

**MINIATURE SIGNAL RELAY
MR62 SERIES****General purpose type**

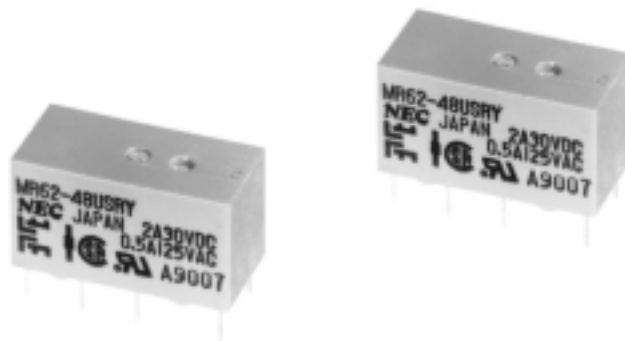
The MR62 series is a nonlatch type relay with 2 form c contact arrangements, and suitable for the switching of signals in telecommunications equipment, an industrial equipment, audio/visual sets, and so forth.

FEATURES

- Compact and light weight
- DIP terminal
- 2 form c contact arrangement
- 1500 V FCC surge between open contacts (K, KY type)
- 400 mW nominal operate power. (Y, KY type)
- UL recognized (E73266), CAS certified (LR46266)

APPLICATIONS

Switching systems, PBX, telephone, measuring instruments, factory automation control systems, alarm devices, and other electronic equipment

**For Right Use of Miniature Relays****DO NOT EXCEED MAXIMUM RATINGS.**

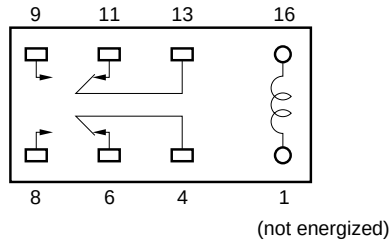
Do not use relays under exceeding conditions such as over ambient temperature, over voltage and over current. Incorrect use could result in abnormal heating, damage to related parts or cause burning.

READ CAUTIONS IN THE SELECTION GUIDE.

Read the cautions described in NEC'S "Miniature Relays" (ER0046EJ*) when you choose relays for your application.

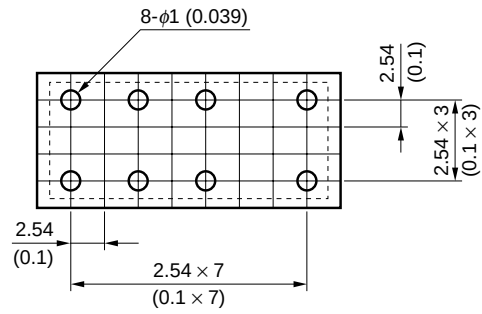
The information in this document is subject to change without notice. Before using this document, please confirm that this is the latest version.

PIN CONFIGURATIONS (BOTTOM VIEW)



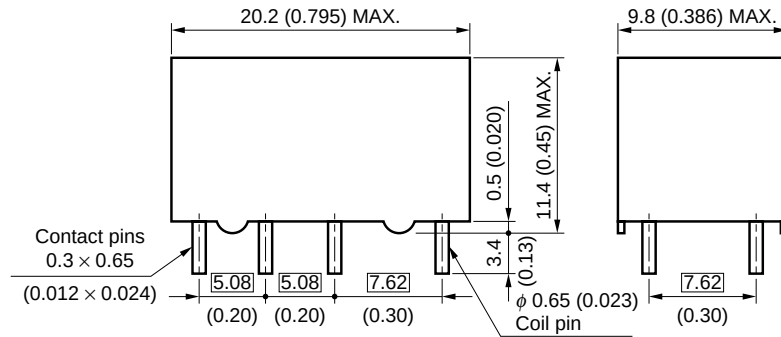
Note The coil has no polarity.

PAD LAYOUT Unit: mm (inch)



Note General tolerance ± 0.2 (0.008) mm

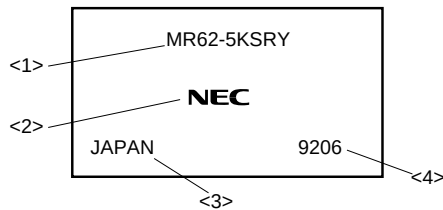
OUTLINE DRAWINGS AND DIMENSIONS Unit: mm (inch)



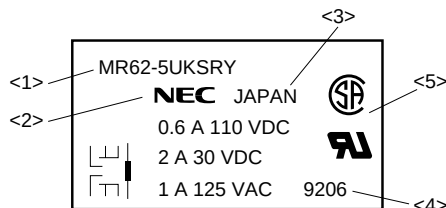
Note The tolerance is ± 0.2 (0.008) unless otherwise specified.
The dimension in the box shows basic size.

MAKING (SIDE VIEW)

General type



UL recognized, CSA certified type



- <1> Part number
- <2> Manufacturer
- <3> Country of origin
- <4> Date code
- <5> UL, CSA marking

SPECIFICATIONS

Types		MR62-**	MR62-**K**	MR62-****Y	MR62-**K*Y
Contact Form		2 Form c			
Contact Material		Silver alloy with gold alloy overlay			
Contact Ratings	Maximum Switching Power	60 W, 125 A			
	Maximum Switching Voltage	220 Vdc, 250 Vac			
	Maximum Switching Current	2 A			
	Maximum Carrying Current	2 A			
Minimum Contact Ratings		100 mVdc, 100 μA			
Initial Contact Resistance		50 mΩtyp. (Intial)			
Nominal Operating Power		Approx. 550 mW		Approx. 400 mW	
Operate Time (Excluding bounce)		Approx. 2.5 ms	Approx. 3.5ms	Approx. 2.5 ms	
Release Time (Excluding bounce without diode)		Approx. 2 ms			
Insulation Resistance		1000 MΩ at 500 Vdc			
Withstand Voltage	Between open contacts	500 Vac ¹	1000 Vac ¹ 1500 V surge ²	500 Vac ¹	1000 Vac ¹ 1500 V surge ²
	Between adjacent contacts	1000 Vac ¹ 1500 V surge ²			
	Between coil to contacts				
Shock Resistance		294 m/s ² (misoperating) 980 m/s ² (destructive failure)			
Vibration Resistance		10 to 55 Hz, double amplitude 1.5 mm (misoperating) 10 to 55 Hz, double amplitude 5 mm (destructive failure)			
Ambient Temperature		−40 to +85°C (−40 to +70°C at 48 V coil)			
Coil Temperature Rise		40°C (550 mW)	40°C (550 mW)	35°C (400 mW)	
Running Specifications	Nonload	10 × 10 ⁶ operations			
	Load	50 Vdc, 0.1 A (resistive) 1 × 10 ⁶ operations at 85°C, 5 Hz			
		10 Vdc, 10 mA (resistive) 1 × 10 ⁶ operations at 85°C, 2 Hz			
Weight		Approx. 5 g			

*1 for one minute

*2 rise time: 10 μ s, decay time to half crest: 160 μ s.

PART NUMBER SYSTEM

MR62-5UKSRY	
Nominal operate power	
Nil : 550 mW	
Y : 400 mW	
Contact material	
Nil : Silver-palladium alloy with gold alloy overlay	
R : Silver-nickel alloy with gold alloy overlay	
Sealed type (Washable)	
Breakdown voltage between open contacts	
Nil : 500 Vac	
K : 1000 Vac	
Safety standard	
Nil : Standard type	
U : UL recognized CSA certified type	
Nominal coil voltage (See part numbers)	

SAFETY STANDARD AND RATING

UL Recognized (UL508)* File No E73266	CSA Certificated (CSA C22.2 No14) File No LA46266
30 Vdc, 2 A (Resistive) 110 Vdc, 0.6 A (Resistive) 125 Vac, 1 A (Resistive)	

*Spacing: UL114, UL478

PRODUCT LINEUP

- Remarks:** 1. Drive under nominal coil voltage. If it is impossible, please inquire of NEC.
 2. Must Operate Voltage and Must Release Voltage are tested by pulse voltage.
 3. MAXIMUM COIL VOLTAGE is maximum value of permissible alteration.
 At continuous use of the voltage, please Inquiry for NEC.

Standard type

(at 20°C)

Part Number	Nominal Voltage (Vdc)	Coil Resistance (Ω)±10%	Must Operate Voltage (Vdc)	Must Release Voltage (Vdc)
MR62-5SR	5	42	3.1	0.25
MR62-6SR	6	66	3.9	0.33
MR62-9SR	9	140	5.7	0.45
MR62-12SR	12	280	8.1	0.68
MR62-24SR	24	1050	15.8	1.3
MR62-48SR	48	4200	34.4	2.6

High-breakdown voltage type

(at 20°C)

Part Number	Nominal Voltage (Vdc)	Coil Resistance (Ω)±10%	Must Operate Voltage (Vdc)	Must Release Voltage (Vdc)
MR62-5KSR	5	42	3.5	0.25
MR62-6KSR	6	66	4.2	0.33
MR62-9KSR	9	140	6.3	0.45
MR62-12KSR	12	280	8.4	0.68
MR62-24KSR	24	1050	16.8	1.3
MR62-48KSR	48	4200	38.4	2.6

Low power consumption type

(at 20°C)

Part Number	Nominal Voltage (Vdc)	Coil Resistance (Ω)±10%	Must Operate Voltage (Vdc)	Must Release Voltage (Vdc)
MR62-5SR Y	5	62.5	3.5	0.25
MR62-6SR Y	6	90	4.2	0.33
MR62-9SR Y	9	202.5	6.3	0.45
MR62-12SR Y	12	360	8.4	0.68
MR62-24SR Y	24	1440	16.8	1.3
MR62-48SR Y	48	5760	34.4	2.6

High-breakdown voltage, low power consumption type

(at 20°C)

Part Number	Nominal Voltage (Vdc)	Coil Resistance (Ω) $\pm 10\%$	Must Operate Voltage (Vdc)	Must Release Voltage (Vdc)
MR62-5KSR	5	62.5	3.5	0.25
MR62-6KSR	6	90	4.2	0.33
MR62-9KSR	9	202.5	6.3	0.45
MR62-12KSR	12	360	8.4	0.68
MR62-24KSR	24	1440	16.8	1.3
MR62-48KSR	48	5360	38.4	2.6

Standard type (UL recognized, CSA certified)

(at 20°C)

Part Number	Nominal Voltage (Vdc)	Coil Resistance (Ω) $\pm 10\%$	Must Operate Voltage (Vdc)	Must Release Voltage (Vdc)
MR62-5USR	5	42	3.1	0.25
MR62-6USR	6	66	3.9	0.33
MR62-9USR	9	140	5.7	0.45
MR62-12USR	12	280	8.1	0.68
MR62-24USR	24	1050	15.8	1.3
MR62-48USR	48	4200	34.4	2.6

High-breakdown voltage type (UL recognized, CSA certified)

(at 20°C)

Part Number	Nominal Voltage (Vdc)	Coil Resistance (Ω) $\pm 10\%$	Must Operate Voltage (Vdc)	Must Release Voltage (Vdc)
MR62-5UKSR	5	42	3.5	0.25
MR62-6UKSR	6	66	4.2	0.33
MR62-9UKSR	9	140	6.3	0.45
MR62-12UKSR	12	280	8.4	0.68
MR62-24UKSR	24	1050	16.8	1.3
MR62-48UKSR	48	4200	38.4	2.6

Low power consumption type (UL recognized, CSA certified)

(at 20°C)

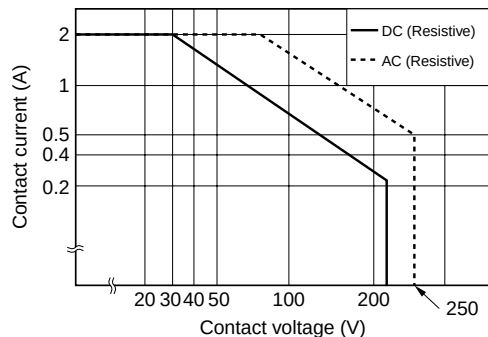
Part Number	Nominal Voltage (Vdc)	Coil Resistance (Ω)±10%	Must Operate Voltage (Vdc)	Must Release Voltage (Vdc)
MR62-5USRY	5	62.5	3.5	0.25
MR62-6USRY	6	90	4.2	0.33
MR62-9USRY	9	202.5	6.3	0.45
MR62-12USRY	12	360	8.4	0.68
MR62-24USRY	24	1440	16.8	1.3
MR62-48USRY	48	5760	34.4	2.6

High-breakdown voltage, low power consumption type (UL recognized, CSA certified)

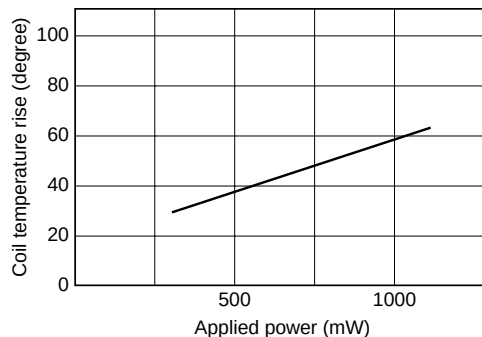
(at 20°C)

Part Number	Nominal Voltage (Vdc)	Coil Resistance (Ω)±10%	Must Operate Voltage (Vdc)	Must Release Voltage (Vdc)
MR62-5KSRy	5	62.5	3.5	0.25
MR62-6KSRy	6	90	4.2	0.33
MR62-9KSRy	9	202.5	6.3	0.45
MR62-12KSRy	12	360	8.4	0.68
MR62-24KSRy	24	1440	16.8	1.3
MR62-48KSRy	48	5360	38.4	2.6

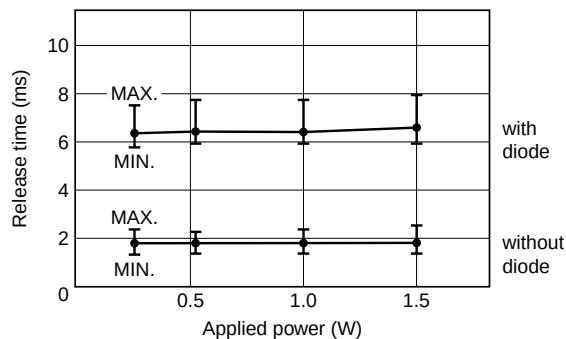
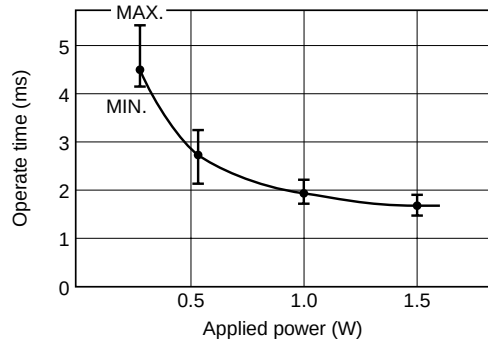
SWITCHING CAPACITY



COIL TEMPERATURE RISE

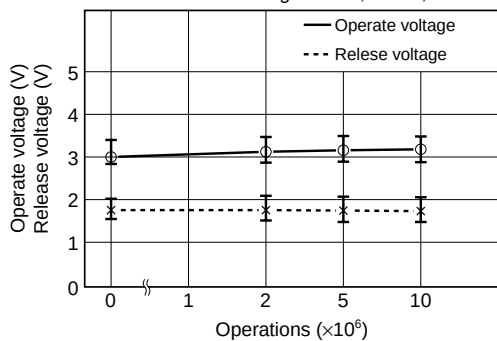


APPLIED VOLTAGE vs. TIMING

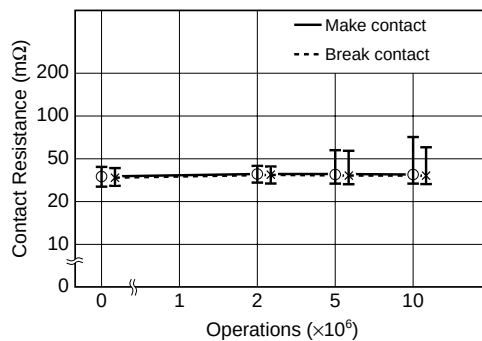


RUNNING TEST (Nonload)

Sample: MR62-5SR 20 pieces
Driving: 5 V dc, 50 Hz, 50% duty

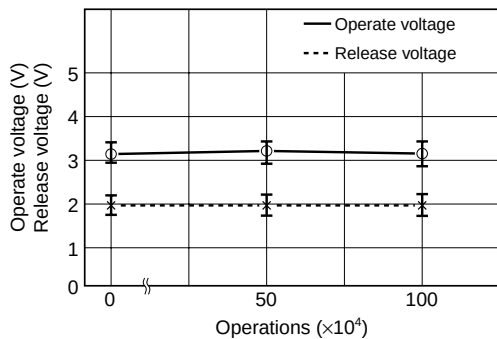


Ambient temperature: Room temperature

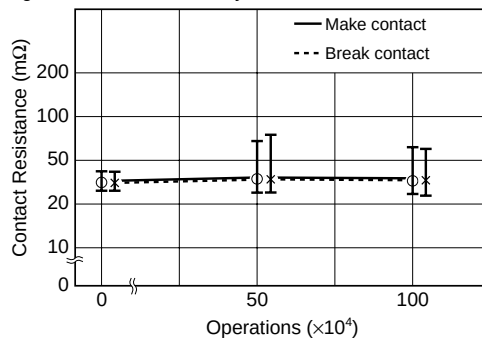


RUNNING TEST (Load)

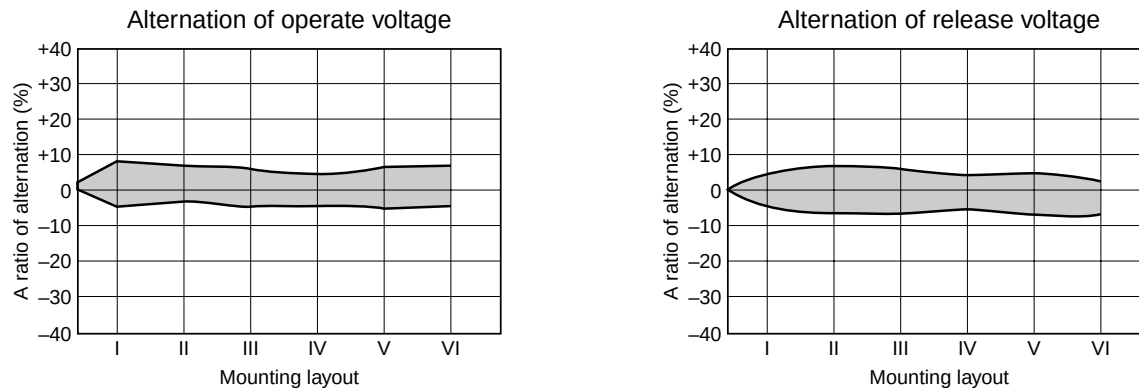
Sample: MR62-5SR 10 pieces
Load: 50 V dc, 0.1 A Resistive



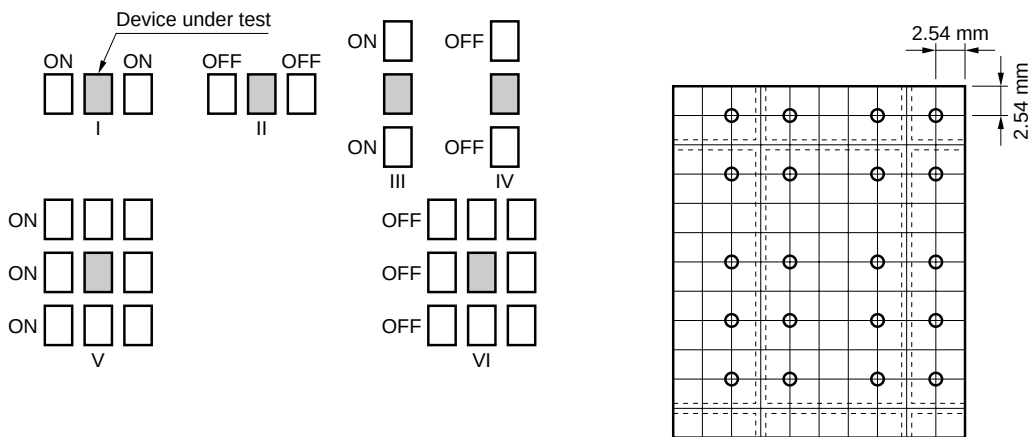
Ambient temperature: Room temperature
Driving: 5 V dc, 2 Hz, 50% duty



ALTERNATION OF VOLTAGE AT DENSELY MOUNTING (Magnet interference)



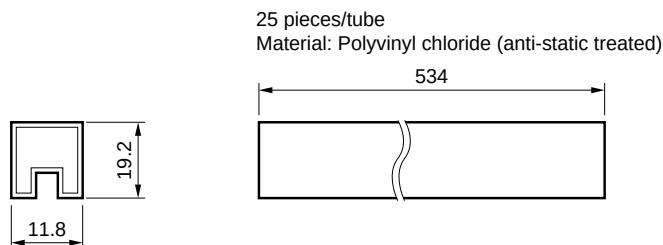
Note The installation method and the installation pitch of the relay in this examination are as follows.



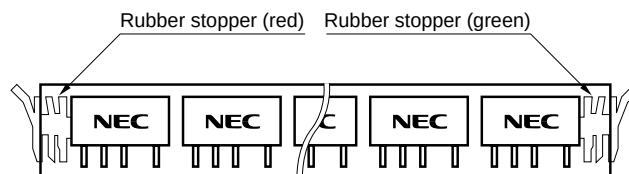
PACKAGE

The relay is stuffed the tube as follows, packed, and shipped.

Dimension of Relay Tube (Unit: mm)



Outline of Package



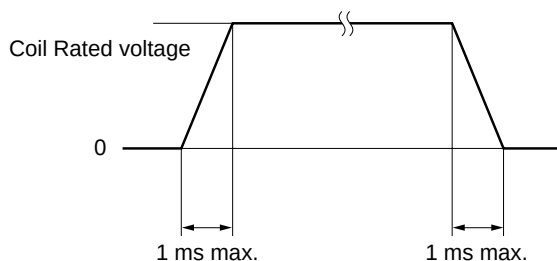
Notes on Correct Use

1. Notes on contact load

Make sure that the contact load is within the specified range; otherwise, the lifetime of the contacts will be shortened considerably. Note that the running performance shown is an example, and that it varies depending on parameters such as the type of load, switching frequency, driver circuit, and ambient temperature under the actual operating conditions. Evaluate the performance by using the actual circuit before using the relay.

2. Driving relays

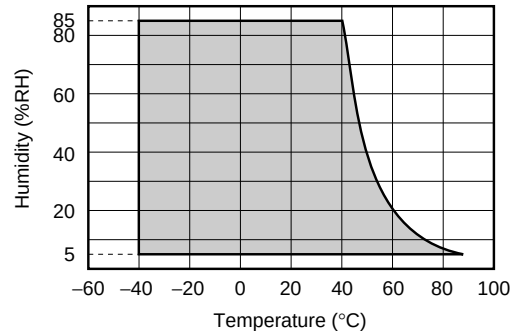
- If the internal connection diagram of a relay shows + and – symbols on the coil, apply the rated voltage to the relay in the specified direction. If a rippled DC current source is used, abnormalities such as beat at the coil may occur.
- The maximum voltage that can be applied to the coil of the relay varies depending on the ambient temperature. Generally, the higher the voltage applied to the coil, the shorter the operating time. Note, however, that a high voltage also increases the bounce of the contacts and the contact opening and closing frequency, which may shorten the lifetime of the contacts.
- If the driving voltage waveform of the relay coil rises and falls gradually, the inherent performance of the relay may not be fully realized. Make sure that the voltage waveform instantaneously rises and falls as a pulse.



- For a latching relay, apply a voltage to the coil according to the polarity specified in the internal connection diagram of the relay.
- If a current is applied to the coil over a long period of time, the coil temperature rises, promoting generation of organic gas inside the relay, which may result in faulty contacts. In this case, use of a latching relay is recommended.
- The operating time and release time indicate the time required for each contact to close after the voltage has been applied to or removed from the coil. However, because the relay has a mechanical structure, a bounce state exists at the end of the operating and release times. Furthermore, because additional time is required until the contact stabilizes after being in a high-resistance state, care must be taken when using the relay at high speeds.

3. Operating environment

- Make sure that the relay mounted in the application set is used within the specified temperature range. Use of a relay at a temperature outside this range may adversely affect insulation or contact performance.
- If the relay is used for a long period of time in highly humid (RH 85% or higher) environment, moisture may be absorbed into the relay. This moisture may react with the NOx and SOx generated by glow discharges that occur when the contacts are opened or closed, producing nitric or sulfuric acid. If this happens, the acid produced may corrode the metallic parts of the relay, causing operational malfunction.
- Because the operating temperature range varies depending on the humidity, use the relay in the temperature range illustrated in the figure below. Prevent the relay from being frozen and avoid the generation of condensation.



- The relay maintains constant sealability under normal atmospheric pressure (810 to 1,200 hpa). Its sealability may be degraded or the relay may be deformed and malfunction if it is used under barometric conditions exceeding the specified range.
- The same applies when the relay is stored or transported. Keep the upper-limit value of the temperature to which the relay is exposed after it is removed from the carton box to within 50°C.
- If excessive vibration or shock is applied to the relay, it may malfunction and the contacts remain closed. Vibration or shock applied to the relay during operation may cause considerable damage to or wearing of the contacts. Note that operation of a snap switch mounted close to the relay or shock due to the operation of magnetic solenoid may also cause malfunctioning.

4. Notes on mounting relays

- When mounting a relay onto a PC board using an automatic chip mounter, if excessive force is applied to the cover of the relay when the relay is chucked or inserted, the cover may be damaged or the characteristics of the relay degraded. Keep the force applied to the relay to within 1 kg.
- Avoid bending the pins to temporarily secure the relay to the PC board. Bending the pins may degrade sealability or adversely affect the internal mechanism.
- It is recommended to solder the relay onto a PC board under the following conditions:
 - <1> Reflow soldering
Refer to the recommended soldering temperature profile.
 - <2> Flow soldering
Solder temperature: 250°C max., Time: 5 to 10 seconds, Preheating: 100°C max./1 minute max.
 - <3> Manual soldering
Solder temperature: 350°C, Time: 2 to 3 seconds
- Ventilation immediately after soldering is recommended. Avoid immersing the relay in cleaning solvent immediately after soldering due to the danger of thermal shock being applied to the relay.
- Use an alcohol-based or water-based cleaning solvent. Never use thinner and benzene because they may damage the relay housing.
- Do not use ultrasonic cleaning because the vibration energy generated by the ultrasonic waves may cause the contacts to remain closed.

5. Handling

- Relays are packaged in magazine cases for shipment. If a space is created in the case after some relays have been removed, be sure to insert a stopper to secure the remaining relays in the case. If relays are not well secured, vibration during transportation may cause malfunctioning of the contacts.
- Exercise care in handling the relay so as to avoid dropping it or allowing it to fall. Do not use a relay that has been dropped. If a relay drops from a workbench to the floor, a shock of 9,800 m/s² (1,000 G) or more is applied to the relay, possibly damaging its functions. Even if a light shock has been applied to the relay, thoroughly evaluate its operation before using it.
- Latching relays are factory-set to the reset state for shipment. A latching relay may be set, however, by vibration or shock applied while being transported. Be sure to forcibly reset the relay before using it in the application set. Also note that the relay may be set by unexpected vibration or shock when it is used in a portable set.
- The sealability of a surface-mount relay may be lost if the relay absorbs moisture and is then heated during soldering. When storing relays, therefore, observe the following points:
 1. The storage humidity must be no more than 70% RH. The recommended storage period is 3 months maximum.
 2. To store the relay for 3 months or longer, keep the storage humidity to within 50% RH. Do not store the relay for more than 6 months.

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"Standard," "Special," and "Specific". The Specific quality grade applies only to devices developed based on a customer designated "quality assurance program" for a specific application. The recommended applications of a device depend on its quality grade, as indicated below. Customers must check the quality grade of each device before using it in a particular application.

Standard: Computers, office equipment, communications equipment, test and measurement equipment, audio and visual equipment, home electronic appliances, machine tools, personal electronic equipment and industrial robots

Special: Transportation equipment (automobiles, trains, ships, etc.), traffic control systems, anti-disaster systems, anti-crime systems, safety equipment and medical equipment (not specifically designed for life support)

Specific: Aircrafts, aerospace equipment, submersible repeaters, nuclear reactor control systems, life support systems or medical equipment for life support, etc.

The quality grade of NEC devices is "Standard" unless otherwise specified in NEC's Data Sheets or Data Books. If customers intend to use NEC devices for applications other than those specified for Standard quality grade, they should contact an NEC sales representative in advance.

(Note)

(1) "NEC" as used in this statement means NEC Corporation and also includes its majority-owned subsidiaries.

(2) "NEC electronic component products" means any electronic component product developed or manufactured by or for NEC (as defined above).

DE0202

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