

FIFO REGISTER

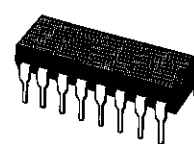
- INDEPENDENT ASYNCHRONOUS INPUTS AND OUTPUTS
- 3-STATE OUTPUTS
- EXPANDABLE IN EITHER DIRECTION
- STATUS INDICATORS ON INPUT AND OUTPUT
- RESET CAPABILITY
- STANDARDIZED, SYMMETRICAL OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS
- QUIESCENT CURRENT SPECIFIED AT 20V FOR HCC DEVICE
- 5V, 10V, AND 15V PARAMETRIC RATINGS
- INPUT CURRENT OF 100nA AT 18V AND 25°C FOR HCC DEVICE
- 100% TESTED FOR QUIESCENT CURRENT
- MEETS ALL REQUIREMENTS OF JEDEC TENTATIVE STANDARD N° 13A, "STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR DESCRIPTION OF "B" SERIES CMOS DEVICES"

DESCRIPTION

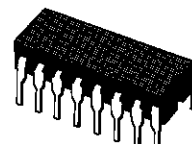
The **HCC40105B** (extended temperature range) and **HCF40105B** (intermediate temperature range) are monolithic integrated circuits, available in 16-lead dual in-line plastic or ceramic package.

The **HCC/HCF40105B** is a low-power first-in-first-out (FIFO) "elastic" storage register that can store 16 4-bit words. It is capable of handling input and output data at different shifting rates. This feature makes it particularly useful as a buffer between asynchronous systems. Each word position in the register is clocked by a control flip-flop, which stores a marker bit. A "1" signifies that the position's data is filled and a "0" denotes a vacancy in that position. The control flip-flop detects the state of the preceding flip-flop and communicates its own status to the succeeding flip-flop. When a control flip-flop is in the "0" state and sees a "1" in the preceding flip-flop, it generates a clock pulse that transfers data from the preceding four data latches into its own four data latches and resets the preceding flip-flop to "0". The first and last control flip-flops have buffered outputs. Since all empty locations "bubble" automatically to the input end, and all valid data ripple through to the output end, the status of the first control flip-flop (DATA-IN READY) indicates if the FIFO is full, and the status of the last flip-flop (DATA-OUT

READY) indicates if the FIFO contains data. As the earliest data are removed from the bottom of the data stack (the output end), all data entered later will automatically propagate (ripple) toward the output.



EY
(Plastic Package)



F
(Ceramic Package)

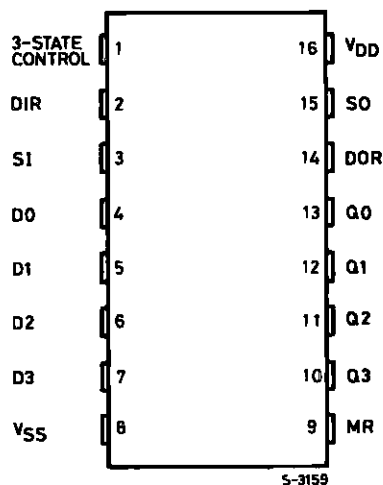


C1
(Chip Carrier)

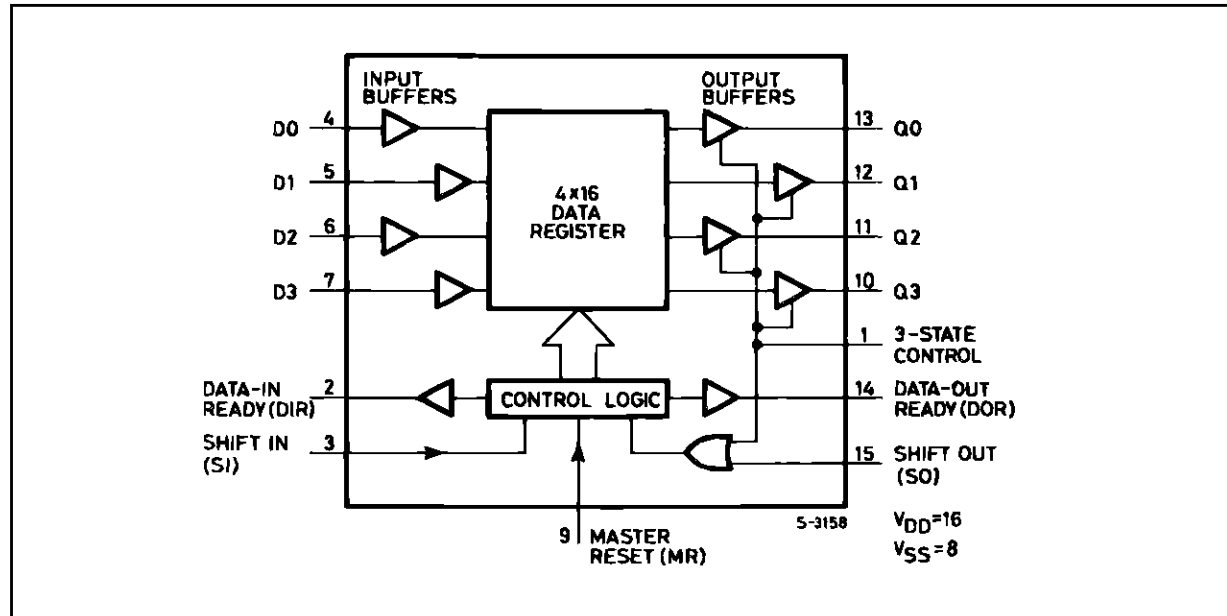
ORDER CODES :

HCC40105BF HCF40105BEY
HCF40105BC1

PIN CONNECTIONS



FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V_{DD}^*	Supply Voltage : HCC Types HCF Types	– 0.5 to + 20 – 0.5 to + 18	V V
V_i	Input Voltage	– 0.5 to $V_{DD} + 0.5$	V
I_i	DC Input Current (any one input)	± 10	mA
P_{tot}	Total Power Dissipation (per package) Dissipation per Output Transistor for T_{op} = Full Package-temperature Range	200 100	mW mW
T_{op}	Operating Temperature : HCC Types HCF Types	– 55 to + 125 – 40 to + 85	°C °C
T_{stg}	Storage Temperature	– 65 to + 150	°C

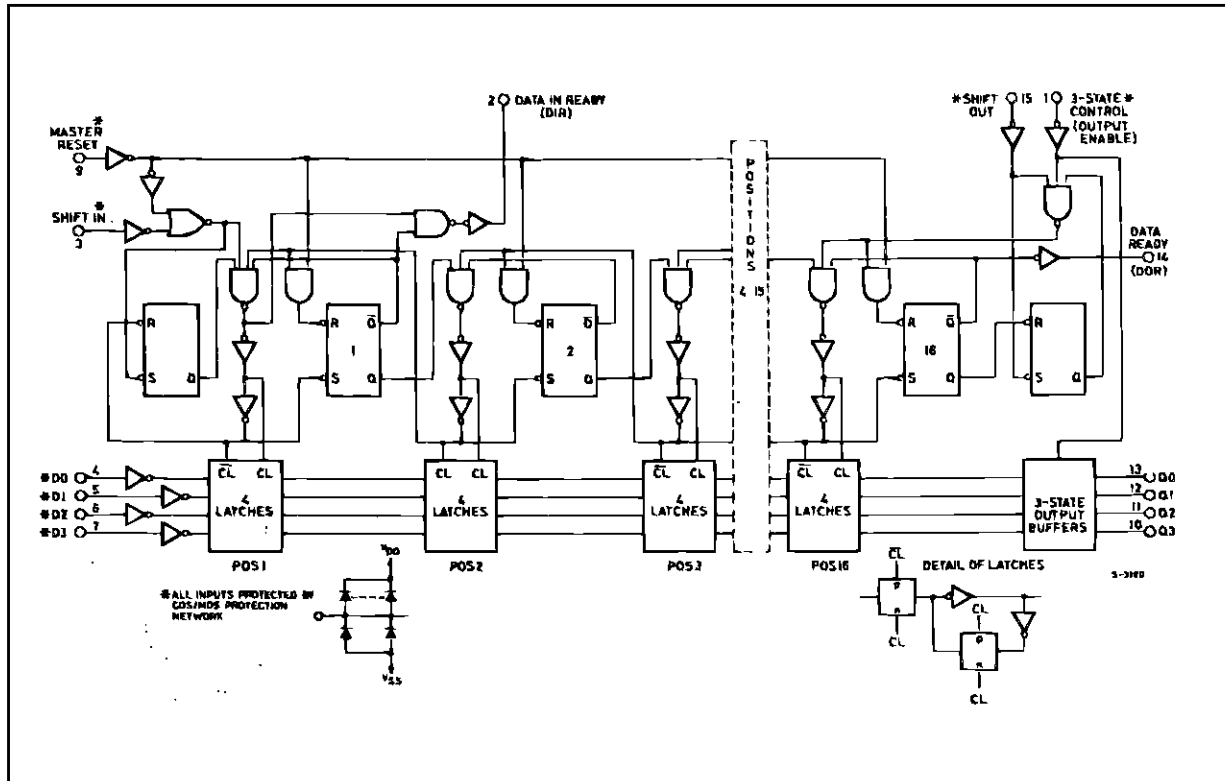
Stresses above those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for external periods may affect device reliability.

* All voltage values are referred to V_{SS} pin voltage.

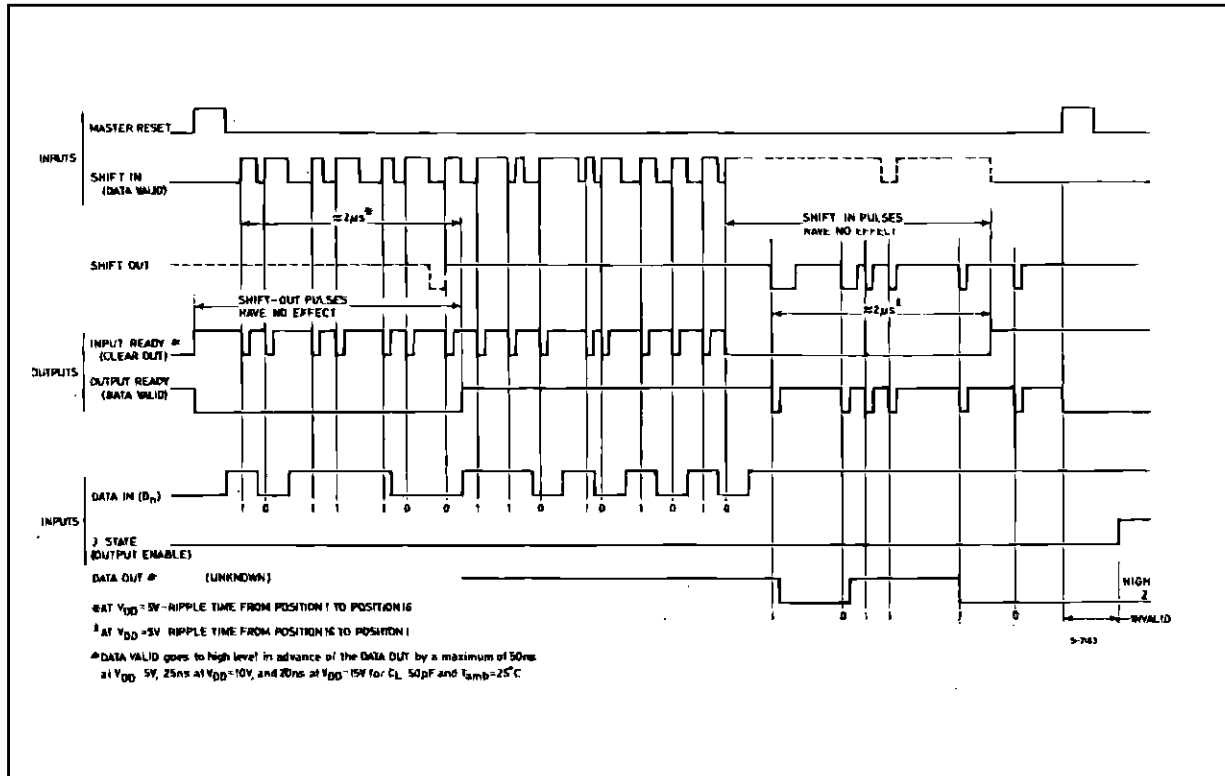
RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V_{DD}	Supply Voltage : HCC Types HCF Types	3 to 18 3 to 15	V V
V_i	Input Voltage	0 to V_{DD}	V
T_{op}	Operating Temperature : HCC Types HCF Types	– 55 to + 125 – 40 to + 85	°C °C

LOGIC DIAGRAM



TIMING DIAGRAM



STATIC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (over recommended operating conditions)

Symbol	Parameter		Test Conditions				Value							Unit
			V _I (V)	V _O (V)	I _O (μA)	V _{DD} (V)	T _{Low} *		25°C			T _{High} *		
							Min.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
I _L	Quiescent Current	HCC Types	0/ 5			5		5		0.04	5		150	μA
			0/10			10		10		0.04	10		300	
			0/15			15		20		0.04	20		600	
			0/20			20		100		0.08	100		3000	
		HCF Types	0/ 5			5		20		0.04	20		150	
			0/10			10		40		0.04	40		300	
			0/15			15		80		0.04	80		600	
V _{OH}	Output High Voltage	0/ 5		< 1	5	4.95		4.95			4.95		V	
		0/10		< 1	10	9.95		9.95			9.95			
		0/15		< 1	15	14.95		14.95			14.95			
V _{OL}	Output Low Voltage	5/0		< 1	5		0.05			0.05		0.05	V	
		10/0		< 1	10		0.05			0.05		0.05		
		15/0		< 1	15		0.05			0.05		0.05		
V _{IH}	Input High Voltage		0.5/4.5	< 1	5	3.5		3.5			3.5		V	
			1/9	< 1	10	7		7			7			
			1.5/13.5	< 1	15	11		11			11			
V _{IL}	Input Low Voltage		4.5/0.5	< 1	5		1.5			1.5		1.5	V	
			9/1	< 1	10		3			3		3		
			13.5/1.5	< 1	15		4			4		4		
I _{OH}	Output Drive Current	HCC Types	0/ 5	2.5		5	− 2		− 1.6	− 3.2		− 1.15		mA
			0/ 5	4.6		5	− 0.64		− 0.51	− 1		− 0.36		
			0/10	9.5		10	− 1.6		− 1.3	− 2.6		− 0.9		
			0/15	13.5		15	− 4.2		− 3.4	− 6.8		− 2.4		
		HCF Types	0/ 5	2.5		5	− 1.53		− 1.36	− 3.2		− 1.1		
			0/ 5	4.6		5	− 0.52		− 0.44	− 1		− 0.36		
			0/10	9.5		10	− 1.3		− 1.1	− 2.6		− 0.9		
			0/15	13.5		15	− 3.6		− 3.0	− 6.8		− 2.4		
I _{OL}	Output Sink Current	HCC Types	0/ 5	0.4		5	0.64		0.51	1		0.36	mA	
			0/10	0.5		10	1.6		1.3	2.6		0.9		
			0/15	1.5		15	4.2		3.4	6.8		2.4		
		HCF Types	0/ 5	0.4		5	0.52		0.44	1		0.36		
			0/10	0.5		10	1.3		1.1	2.6		0.9		
			0/15	1.5		15	3.6		3.0	6.8		2.4		
I _{IH} , I _{IL}	Input Leakage Current	HCC Types	0/18	Any Input		18		± 0.1		±10 ^{−5}	± 0.1		± 1	μA
		HCF Types	0/15			15		± 0.3		±10 ^{−5}	± 0.3		± 1	
I _{OH} , I _{OL} **	3-State Output Leakage Current	HCC Types	0/18	0/18		18		± 0.4		±10 ^{−4}	± 0.4		± 12	μA
		HCF Types	0/15	0/15		15		± 1.0		±10 ^{−4}	± 1.0		± 7.5	
C _I	Input Capacitance			Any Input						5	7.5			pF

* T_{Low} = - 55°C for **HCC** device : - 40°C for **HCF** device.* T_{High} = + 125°C for **HCC** device : + 85°C for **HCF** device.The Noise Margin for both "1" and "0" level is : 1V min. with V_{DD} = 5V, 2V min. with V_{DD} = 10V, 2.5 V min. with V_{DD} = 15V.

* * Forced output disable.

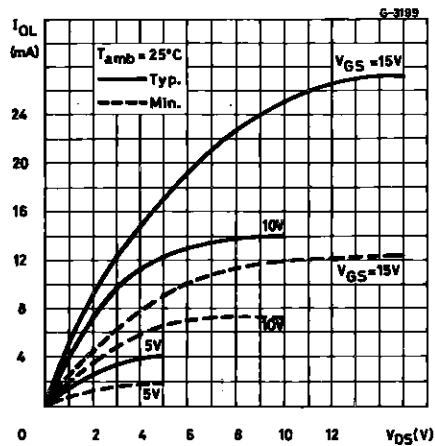
DYNAMIC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, $C_L = 50\text{ pF}$, $R_L = 200\text{ k}\Omega$, typical temperature coefficient for all V_{DD} values is $0.3\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, all input rise and fall time = 20 ns)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions		Value			Unit
			V_{DD} (V)	Min.	Typ.	Max.	
t_{PHL}	Propagation Delay Time Shift-out or Reset to Data-out Ready		5		185	370	ns
			10		90	180	
			15		65	130	
t_{PHL}	Propagation Delay Time Shift-in to Data-in Ready		5		160	320	ns
			10		65	130	
			15		45	90	
t_{PZH}, t_{PZL}	Propagation Delay Time 3-state Control to Data-out		5		140	280	ns
			10		60	120	
			15		40	80	
t_{PHZ}, t_{PLZ}	Propagation Delay Time 3-State Control to Data-out		5		100	200	ns
			10		50	100	
			15		40	80	
t_{PLH}	Ripple-through Delay Input to Output		5		2	4	μs
			10		1	2	
			15		0.7	1.4	
t_{THL}, t_{TLH}	Transition Time		5		100	200	ns
			10		50	100	
			15		40	80	
f_I	Shift-in or Shift-out Rate		5		1.5	3	MHz
			10		3	6	
			15		4	8	
t_{WH}	Shift-in Pulse Width		5	200	100		ns
			10	80	40		
			15	60	30		
t_{WL}	Shift-out Pulse Width		5	360	180		ns
			10	160	80		
			15	100	50		
t_r	Shift-in or Shift-out Rise Time		5			15	μs
			10			15	
			15			15	
t_f	Shift-in Fall Time		5			15	μs
			10			15	
			15			15	
t_f	Shift-out Fall Time		5			15	μs
			10			5	
			15			5	
t_{setup}	Data Setup Time		5	0			ns
			10	0			
			15	0			

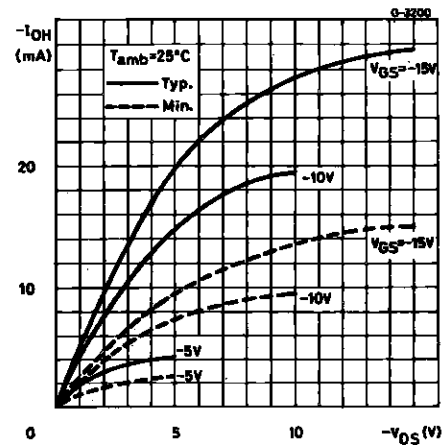
DYNAMIC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions		Value			Unit
			V_{DD} (V)	Min.	Typ.	Max.	
t_{hold}	Data Hold Time		5	350	175		ns
			10	150	75		
			15	120	60		
t_{WL}	Data-in Ready Pulse Width		5		260	520	ns
			10		100	120	
			15		70	140	
t_{WL}	Data-out Ready Pulse Width		5		220	440	ns
			10		90	180	
			15		665	130	
t_{WH}	Master Reset Pulse Width		5	200	100		ns
			10	90	45		
			15	60	30		

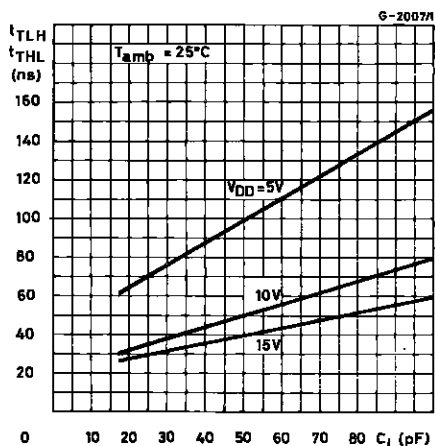
Output Low (sink) Current Characteristics.



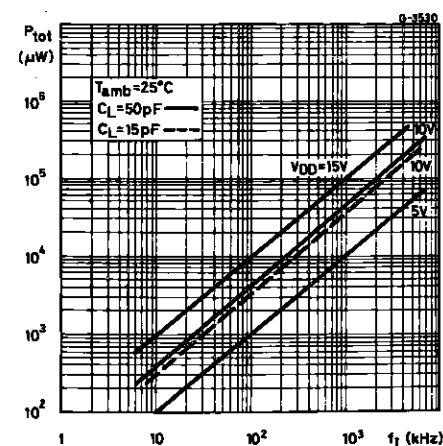
Output High (source) Current Characteristics.



Typical Transition Time vs. Load Capacitance.

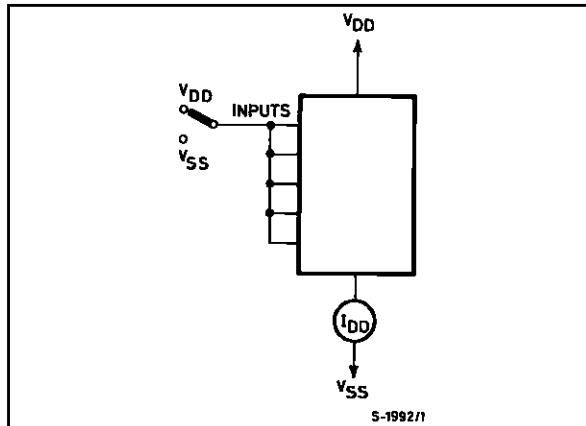


Typical Dynamic Power Dissipation vs. Frequency.

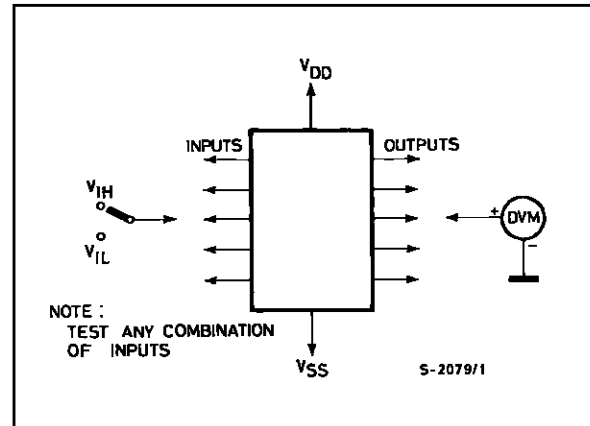


TEST CIRCUITS

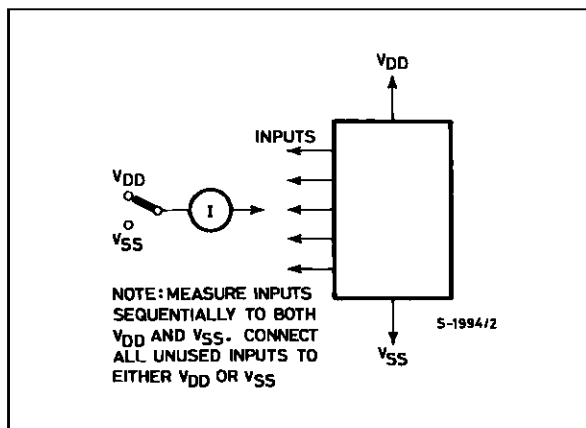
Quiescent Device Current.



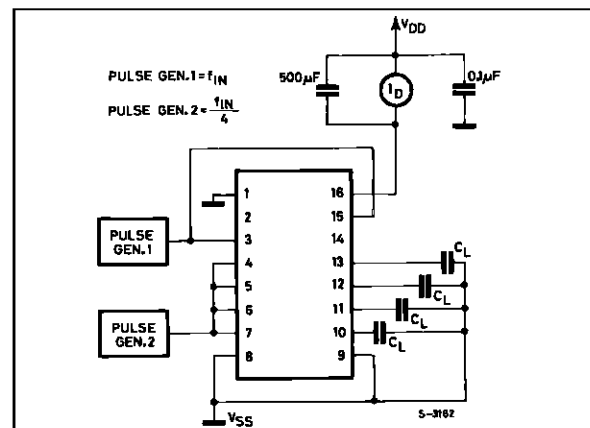
Input Voltage.



Input Leakage Current

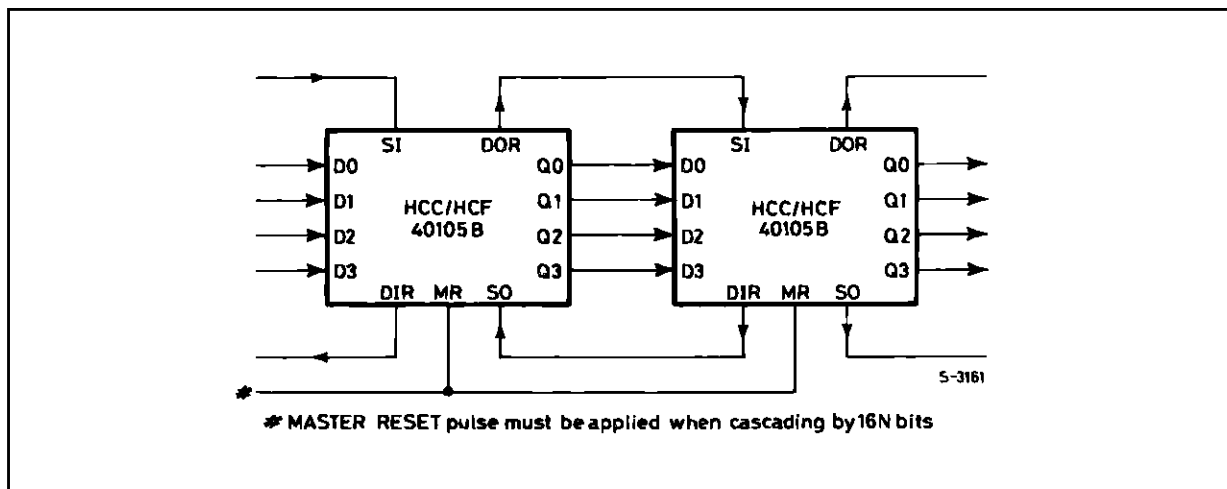


Dynamic Power Dissipation.



TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

EXPANSION, 4 BITS-WIDE-BY-16 N-BITS LONG.





Data can be entered whenever the DATA-IN READY (DIR) flag is high, by a low to high transition on the SHIFT-IN (SI) input. This input must go low momentarily before the next word is accepted by the FIFO. The DIR flag will go low momentarily, until the data have been transferred to the second location. The flag will remain low when all 16-word locations are filled with valid data, and further pulses on the SI input will be ignored until DIR goes high.

As soon as the first word has rippled to the output, DATA-OUT READY (DOR) goes high, and data can be removed by a falling edge on the SO input. This falling edge causes the DOR signal to go low while the word on the output is dumped and the next word moves to the output. As long as valid data are available in the FIFO, the DOR signal will go high again signifying that the next word is ready at the output. When the FIFO is empty, DOR will remain low, and any further commands will be ignored until a "1" marker ripples down to the last control register, when DOR goes high. Unloading of data is inhibited while the 3-state control input is high. The 3-state control signal should not be shifted from high to low (data outputs

CASCADING

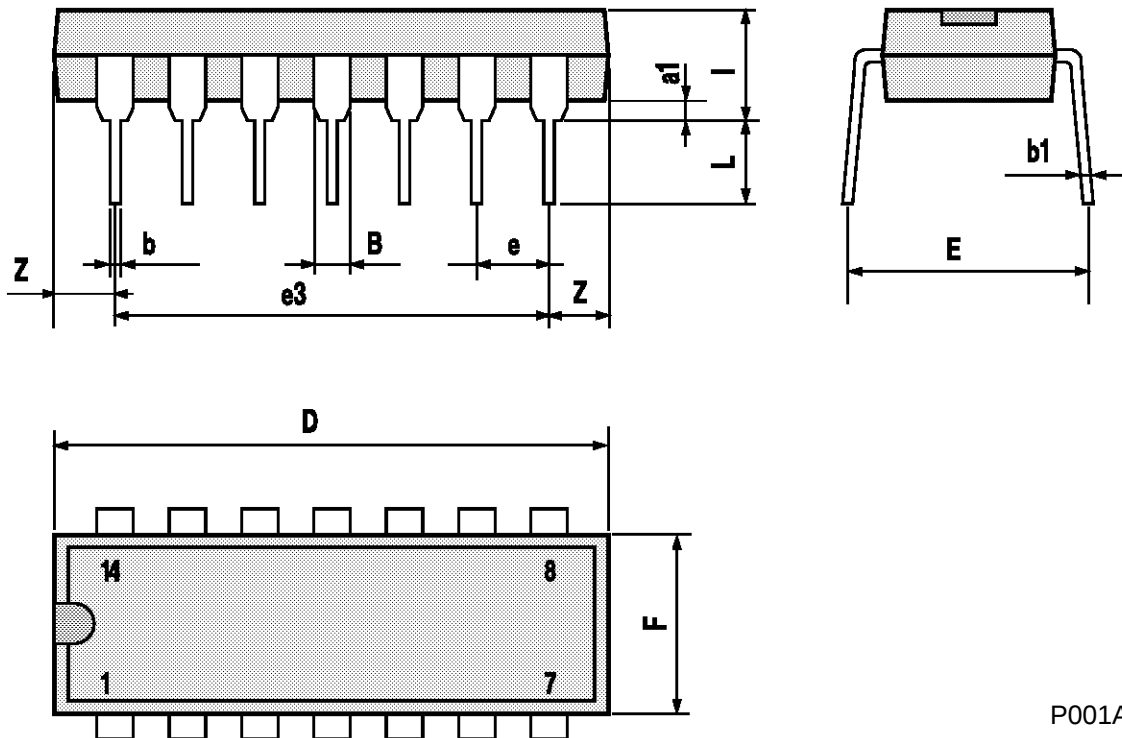
The **HCC/HCF40105B** can be cascaded to form longer registers simply by connecting the DIR to SO and DOR to SI. In the cascaded mode, a MASTER RESET pulse must be applied after the supply voltage is turned on. For words wider than 4 bits, the DIR and the DOR outputs must be gated together with AND gates. Their outputs drive the SI and SO inputs in parallel, if expanding is done in both directions.

In order to facilitate data busing, 3-state outputs are provided on the data output lines, while the load condition of the register can be detected by the state of the DOR output.

A high on the MASTER RESET (MR) sets all the control logic marker bits to "0". DOR goes low and DIR goes high. The contents of the data register are not changed, only declared invalid, and will be superseded when the first word is loaded.

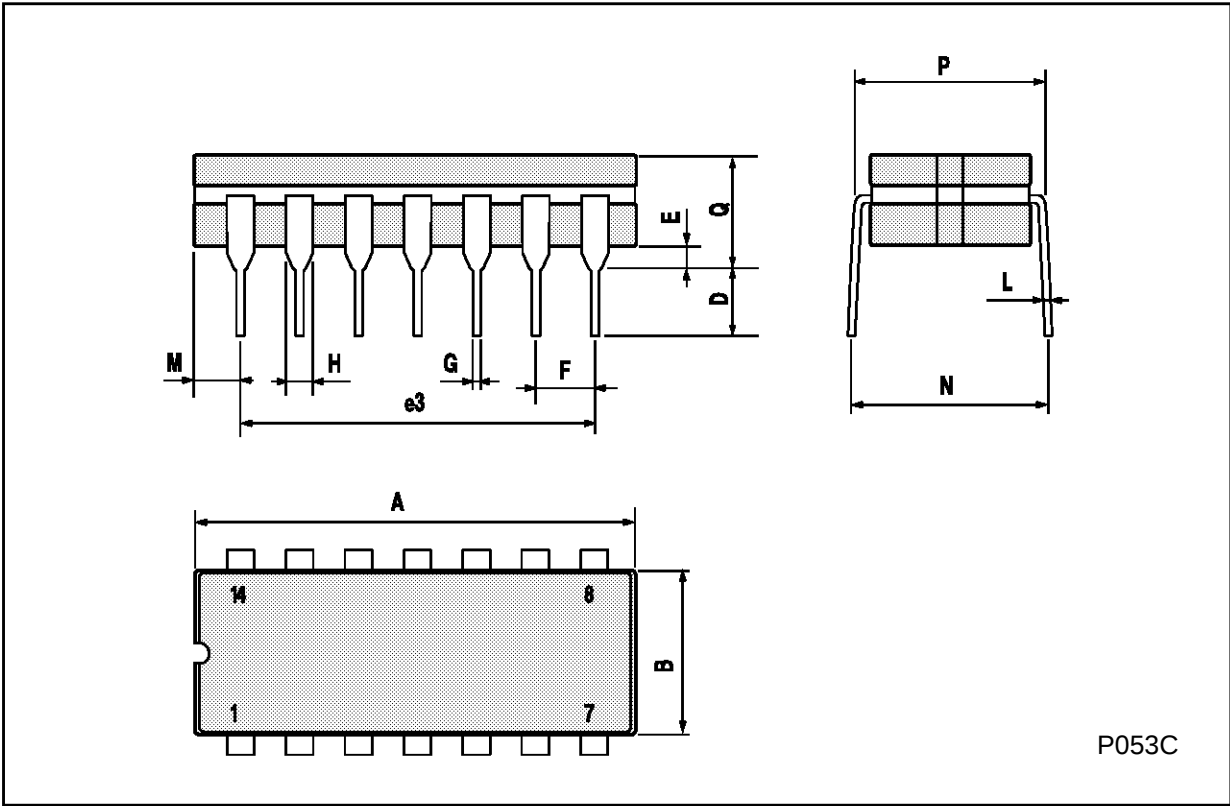
Plastic DIP14 MECHANICAL DATA

DIM.	mm			inch		
	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.
a1	0.51			0.020		
B	1.39		1.65	0.055		0.065
b		0.5			0.020	
b1		0.25			0.010	
D			20			0.787
E		8.5			0.335	
e		2.54			0.100	
e3		15.24			0.600	
F			7.1			0.280
I			5.1			0.201
L		3.3			0.130	
Z	1.27		2.54	0.050		0.100



Ceramic DIP14/1 MECHANICAL DATA

DIM.	mm			inch		
	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.
A			20			0.787
B			7.0			0.276
D		3.3			0.130	
E	0.38			0.015		
e3		15.24			0.600	
F	2.29		2.79	0.090		0.110
G	0.4		0.55	0.016		0.022
H	1.17		1.52	0.046		0.060
L	0.22		0.31	0.009		0.012
M	1.52		2.54	0.060		0.100
N			10.3			0.406
P	7.8		8.05	0.307		0.317
Q			5.08			0.200



PLCC20 MECHANICAL DATA

DIM.	mm			inch		
	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.
A	9.78		10.03	0.385		0.395
B	8.89		9.04	0.350		0.356
D	4.2		4.57	0.165		0.180
d1		2.54			0.100	
d2		0.56			0.022	
E	7.37		8.38	0.290		0.330
e		1.27			0.050	
e3		5.08			0.200	
F		0.38			0.015	
G			0.101			0.004
M		1.27			0.050	
M1		1.14			0.045	



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