

REPERTORY DIALER

- SINGLE CHIP DTMF AND PULSE DIALER
- SOFTSWITCH CHANGES SIGNALING MODE FROM PULSE TO TONE
- NINE NUMBER REPERTORY PLUS RECALL OF LAST NUMBER DIALED (18 digits each)
- FLASH KEY INPUT INITIATES TIMED HOOK FLASH
- 8 TONE PER SECOND DIALING IN TONE MODE AND 10 PPS IN PULSE MODE
- DTMF ACTIVE UNTIL KEY RELEASE
- MINIMUM DTMF DURATION/SEPARATION GUARANTEED (74/54 ms)
- PACIFIER TONE PROVIDES AUDIBLE INDICATION OF VALID KEY INPUT FOR NON-DTMF KEY ENTRIES
- POWERED FROM TELEPHONE LINE, LOW OPERATING VOLTAGE FOR LONG LOOP APPLICATIONS

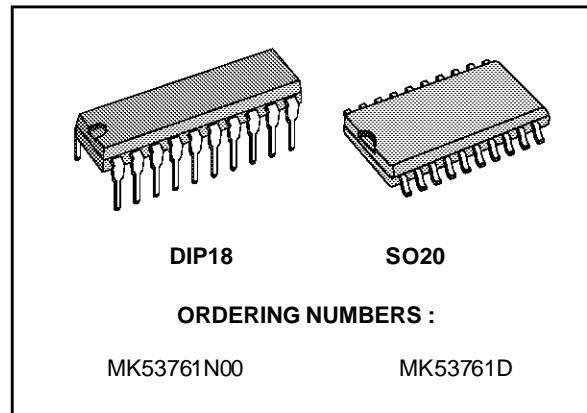


Figure 1 : Pin Connections.

DESCRIPTION

The MK53761 is a Silicon Gate CMOS IC that provides necessary signals for either DTMF or loop disconnect (pulse) dialing. The MK53761 buffers up to 18 digits into memory that can be later redialed with a single key input. Up to nine repertory numbers may be stored. Users can store all 12 signaling keys and access several unique functions with single key entries. These functions include : Last Number Dialed (LND), Softswitch, and Flash. Figure 2 shows the keypad configuration.

A LND key input automatically redials the last number dialed. The PROG key provides an easy way to program a number into any memory location (1-9) whether on-hook or off-hook. The MEM key allows easy redialing of the number stored in memory locations (1-9).

The FLASH key simulates a 560 ms hook flash to transfer calls or to activate other special features provided by the PABX or a central office.

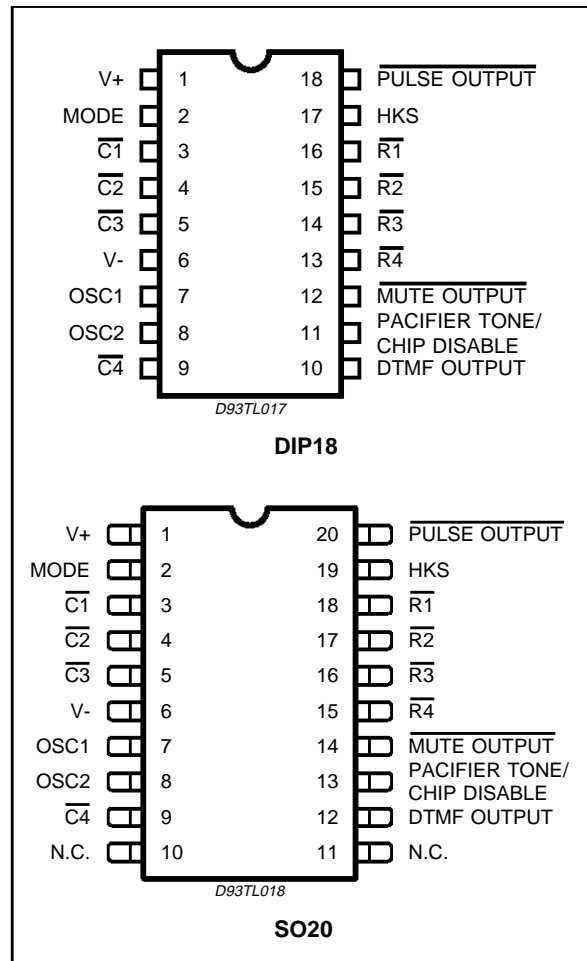


Figure 2 : Keypad Configuration.

| | | | |
|---------------------|---|---|-------|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | FLASH |
| 4 | 5 | 6 | PROG |
| 7 | 8 | 9 | MEM |
| * SOFT SWITCH | 0 | # | LND |

FUNCTIONAL PIN DESCRIPTION (DIP18 only)

V+

Pin 1. V+ is the positive supply for the circuit and must meet the maximum and minimum voltage requirements. (see electrical specifications).

MODE

Input. Pin 2. MODE determines the dialer's default operating mode. When the device is powered up or the hookswitch input is switched from on-hook, (V+), to off-hook, (V-), the default determines the signaling mode. A V+ connection defaults to tone mode operation and a V- connection defaults to pulse mode operation.

When dialing in the pulse mode, a softswitch feature will allow a change to the tone mode whenever the * key, or softswitch, is depressed. Subsequent * key inputs will cause the DTMF code for an * to be dialed. The softswitch will only switch from pulse to tone. After returning to on-hook and back to off-hook, the part will be in pulse mode. Redial by the LND key will repeat the softswitch.

$\overline{C1}$, $\overline{C2}$, $\overline{C3}$, $\overline{C4}$, $\overline{R4}$, $\overline{R3}$, $\overline{R2}$, $\overline{R1}$

Keyboard inputs. The MK53761 interfaces with either the standard 2-of-8 with negative common or the singlecontact (Form A) keyboard.

A valid keypad entry is either a single Row connected to a single Column or V- simultaneously presented to both a single Row and Column. In its quiescent or standby state, during normal off-hook operation, either the Rows or the Columns are at a logic level 1 (V+). Pulling one input low enables the on-chip oscillator. Keyboard scanning then begins. Scanning consists of Rows and Columns alternately switching high through on-chip pullups. After both a Row and Column key have been detected, the debounce counter is enabled and any noise (bouncing contacts, etc.) is ignored for a debounce period (TKD) of 32ms. At this time, the keyboard is sampled and if both Row and Column information are valid, the information is buffered into the LND location. If switched on-hook (pin 17 to pin 1), the keyboard inputs all pull high through on-chip pullup resistors.

In the tone mode, if 2 or more keys in the same row or if 2 or more keys in the same column are depressed a single tone will be output. The tone will correspond to the row or column for which the 2 keys were pushed. This feature is for test purposes, and single tones will not be redialed.

Also in the tone mode, the output tone is continuous is manual dialing as long as the key is pushed. The output tone duration follows the table 1.

Table 1 : Output Tone Duration.

| Key-Push Time, T* | Tone Output* |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| $T \leq 32ms$ | No Output Ignored by MK53761 |
| $32ms \leq T \leq 75ms + T_{KD}$ | 75ms Duration Output |
| $T \geq 75ms + T_{KD}$ | Output Duration = $T - T_{KD}$ |

* TKD is the key pad debounce time which is typically 32 ms.

When redialing in the tone mode, each DTMF output is 75ms duration, and the tone separation (intersignal delay) is 50ms.

V-

Input. Pin 6 is the negative supply input to the device. This is the voltage reference for all specifications.

OSC1, OSC2

Pin 7 (input), pin 8 (output). OSC1 and OSC2 are connections to an on-chip inverter used as the timing reference for the circuit. It has sufficient loop gain to oscillate when used with a low-cost television color-burst crystal. The nominal crystal frequency is 3.579545MHz and any deviation from this standard is directly reflected in the Tone output frequencies. The crystal oscillator provides the time reference for all circuit functions. A ceramic resonator with tolerance of $\pm 0.25\%$ may also be used.

DTMF OUTPUT

Output. Pin 10. An NPN transistor emitter with a collector tied to V+ drives the DTMF OUTPUT pin. The transistor base is connected to an on-chip operational amplifier that mixes the Row and Column tones. Figure 7 shows the timing at this pin.

The DTMF OUTPUT is the summation of a single Row frequency and a single Column frequency. A typical single tone sine wave is shown in Figure 4. This waveform is synthesized using a resistor tree with sinusoidally weighted taps.

The MK53761 is designed to operate from an unregulated supply ; the TONE LEVEL is supply independent, and the single row tone output level will be typically :

$$T_{oi} = -12 \text{ dBm} \pm 1 \text{ dB}$$

The DC component of the DTMF output while active is described by the following equation :

$$VDC_1 = 0.3 V+ + 0.5 \text{ Volts}$$

Figure 3 : MK53761 Functional Block Diagram.

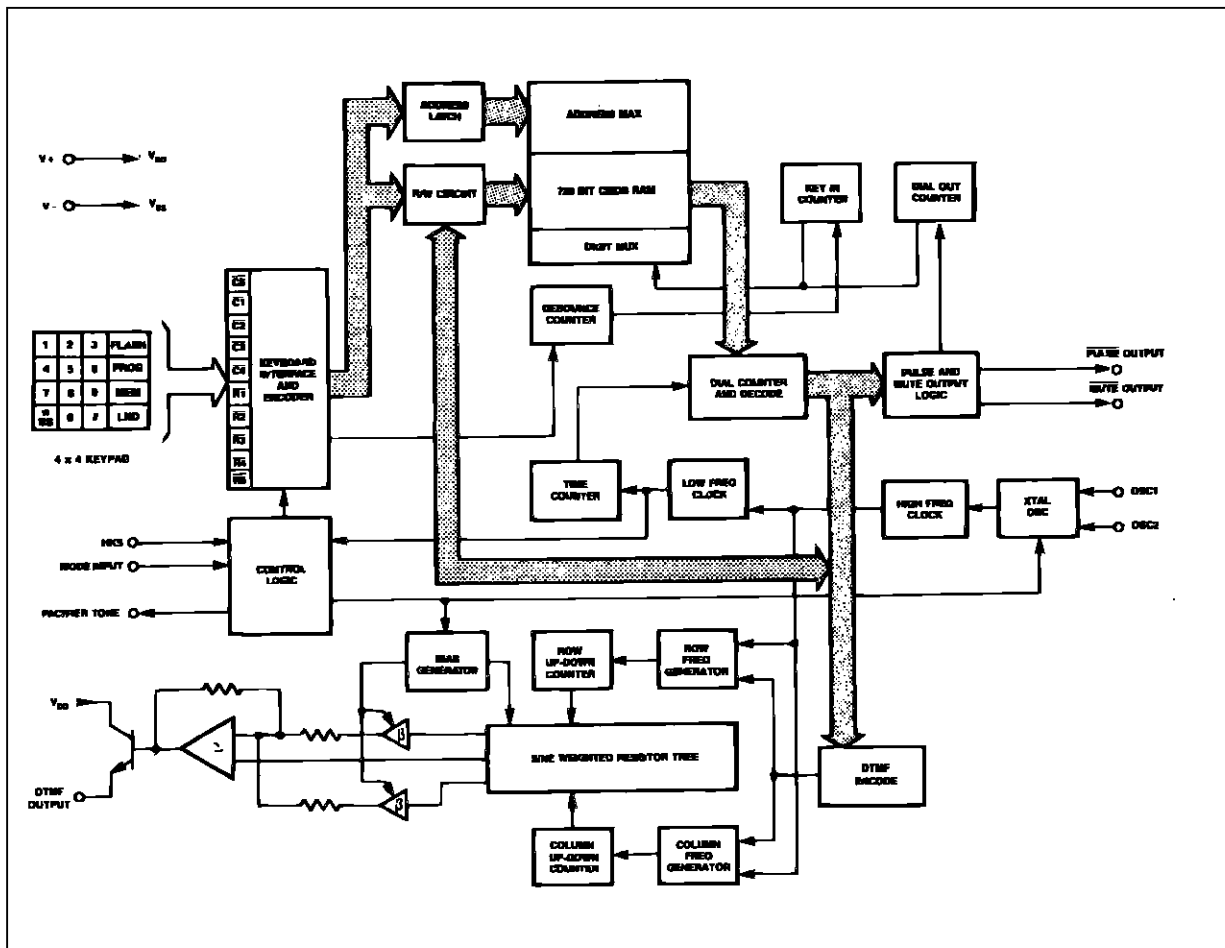


Figure 4 : Typical Single Tone.

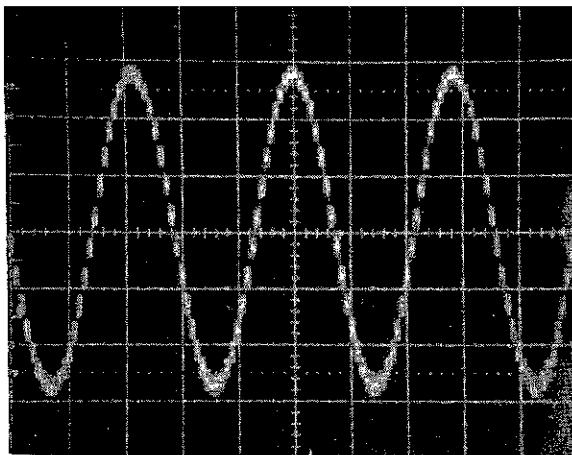


Figure 5 : Typical Dual Tone.

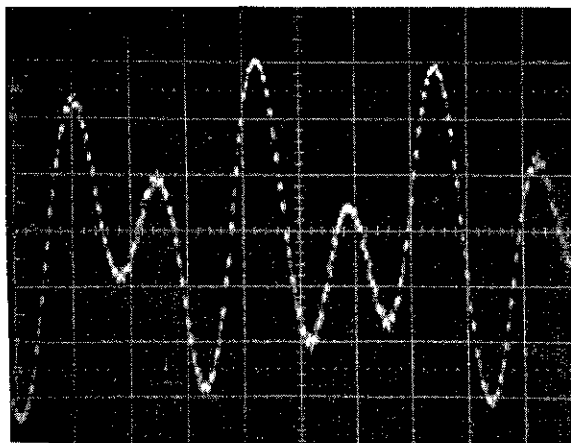
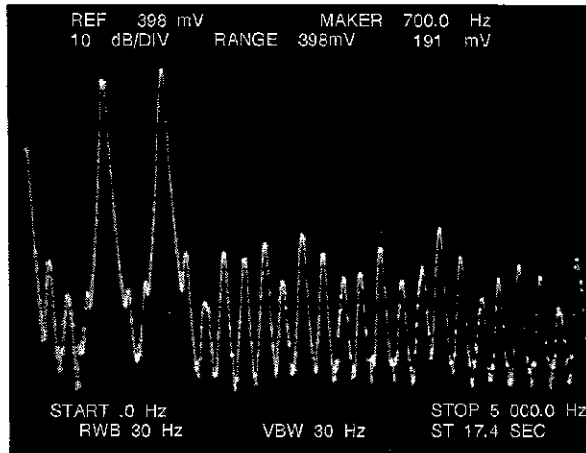


Figure 6 : Typical Spectral Response.



PACIFIER TONE OUTPUT/CHIP DISABLE INPUT

Output. Pin 11. The pacifier tone provides audible

feed-back, confirming that the key has been properly entered and accepted. A 500 Hz square wave is activated upon acceptance of a valid key input, after the 32 ms debounce time. The square wave terminates after a maximum of 30 ms or when the valid key is no longer present. In pulse mode, all key entries activate the pacifier tone. In tone mode, any non-DTMF key (LND, FLASH, MEM, PROG) entry activates the pacifier tone. When programming the chip, all valid key entries activate the pacifier tone in either pulse or tone mode.

The CHIP DISABLE is an input. When pin 11 is switched low through a resistor (10 K to 100 K), the MK53761 is enabled. When pin 11 is switched to V+ through the resistor, all keypad inputs are pulled high, and the MK53761 will ignore all keypad inputs. When the chip is disabled, it will not dial, and it cannot be programmed. The chip can only be disabled when the circuit is inactive (not dialing) and Pin 12 is switched high.

Table 2 : DTMF Output Frequency.

| Key Input | Standard Frequency | Actual Frequency | % Deviation | |
|-----------|--------------------|------------------|-------------|--------|
| ROW | 1 | 697 | 699.1 | + 0.31 |
| | 2 | 770 | 766.2 | - 0.49 |
| | 3 | 852 | 847.4 | - 0.54 |
| | 4 | 941 | 948.0 | + 0.74 |
| COL | 1 | 1209 | 1215.9 | + 0.57 |
| | 2 | 1336 | 1331.7 | - 0.32 |
| | 3 | 1477 | 1471.9 | - 0.35 |

MUTE OUTPUT

Output. Pin 12. This pin is the MUTE OUTPUT for both tone and pulse modes. Timing is dependent upon mode.

The MUTE OUTPUT consists of an open drain N-channel device. During standby, the output is high impedance and generally has an external pullup resistor to the positive supply.

In the tone mode, MUTE OUTPUT is used to remove the transmitter and the receiver from the network during DTMF signaling. During dialing, MUTE OUTPUT is active continuously until dialing is completed. MUTE OUTPUT goes active when any key is pushed.

In the pulse mode, MUTE OUTPUT is used to remove the receiver and the network from the line. Different circuitry is required for tone and pulse muting external to the IC and applications using both modes would not necessarily share circuitry. MUTE OUTPUT timing is shown in Figure 8 for pulse mode sig-

aling and Figure 7 for tone mode signaling. MUTE OUTPUT is active during each digit, and not active during the interdigit time. In both tone and pulse modes, MUTE OUTPUT goes active 40 ms before PULSE OUTPUT for a FLASH. Figure 8 illustrates the timing for this pin.

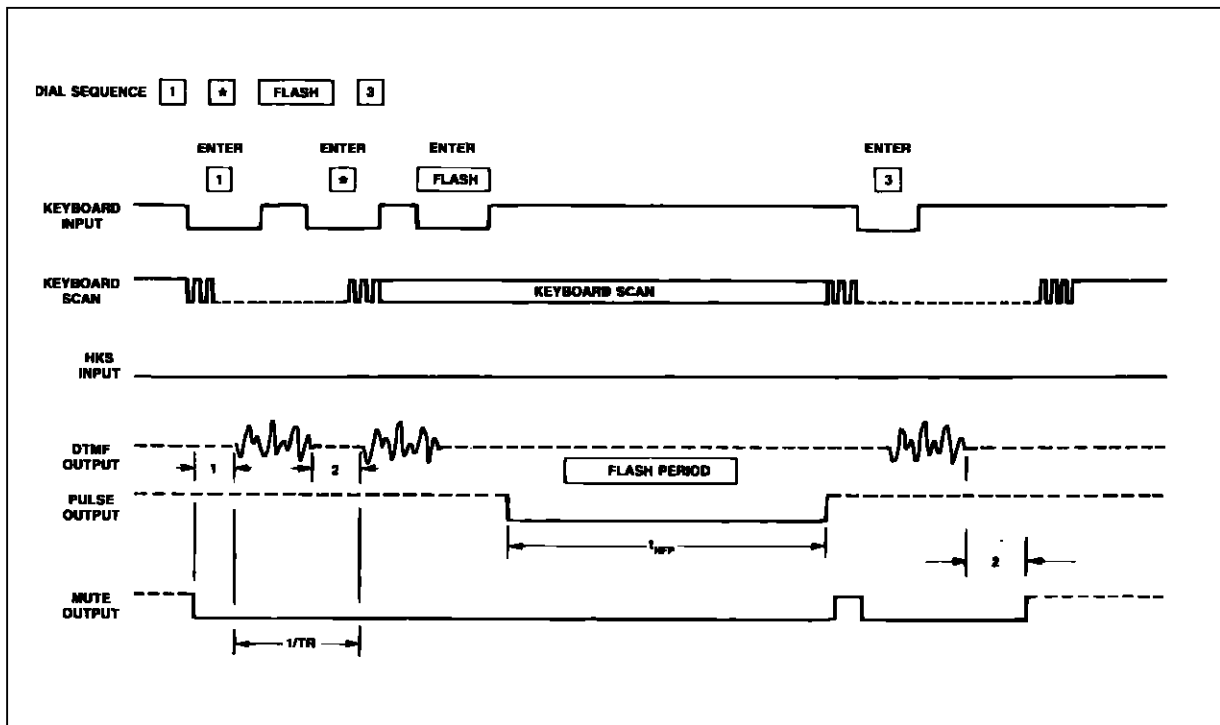
HKS

Input. Pin 17. Pin 17 is the hookswitch input to the MK53761. This is a high-impedance input and must be switched high for on-hook operation or low for off-hook operation. A transition on this input causes the on-chip logic to initialize, terminating any operation in progress at the time. The signaling mode defaults to the mode selected at pin 2.

PULSE OUTPUT

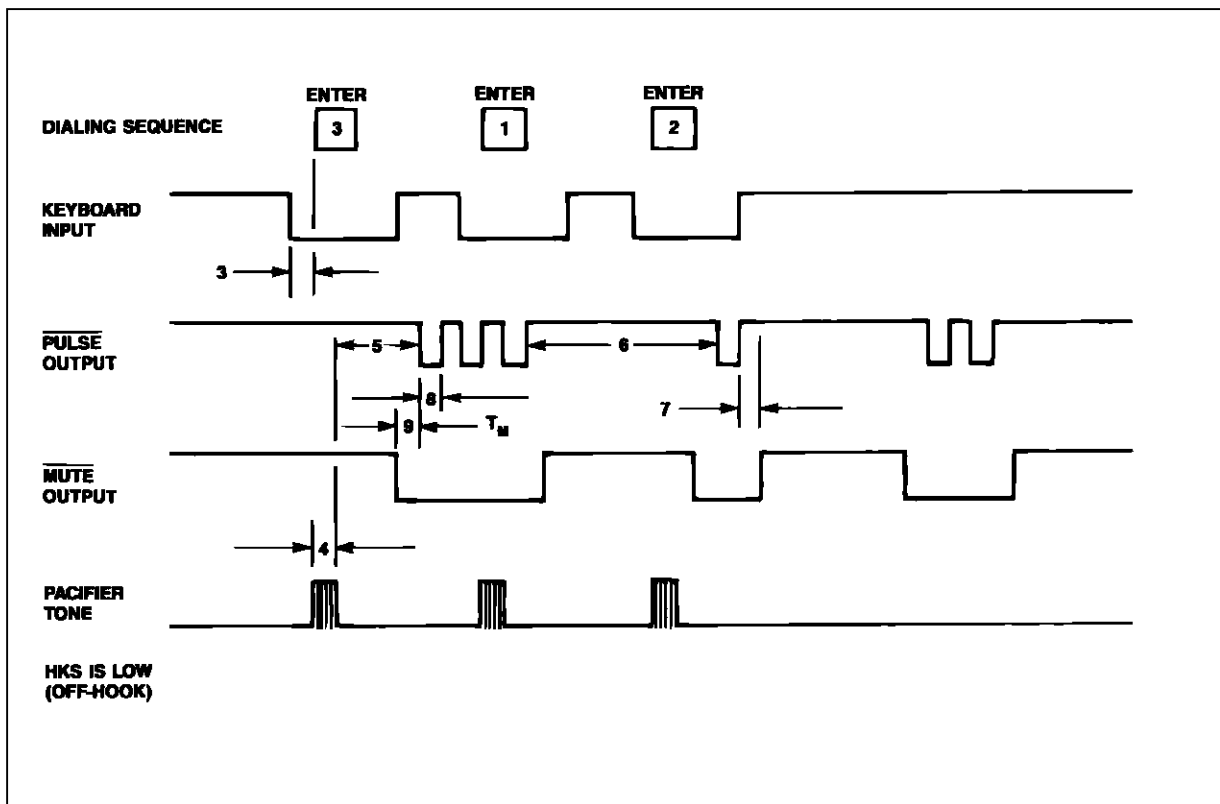
Output. Pin 18. This is an output consisting of an open drain N-channel device. In either pulse or tone mode, the FLASH key will cause a 560 ms output pulse at pin 18.

Figure 7 : Tone Mode Timing.



- Notes :
1. For this example, key entries are ≤ 75 ms, but ≥ 32 ms.
 2. MUTE goes active after any key is depressed.

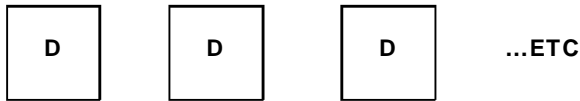
Figure 8 : Pulse Mode Timing.



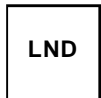
DEVICE OPERATION

When the MK53761 is not actively dialing, it consumes very little current. Row and Column inputs assume opposite states off-hook. The circuit verifies that a valid key has been entered by alternately scanning the Row and Column inputs. If the input is still valid following 32 ms of debounce, the digit is stored into memory, and dialing begins after a pre-signal delay of approximately 40 ms (measured from initial key closure). Output tone duration is shown in Table 1.

The MK53761 allows manual dialing of an indefinite number of digits, but if more than 18 digits are dialed per number, the 53761 will "wrap around". That is, the extra digits beyond 18 will be stored at the beginning of the LND buffer, and the first 18 digits will no longer be available for redial. During autodial from LND or any memory location, key inputs are not accepted, but they will suspend dialing until released.

NORMAL DIALING (off-hook)

Normal dialing is straightforward, all keyboard entries will be stored in the buffer and signaled in succession.

LAST NUMBER DIALED (LND)

Last number dialing is accomplished by entering the LND key.

HOOK FLASH

Hook flash may be entered into the dialed sequence at any point by keying in the function key, FLASH.

Flash consists of a timed Break of 560 ms. The FLASH function is stored in memory, but it will not be redialed as such. When a FLASH key is pressed, no further key inputs will be accepted until the hook-flash function (560 ms break) has been dialed. The key input following a FLASH will be stored as the initial digit of a new number (overwriting the number dialed prior to the FLASH) unless it is another FLASH. Consecutive FLASH entries after a number is dialed will be stored sequentially in the LND memory and a subsequent LND entry will cause the redial of that number with a delay, but not hookflash breaks, at the end of the redialing sequence. When redialing in tone mode, MUTE OUTPUT will remain active during the flash delay period.

SOFTSWITCH

When dialing in the pulse mode, a softswitch feature will allow a change to the tone mode whenever the * key is depressed. Subsequent * key inputs will cause the DTMF code for an * to be dialed. The softswitch will only switch from pulse to tone. After returning to on-hook and back to off-hook, the part will be in pulse mode. Redial by the LND key will repeat the softswitch.

PROGRAMMING AND REPERTORY DIALING

Programming is independent of HKS (pin 17) and MODE (pin 2).

To program, enter the following :

PROG, Digit 1, Digit 2, ..., MEM, Location (1-9).

When programming, dialing is inhibited.

To dial a number from repertory memory (HKS must be low) enter the following :

MEM, Location (1-9).

To save the last number dialed : PROG, MEM, Location (1-9).

Table 3 : Special Function Delays.

Each delay shown below represents the time required from after the special function key is depressed until a new digit can be dialed.

The time is considered "FIRST" key is all previous inputs have been completed dialed. The time is considered "AUTO" if in redial, or previous dialing is still in progress.

| Function | First/Auto | Pulse | Tone |
|------------|---------------|--------------|------|
| SOFTSWITCH | FIRST AUTO | 0.40 1.10 | |

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS*

| Parameter | Value | Unit |
|-----------------------------------|---|------|
| DC Supply Voltage | 6.5 | V |
| Operating Temperature | - 20 to +60 | °C |
| Storage Temperature | - 55 to + 125 | °C |
| Maximum Power Dissipation (25 °C) | 500 | mW |
| Maximum Voltage on any Pin | (V ⁺) + .3 ; (V ⁻) - .3 | V |

* All specifications are for 2.5 Volt operation and full operating temperature range unless otherwise stated.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T_{amb} = 25°C unless otherwise specified)**DC CHARACTERISTICS**

| Symbol | Parameter | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit | Notes |
|--------------------|---|------------|------|------------|----------|-------|
| V+ TONE | DC Operating Voltage (tone mode) | 2.5 | | 6.0 | V | |
| V _{MR} | Memory Retention Voltage | 1.5 | | | V | 1. 6 |
| I _S | Standby Current | | 0.4 | 1.0 | μA | 1 |
| I _{MR} | Memory Retention Current | | 0.15 | 0.75 | μA | 5. 6 |
| V _{MUTE} | Mute Output Operating Voltage | 1.8 | | | V | 7 |
| I _T | Operating Current (tone) | | 300 | 600 | μA | 2 |
| I _P | Operating Current (pulse) | | 150 | 250 | μA | 2 |
| | Operating Current On-hook Program Mode Key Operated No-key Operated | | | 200 1 | μA μA | |
| I _{ML} | Mute Output (2.5 Volts) Sink Current (4.0 Volts) | 1.0 3.0 | | | mA mA | 3 |
| I _{PL} | Pulse Output Sink Current | 1.0 | 2.0 | | mA | 3 |
| I _{PC} | Pacifier Tone Sink/Source | 250 | 500 | | μA | 4 |
| K _{RU} | Keypad Pullup Resistance | | 100 | | kΩ | |
| K _{RD} | Keypad Pulldown Resistance | | 500 | | Ω | |
| V _{IL} | Keypad Input Level-low | 0 | | 0.3 V + | V | |
| V _{IH} | Keypad Input Level-high | 0.7 V + | | V + | V | |
| V _{PULSE} | Operating Voltage (pulse mode) | 1.8 | | 6.0 | V | |

- Notes** :
1. All inputs unloaded. Quiescent mode (oscillator off).
 2. All outputs unloaded, single key input.
 3. V_{OUT} = 0.4 Volts.
 4. Sink current for V_{OUT} = 0.5 Volts, Source Current for V_{OUT} = 2.0 Volts.
 5. Memory Retention Voltage is the point where memory is guaranteed but circuit operation is not.
 6. Proper memory retention is guaranteed if either the minimum I_{MR} is provided or the minimum V_{MR}. The design does not have to provide both the minimum current or voltage simultaneously.
 7. Minimum voltage where activation of mute output with key entry is ensured.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

AC CHARACTERISTICS – TONE MODE

| N° | Symbol | Parameter | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit | Notes |
|----|------------------|---|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------------------|-----------|
| | T _{NK} | Tone Output no Key Down | | | - 80 | dBm | 1 |
| | T _{Oi} | Tone Output (independent) | - 13 173 | - 12 194 | - 11 218 | dBm mV _{rms} | 1, 2 3 |
| | PE _i | Pre-emphasis, High Band | 1.4 | 2.0 | 2.6 | dB | |
| | DC _i | Tone Output DC Bias V + = 2.5 V + = 3.5 | | 1.25 1.5 | | V | |
| | R _E | Tone Output Load | | 10 | | kΩ | 4 |
| | T _{RIS} | Tone Output Rise Time | | 1.0 | | ms | 5 |
| | DIS | Output Distortion | | 5.0 | 8.0 | % | 3 |
| | TR | Tone Signaling Rate | | 8.0 | | 1/sec | |
| 1 | T _{PSD} | Pre-signal Delay | 40 | | | ms | 6 |
| 2 | T _{ISD} | Inter-signal Delay (repertory) | | 54 | | ms | |
| | T _{DUR} | Tone Output Duration (repertory) | | 74 | | ms | |

- Notes :
- 0 dBm equals 1 mW power into 600 Ω or 775 mVolts. Important note : the MK53761 is designed to drive a 10 kΩ load. The 600 Ω load is only for reference.
 - Single tone (low group), as measured at pin 10, T_A = 25°C.
 - Supply voltage = 2.5V; R_E = 10 kΩ. T_{Oi} increases typically of 10mVrms with V_S = 6V.
 - Supply voltage = 2.5 volts.
 - Time from beginning of tone output waveform to 90 % of final magnitude of either frequency. Crystal parameters suggested for proper operation are R_s < 100 Ω, L_m = 96 mH, C_m = 0.02 pF, C_n = 5 pF, f = 3.579545 MHz, and C_L = 18 pF.
 - Time from initial key input until begining of signaling.

**AC CHARACTERISTICS – KEYPAD INPUTS, PACIFIER TONE
(numbers in left hand column refer to the timing diagrams.)**

| N° | Symbol | Parameter | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit | Notes |
|----|------------------|-------------------------|------|------|------|------|-------|
| 3 | T _{KD} | Keypad Debounce Time | | 32 | | ms | 1 |
| | F _{KS} | Keypad Scan Frequency | | 250 | | Hz | 1 |
| | F _{PT} | Frequency Pacifier Tone | | 500 | | Hz | 1 |
| 4 | T _{PT} | Pacifier Tone Duration | | 30 | | ms | 1 |
| | T _{HFP} | Hookflash Timing | | 560 | | ms | 1 |

- Note : 1. Crystal oscillator accuracy directly affects these times

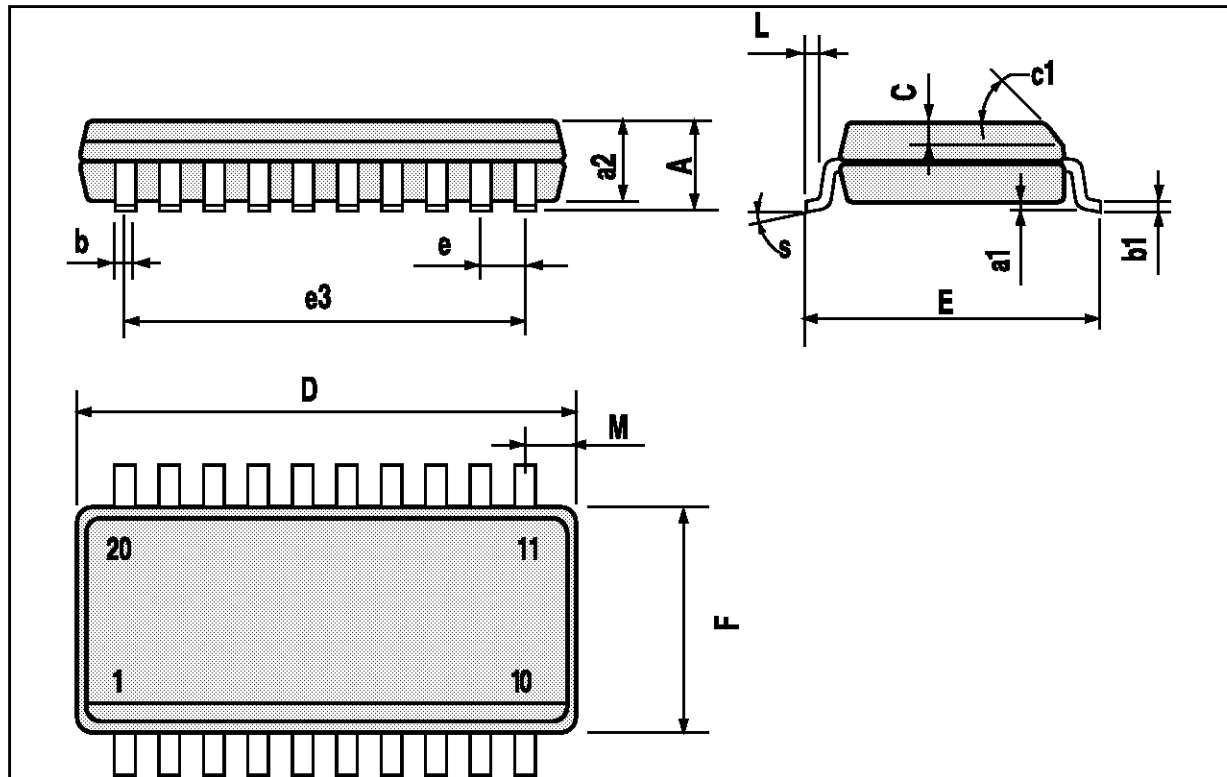
AC CHARACTERISTICS – PULSE MODE OPERATION

| N° | Symbol | Parameter | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit | Notes |
|----|-----------------|--------------------|------|------|------|------|-------|
| | P _R | Pulse Rate | | 10 | | PPS | 1 |
| 5 | PDP | Predigital Pause | | 48 | | ms | 2 |
| 6 | IDP | Interdigital Pause | | 740 | | ms | 2 |
| 7 | T _{MO} | Mute Overlap Time | | 2 | | ms | 2 |
| 8 | T _B | Break Time | | 60 | | ms | 2 |
| 9 | T _M | Make Time | | 40 | | ms | 2 |

- Notes :
- 10 PPS is the nominal rate.
 - Figure 8 illustrates this relationship.

SO20 PACKAGE MECHANICAL DATA

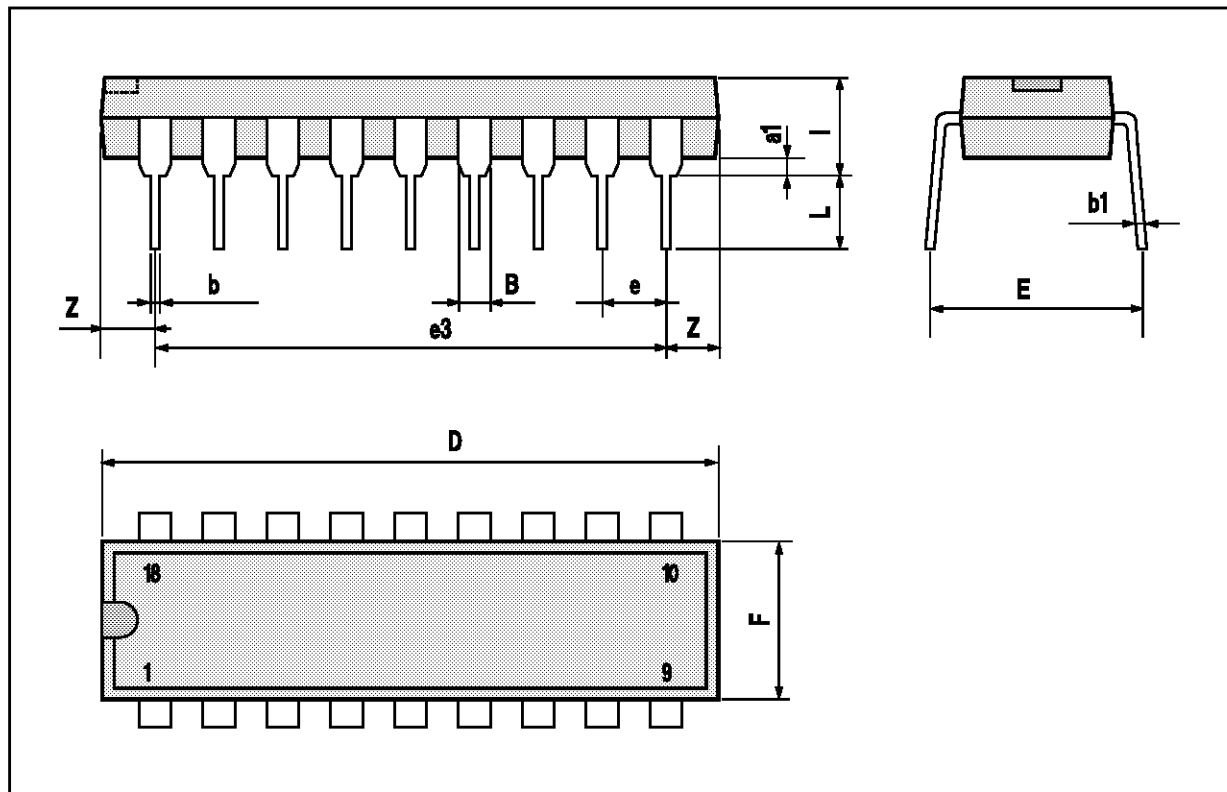
| DIM. | mm | | | inch | | |
|------|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Min. | Typ. | Max. |
| A | | | 2.65 | | | 0.104 |
| a1 | 0.1 | | 0.2 | 0.004 | | 0.008 |
| a2 | | | 2.45 | | | 0.096 |
| b | 0.35 | | 0.49 | 0.014 | | 0.019 |
| b1 | 0.23 | | 0.32 | 0.009 | | 0.013 |
| C | | 0.5 | | | 0.020 | |
| c1 | 45° (typ.) | | | | | |
| D | 12.6 | | 13.0 | 0.496 | | 0.510 |
| E | 10 | | 10.65 | 0.394 | | 0.419 |
| e | | 1.27 | | | 0.050 | |
| e3 | | 11.43 | | | 0.450 | |
| F | 7.4 | | 7.6 | 0.291 | | 0.300 |
| L | 0.5 | | 1.27 | 0.020 | | 0.050 |
| M | | | 0.75 | | | 0.030 |
| S | 8° (max.) | | | | | |



MK53761

DIP18 PACKAGE MECHANICAL DATA

| DIM. | mm | | | inch | | |
|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. |
| a1 | 0.254 | | | 0.010 | | |
| B | 1.39 | | 1.65 | 0.055 | | 0.064 |
| b | | 0.46 | | | 0.018 | |
| b1 | | 0.25 | | | 0.010 | |
| D | | | 23.24 | | | 0.914 |
| E | | 8.5 | | | 0.335 | |
| e | | 2.54 | | | 0.100 | |
| e3 | | 20.32 | | | 0.800 | |
| F | | | 7.1 | | | 0.280 |
| I | | | 3.93 | | | 0.155 |
| L | | 3.3 | | | 0.130 | |
| Z | | 1.27 | 1.59 | | 0.050 | 0.062 |



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