

TOSHIBA PHOTOCOUPLER GaAlAs IRED + PHOTO IC

TLP751

DIGITAL LOGIC GROUND ISOLATION

LINE RECEIVER

MICROPROCESSOR SYSTEM INTERFACES

SWITCHING POWER SUPPLY FEEDBACK CONTROL

ANALOG SIGNAL ISOLATION

The TOSHIBA TLP751 Consists of GaAlAs high-output light emitting diode and a high speed detector of one chip photo diode-transistor. This unit is 8-lead DIP.

TLP751 has internal base connection. This base pin should be used for analog application or enable operation. If base pin is open, output signal will be noisy by environmental condition. For this case, TLP750 is suitable.

- Switching Speed : $t_{pHL}=0.3\mu s$ (Typ.)
 $t_{pLH}=0.5\mu s$ (Typ.) ($R_L=1.9k\Omega$)

- TTL Compatible
- UL Recognized : UL1577, File No. E67349
- BSI Approved : BS EN60065 : 1994,
Certificate No. 7613
BS EN60950 : 1992,
Certificate No. 7614

- Isolation Voltage : 5000Vrms (Min.)
- Option (D4) type
VDE Approved : DIN VDE0884 / 06.92,
Certificate No.68384

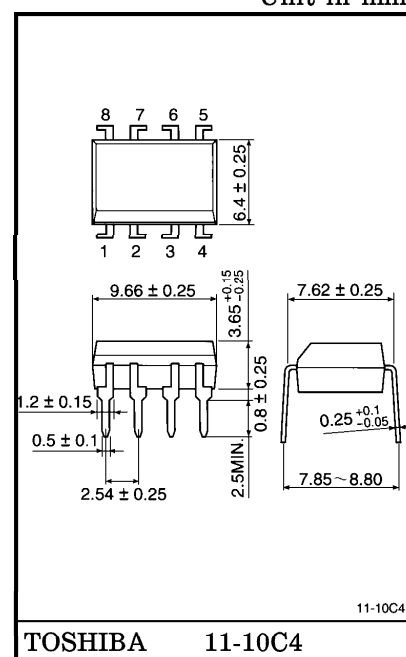
Maximum Operating Insulation Voltage : 890V_{PK}

Highest Permissible Over Voltage : 8000V_{PK}

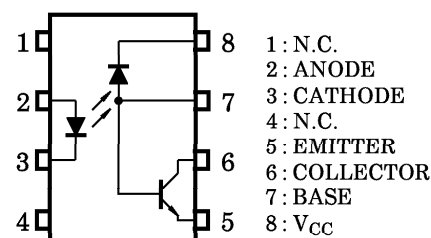
(Note) When a VDE0884 approved type is needed, please designate the "Option (D4)"

- Creepage Distance : 6.4mm (Min.)
- Clearance : 6.4mm (Min.)
- Insulation Thickness : 0.4mm (Min.)

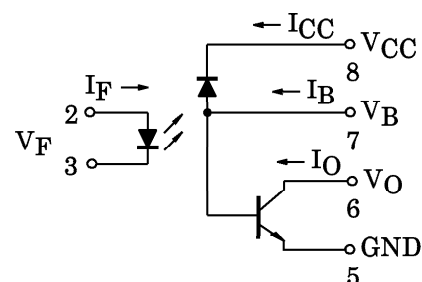
Unit in mm



PIN CONFIGURATION (TOP VIEW)



SCHEMATIC



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● TOSHIBA is continually working to improve the quality and the reliability of its products. Nevertheless, semiconductor devices in general can malfunction or fail due to their inherent electrical sensitivity and vulnerability to physical stress. It is the responsibility of the buyer, when utilizing TOSHIBA products, to observe standards of safety, and to avoid situations in which a malfunction or failure of a TOSHIBA product could cause loss of human life, bodily injury or damage to property. In developing your designs, please ensure that TOSHIBA products are used within specified operating ranges as set forth in the most recent products specifications. Also, please keep in mind the precautions and conditions set forth in the TOSHIBA Semiconductor Reliability Handbook.

MAXIMUM RATINGS (Ta = 25°C)

CHARACTERISTIC		SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
LED	Forward Current (Note 1)	I _F	25	mA
	Pulse Forward Current (Note 2)	I _{FP}	50	mA
	Peak Transient Forward Current (Note 3)	I _{FPT}	1	A
	Reverse Voltage	V _R	5	V
	Diode Power Dissipation (Note 4)	P _D	45	mW
DETECTOR	Output Current	I _O	8	mA
	Peak Output Current	I _{OP}	16	mA
	Output Voltage	V _O	−0.5~15	V
	Supply Voltage	V _{CC}	−0.5~15	V
	Base Current	I _B	5	mA
	Emitter-Base Reverse Voltage	V _{EB}	5	V
	Output Power Dissipation (Note 5)	P _O	100	mW
Operating Temperature Range		T _{opr}	−55~100	°C
Storage Temperature Range		T _{stg}	−55~125	°C
Lead Solder Temperature (10s) (Note 6)		T _{sol}	260	°C
Isolation Voltage (AC, 1min., R.H. ≤ 60 %) (Note 7)		BV _S	5000	V _{rms}

(Note 1) Derate 0.8mA above 70°C

(Note 2) 50 % duty cycle, 1ms pulse width.

Derate 1.6mA/°C above 70°C

(Note 3) Pulse width ≤ 1μs, 300pps.

(Note 4) Derate 0.9mW/°C above 70°C

(Note 5) Derate 2mW/°C above 70°C

(Note 6) Soldering portion of lead : up to 2mm from the body of the device.

(Note 7) Device considered a two terminal device : Pins 1, 2, 3 and 4 shorted together and pins 5, 6, 7 and 8 shorted together.

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- Gallium arsenide (GaAs) is a substance used in the products described in this document. GaAs dust and fumes are toxic. Do not break, cut or pulverize the product, or use chemicals to dissolve them. When disposing of the products, follow the appropriate regulations. Do not dispose of the products with other industrial waste or with domestic garbage.
- The products described in this document are subject to foreign exchange and foreign trade control laws.
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- The information contained herein is subject to change without notice.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Ta = 25°C)

CHARACTERISTIC		SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
LDE	Forward Voltage	V_F	$I_F = 16\text{mA}$	—	1.65	1.85	V
	Forward Voltage Temperature Coefficient	$\Delta V_F / \Delta T_a$	$I_F = 16\text{mA}$	—	-2	—	mV / °C
	Reverse Current	I_R	$V_R = 5\text{V}$	—	—	10	μA
	Capacitance Between Terminal	C_T	$V_F = 0, f = 1\text{MHz}$	—	45	—	pF
DETECTOR	High Level Output Current	$I_{OH(1)}$	$I_F = 0\text{mA}, V_{CC} = V_O = 5.5\text{V}$	—	3	500	nA
		$I_{OH(2)}$	$I_F = 0\text{mA}, V_{CC} = V_O = 15\text{V}$	—	—	5	μA
		I_{OH}	$I_F = 0\text{mA}, V_{CC} = V_O = 15\text{V}$ $T_a = 70^\circ\text{C}$	—	—	50	
	High Level Supply Voltage	I_{CCH}	$I_F = 0\text{mA}, V_{CC} = 15\text{V}$	—	0.01	1	μA
COUPLED	Current Transfer Ratio	I_O / I_F	$I_F = 16\text{mA}, V_{CC} = 4.5\text{V}$ $V_O = 0.4\text{V}$	10	30	—	%
	Low Level Output Voltage	V_{OL}	$I_F = 16\text{mA}, V_{CC} = 4.5\text{V}$ $I_O = 1.1\text{mA}$	—	—	0.4	V
	Resistance (Input-Output)	R_S	$R.H. \leq 60\%, V_S = 500\text{V}_{DC}$ (Note 7)	1×10^{12}	10^{14}	—	Ω
	Capacitance (Input-Output)	C_S	$V_S = 0, f = 1\text{MHz}$ (Note 7)	—	0.8	—	pF

SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS (Ta = 25°C, VCC = 5V)

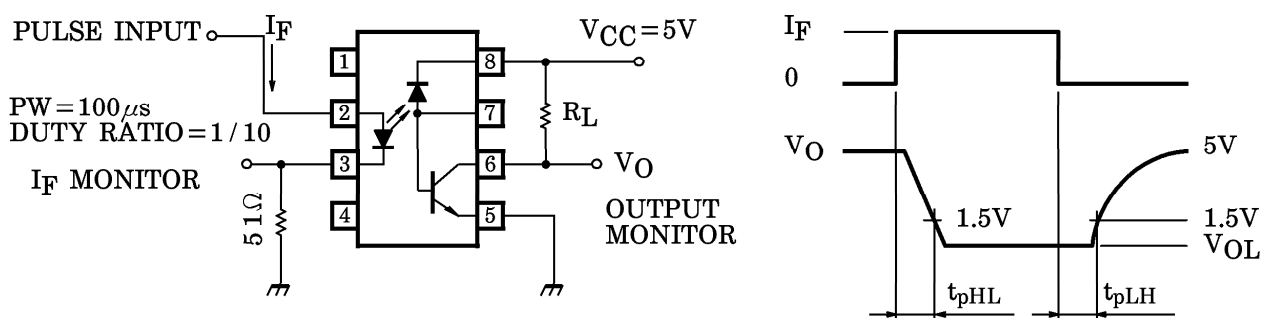
CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CIR - CUIT	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Propagation Delay Time (H→L)	t_{pHL}	1	$I_F = 0 \rightarrow 16\text{mA}, V_{CC} = 5\text{V},$ $R_L = 4.1\text{k}\Omega$	—	0.2	—	μs
Propagation Delay Time (L→H)	t_{pLH}		$I_F = 16 \rightarrow 0\text{mA}$ $V_{CC} = 5\text{V}, R_L = 4.1\text{k}\Omega$	—	1.0	—	μs
Common Mode Transient Immunity at Logic High Output (Note 8)	CM_H	2	$I_F = 0\text{mA}, V_{CM} = 200\text{V}_{p-p}$ $R_L = 4.1\text{k}\Omega$	—	400	—	V / μs
Common Mode Transient Immunity at Logic Low Output (Note 8)	CM_L		$I_F = 16\text{mA}$ $V_{CM} = 200\text{V}_{p-p}$ $R_L = 4.1\text{k}\Omega$	—	-1000	—	V / μs

(Note 8) CM_L is the maximum rate of fall of the common mode voltage that can be sustained with the output voltage in the logic low state ($V_O < 0.8V$).

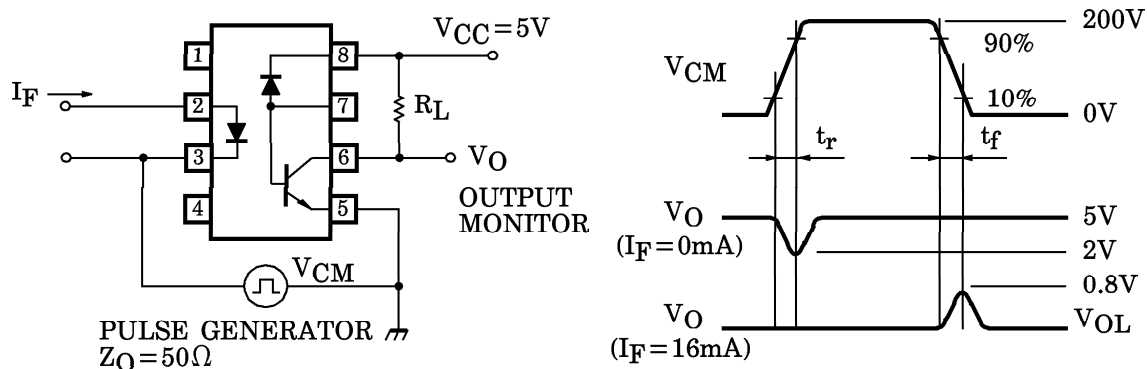
CM_H is the maximum rate of rise of the common mode voltage that can be sustained with the output voltage in the logic high state ($V_O > 2.0V$).

(Note 9) Maximum electrostatic discharge voltage for any pins: 100V ($C=200pF$, $R=0$).

TEST CIRCUIT 1: Switching Time Test Circuit



TEST CIRCUIT 2: Common Mode Noise Immunity Test Circuit



$$CM_H = \frac{160(V)}{t_r(\mu s)}, CM_L = \frac{160(V)}{t_f(\mu s)}$$

