

## COLOR TV DEFLECTION SIGNAL PROCESSING IC

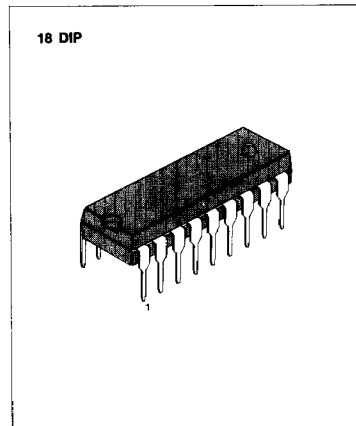
The KA2134 is a silicon integrated circuit designed for the deflection signal processing circuit for small- and medium-sized color television receivers.

### FUNCTIONS

- Vert. Amp Drivers
- Hori. Oscillators
- Noise Detectors
- X-Ray Protectors

### FEATURES

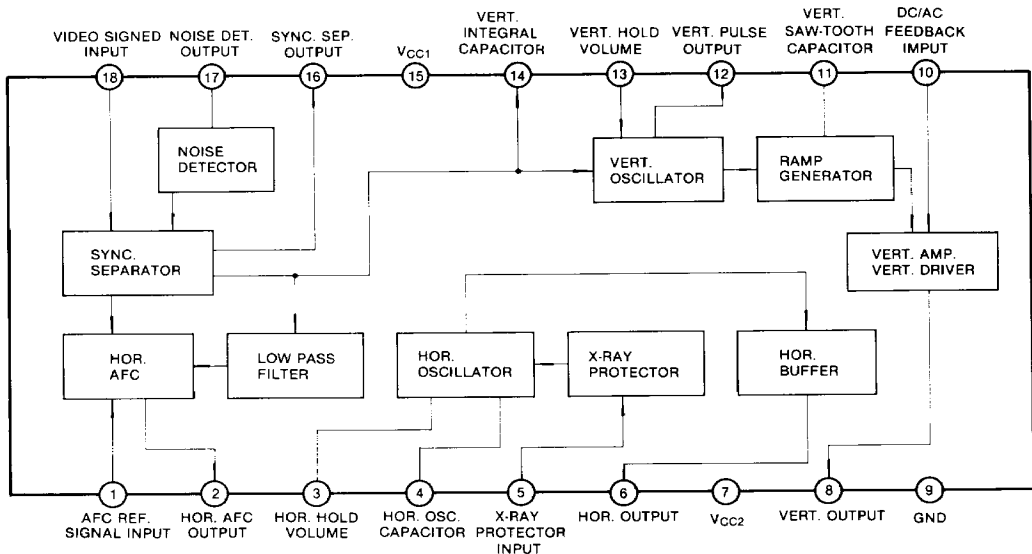
- Built-in vertical deflection driver circuit
- Incorporating vertical and horizontal oscillator circuit, operations highly stable against changes in supply voltage and temperature
- Highly stable sync. separation circuit against noise
- Built-in high tension protector circuit (X-ray protection)
- 12V supply voltage operation



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Device	Package	Operating Temperature
KA2134	18 DIP	-20 ~ +70°C

### BLOCK DIAGRAM



## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Ta = 25°C)

Characteristic		Symbol	Value		Unit
Voltage	Supply Voltage	$V_{pin\ 7}$	10.5		V
		$V_{pin\ 15}$	14.4		V
	Circuit Voltage	$V_{pin\ 1}$	0	10	V
		$V_{pin\ 8}$	0	$V_{15-9}$	V
		$V_{pin\ 12}$	0	10	V
		$V_{pin\ 17}$	0	6	V
		$V_{pin\ 18}$	-3	2	V
Current	Supply Current	$I_{pin\ 7}$	16		mA
		$I_{pin\ 15}$	23		mA
	Circuit Current	$I_{pin\ 2}$	-3	3	mA
		$I_{pin\ 3}$	-5	0	mA
		$I_{pin\ 4}$	-3	3	mA
		$I_{pin\ 5}$	-1	1	mA
		$I_{pin\ 6}$	-30	0	mA
		$I_{pin\ 8}$	-30	0	mA
		$I_{pin\ 12}$	-2	1	mA
$I_{pin\ 13}$	0	30	mA		
Power Dissipation		$P_D$	500		mW
Temp.	Operating Temp.	$T_{opr}$	-20 ~ +70		°C
	Storage Temp.	$T_{stg}$	-55 ~ +150		°C

Note: + 'S and - 'S in the circuit current stand for current directions; + for flow-in and— for flow-out.

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Ta = 25°C)

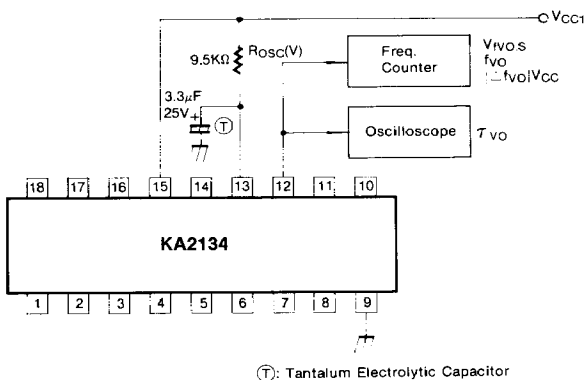
Characteristic	Symbol	Test Circuit	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply Current	$I_{pin\ 7}$		$V_{CC2} = 12V$	7.5	12.0	15.5	mA
Supply Current	$I_{pin\ 15}$		$V_{CC1} = 12V$	13	19	25	mA
Protector Operating Voltage	$V_{pin\ 5}$		$V_{CC2} = 12V$	0.73		0.86	V
Oscillation Beginning Voltage	$V_{oscs}(1)$	1	$V_{CC1}$ at the time $f_{vo}$ is in 40~60Hz range and it's amplitude is over $0.7V_{pp}$			6	V
Vertical Free-Running Freq.	$f_{vo}$	1	$V_{CC1} = 12V, R_{osc}(V) = 9.5Kohm$	47	50	53	Hz
$f_{vo}$ Dependence Ratio on Supply Voltage	$\Delta f_{vo}/V_{CC}$	1	$f_{vo}19.6V \sim f_{vo}114.4V$	0	1.0	1.3	Hz

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

Characteristic	Symbol	Test Circuit	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Pulse Width(V <sub>osc</sub> )	$\tau$	1	V <sub>CC1</sub> = 12V, R <sub>osc(V)</sub> = 9.5Kohm	420	600	780	$\mu$ S
Pull-in Range	f <sub>VP</sub>	2	V <sub>CC1</sub> = 12V, R <sub>osc(V)</sub> = 9.5Kohm		43	47	Hz
Vert. Sawtooth Wave Amplitude	V(saw)	2	V <sub>CC1</sub> = 12V, R <sub>osc(V)</sub> = 9.5Kohm	0.9	1.2	1.5	V <sub>pp</sub>
f <sub>VO</sub> Dependence Ratio on Temp.	$\Delta f_V/Ta$	1	Ta = -20 ~ +70°C		0.8		Hz/°C
V(saw) Dependence Ratio on Temp.	$\Delta V(\text{saw})/Ta$	2	Ta = -20 ~ +70°C			30	mV <sub>pp</sub> /°C
Oscillation Beginning Voltage	V <sub>osc-s(2)</sub>	3	V <sub>7.9</sub> at the time f <sub>HO</sub> is in 10~20KHz range and it's amplitude is over 1 V <sub>pp</sub>			6	V
Horizontal Free Running Voltage	f <sub>HO</sub>	3	V <sub>CC2</sub> = 12V, R <sub>osc(H)</sub> = 2.95Kohm	15.0	15.75	16.25	KHz
f <sub>HO</sub> Dependence Ratio on Supply Voltage	$\Delta f_{HO}/V_{CC}$	3	f <sub>HO</sub> 9.6V ~ f <sub>HO</sub> 14.4V	0	100	200	Hz
Duty Ratio	$\tau$	3	V <sub>CC2</sub> = 12V	31.5	35.4	38.9	%
Control Sensitivity	$\beta$	4	I <sub>o</sub> = $\pm 100\mu$ A	19	21	23	Hz/ $\mu$ A
f <sub>HO</sub> Dependence Ratio on Temp.	$\Delta f_{HO}/Ta$	3	Ta = -20 ~ +70°C	-1.67		1.67	Hz/°C
AFC Loop Gain	f <sub>AFC</sub>		$\beta \times \mu$	5800	7700	9600	Hz/rad

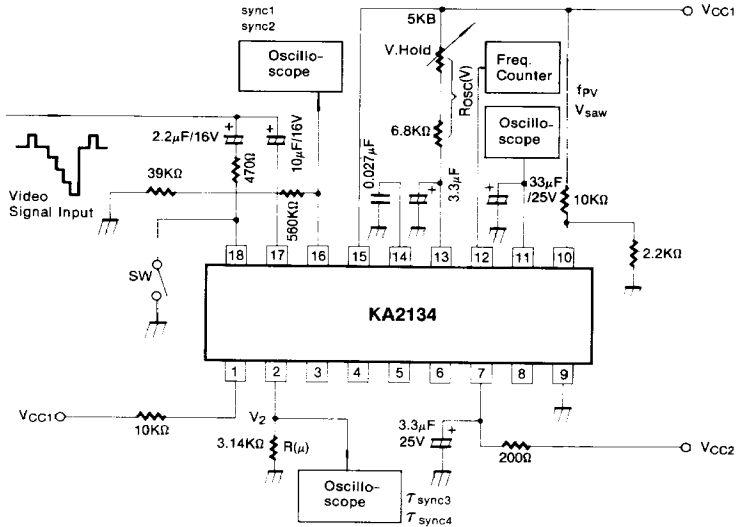
TEST CIRCUIT

Test Circuit 1 (V<sub>osc-s(1)</sub>, f<sub>vo</sub>,  $\Delta f_{VO}/V_{CC}$ ,  $\tau$ ,  $\Delta f_V/Ta$ )

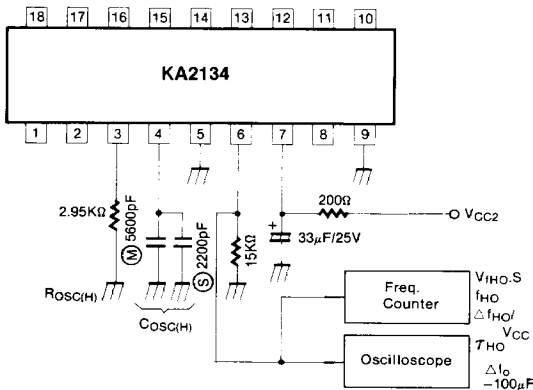


Ⓣ: Tantalum Electrolytic Capacitor

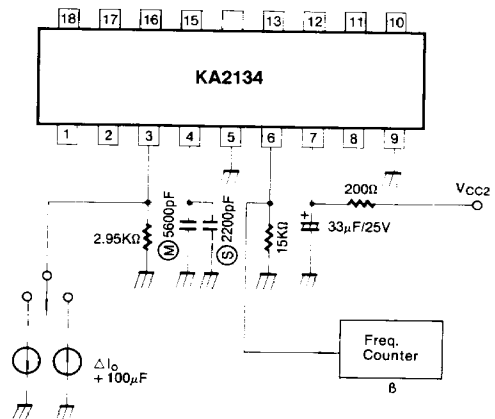
Test Circuit 2 ( $f_{pv}$ ,  $V_{(saw)}$ ,  $\Delta V_{(saw)}/Ta^\circ$ )



Test Circuit 3 ( $V_{OSC(S2)}$ ,  $f_{HO}$ ,  $\Delta f_{HO}/V_{CC}$ ,  $T$ ,  $\Delta f_{HO}/Ta$ )



Test Circuit 4 (B)



M : Mylar Capacitor  
S : Stylen Capacitor

TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT

