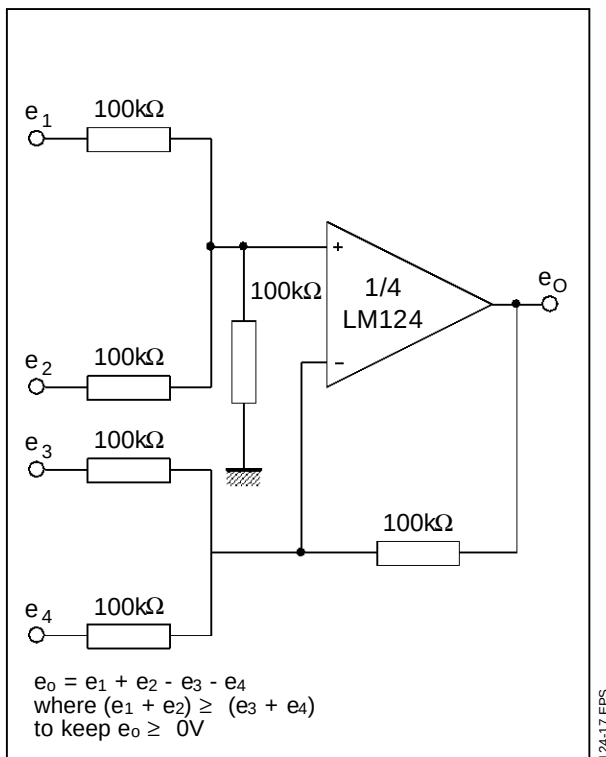
124-15.EPS

TYPICAL SINGLE - SUPPLY APPLICATIONS

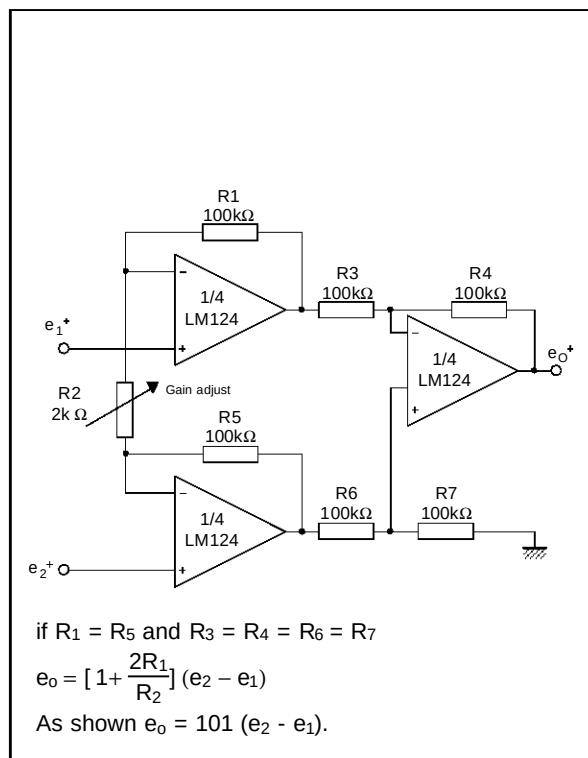
NON-INVERTING DC GAIN



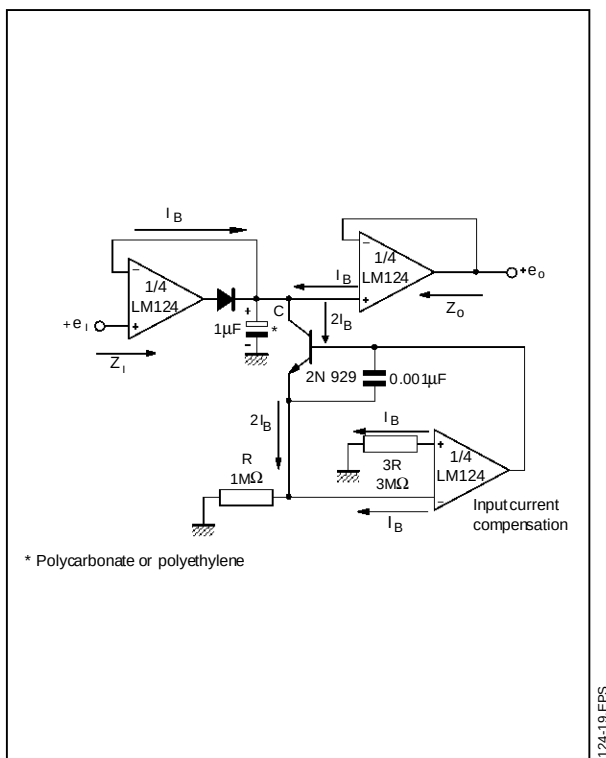
DC SUMMING AMPLIFIER



HIGH INPUT Z ADJUSTABLE GAIN DC INSTRUMENTATION AMPLIFIER

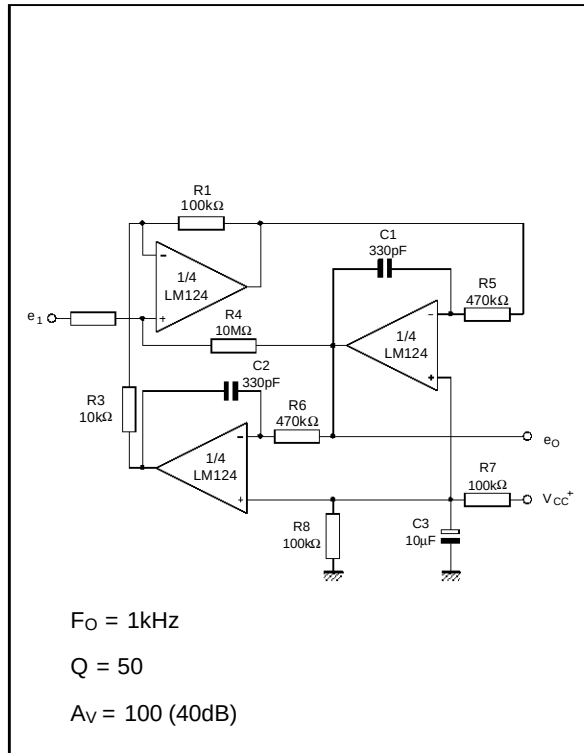


LOW DRIFT PEAK DETECTOR

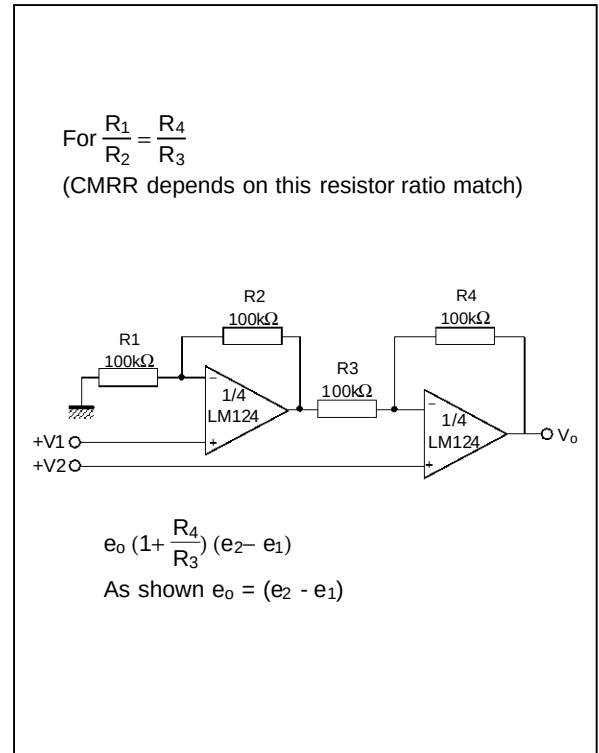


TYPICAL SINGLE - SUPPLY APPLICATIONS

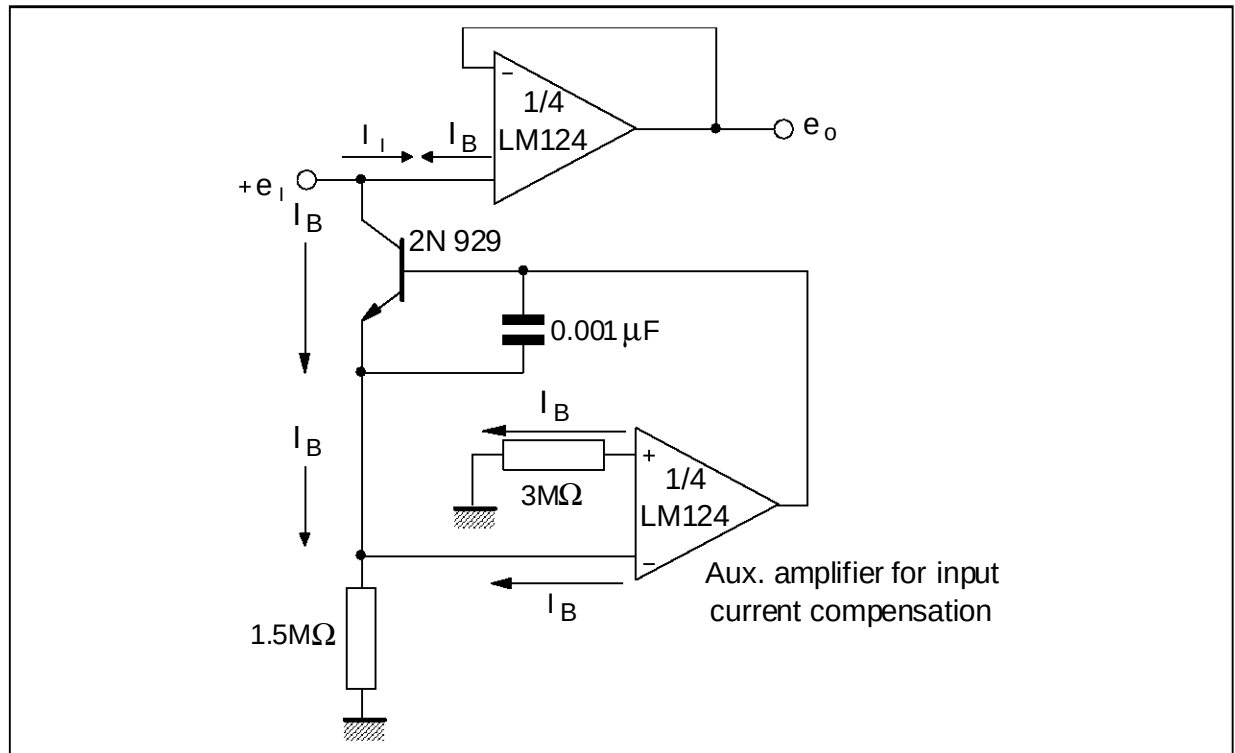
ACTIVER BANDPASS FILTER



HIGH INPUT Z, DC DIFFERENTIAL AMPLIFIER

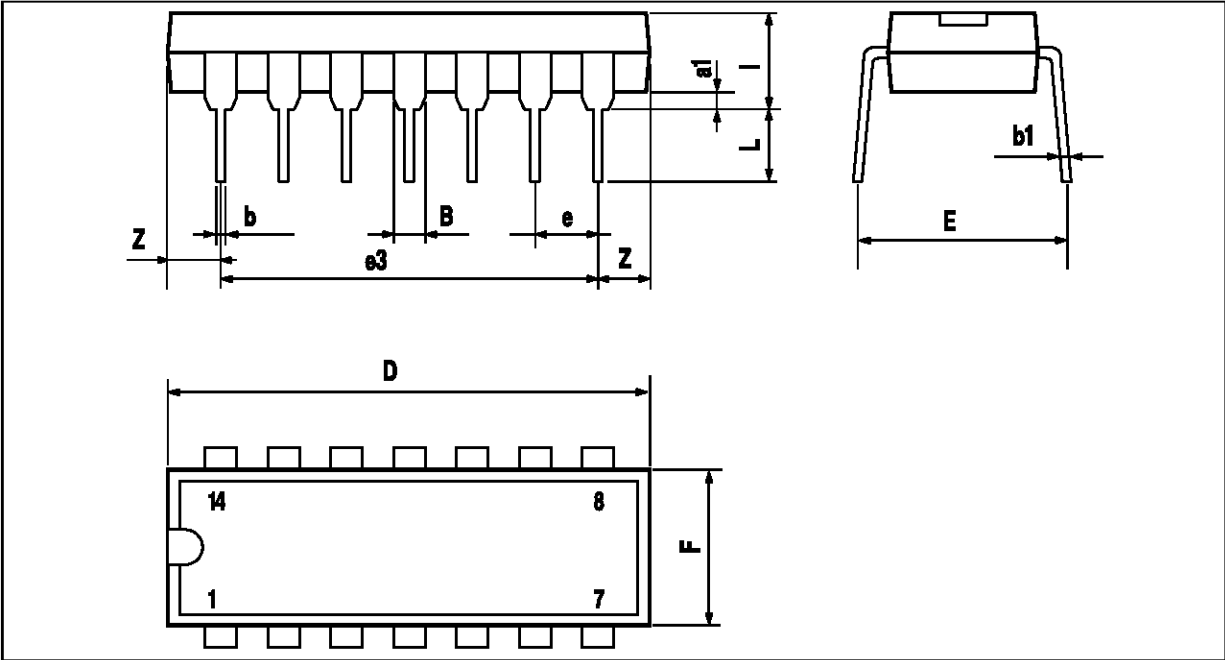


USING SYMMETRICAL AMPLIFIERS TO REDUCE INPUT CURRENT (GENERAL CONCEPT)



LM124,A - LM224,A - LM324,A

PACKAGE MECHANICAL DATA
14 PINS - PLASTIC DIP OR CERPDP

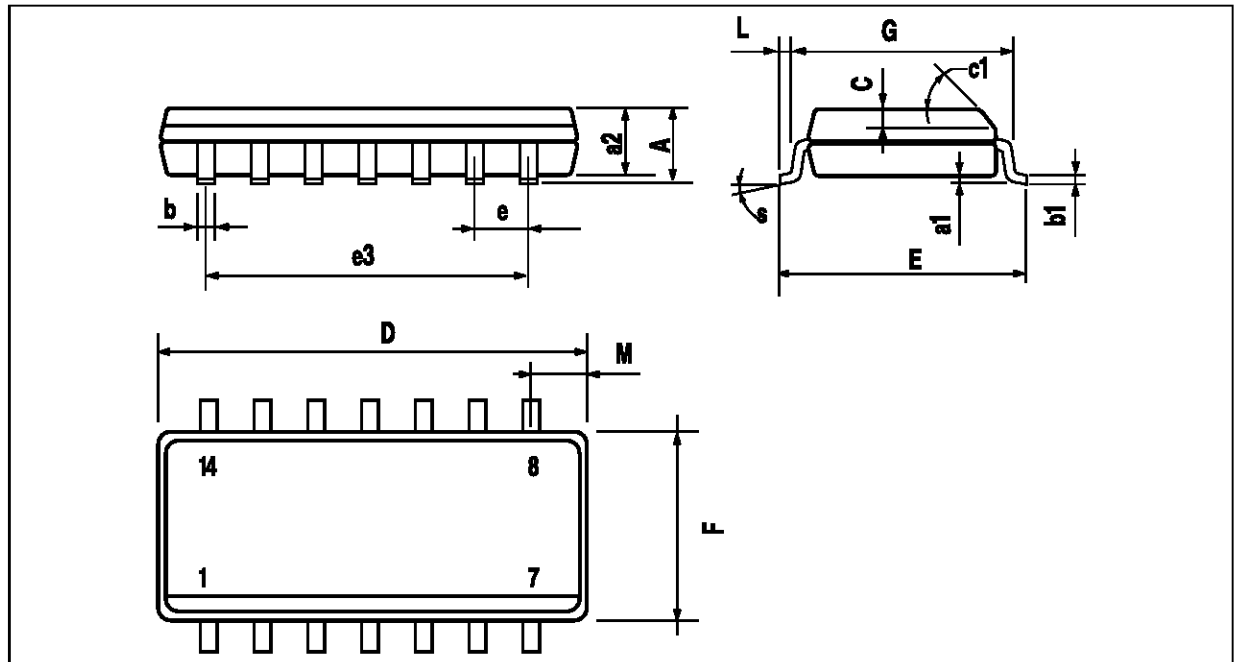


Dimensions	Millimeters			Inches		
	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.
a1	0.51			0.020		
B	1.39		1.65	0.055		0.065
b		0.5			0.020	
b1		0.25			0.010	
D			20			0.787
E		8.5			0.335	
e		2.54			0.100	
e3		15.24			0.600	
F			7.1			0.280
i			5.1			0.201
L		3.3			0.130	
Z	1.27		2.54	0.050		0.100

DIP14.TBL

PACKAGE MECHANICAL DATA

14 PINS - PLASTIC MICROPACKAGE (SO)



PM-SO14.EPS

Dimensions	Millimeters			Inches		
	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.
A			1.75			0.069
a1	0.1		0.2	0.004		0.008
a2			1.6			0.063
b	0.35		0.46	0.014		0.018
b1	0.19		0.25	0.007		0.010
C		0.5			0.020	
c1	45° (typ.)					
D	8.55		8.75	0.336		0.334
E	5.8		6.2	0.228		0.244
e		1.27			0.050	
e3		7.62			0.300	
F	3.8		4.0	0.150		0.157
G	4.6		5.3	0.181		0.208
L	0.5		1.27	0.020		0.050
M			0.68			0.027
S	8° (max.)					

SO14.TBL

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