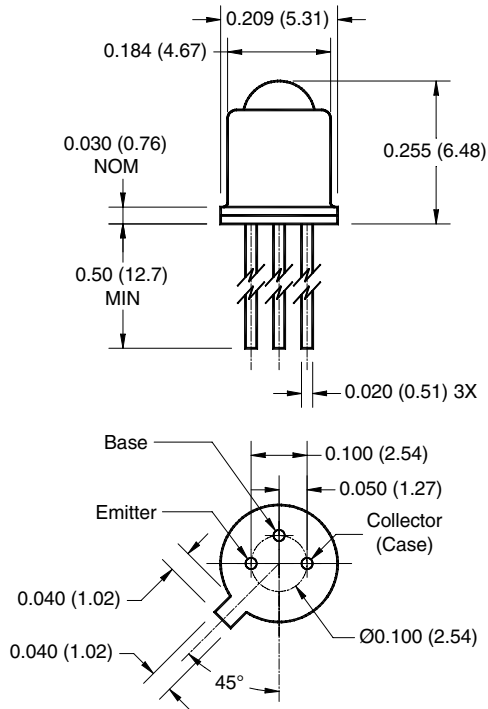


### PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

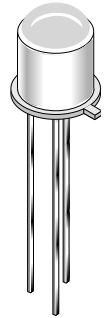


**NOTES:**

1. Dimensions for all drawings are in inches (mm).
2. Tolerance of  $\pm .010$  (.25) on all non-nominal dimensions unless otherwise specified.

### FEATURES

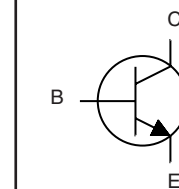
- Hermetically sealed package
- Narrow reception angle
- European "Pro Electron" registered



### DESCRIPTION

- The BPW36/37 are silicon phototransistors mounted in narrow angle TO-18 packages.

### SCHEMATIC



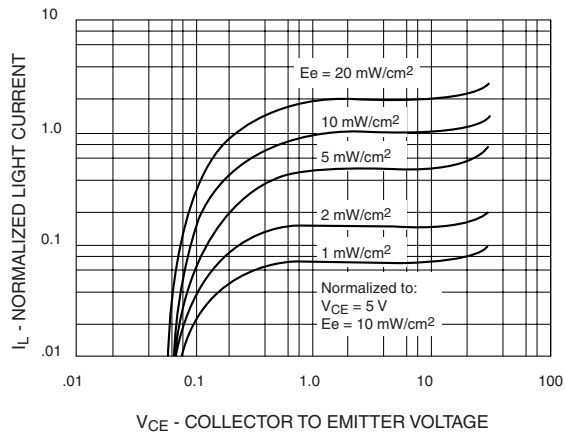
1. Derate power dissipation linearly 3.00 mW/°C above 25°C ambient.
2. Derate power dissipation linearly 6.00 mW/°C above 25°C case.
3. RMA flux is recommended.
4. Methanol or isopropyl alcohols are recommended as cleaning agents.
5. Soldering iron tip 1/16" (1.6mm) minimum from housing.
6. As long as leads are not under any stress or spring tension.
7. Light source is a GaAs LED emitting light at a peak wavelength of 940 nm.

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C unless otherwise specified)

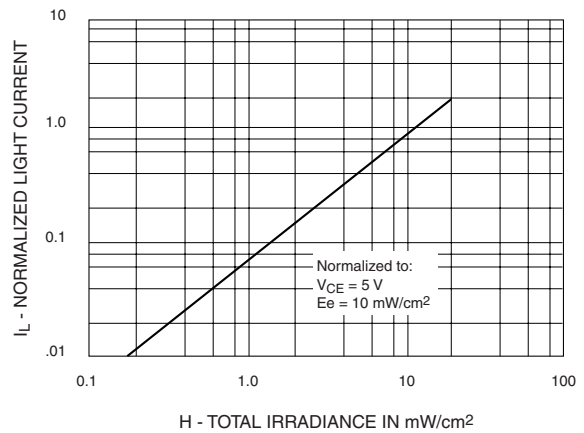
Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Operating Temperature	T <sub>OPR</sub>	-65 to +125	°C
Storage Temperature	T <sub>STG</sub>	-65 to +150	°C
Soldering Temperature (Iron) <sup>(3,4,5 and 6)</sup>	T <sub>SOL-I</sub>	240 for 5 sec	°C
Soldering Temperature (Flow) <sup>(3,4 and 6)</sup>	T <sub>SOL-F</sub>	260 for 10 sec	°C
Collector-Emitter Voltage	V <sub>CEO</sub>	45	V
Collector-Base Voltage	V <sub>CB0</sub>	45	V
Emitter-Base Voltage	V <sub>EBO</sub>	5	V
Power Dissipation (T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C) <sup>(1)</sup>	P <sub>D</sub>	300	mW
Power Dissipation (T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C) <sup>(2)</sup>	P <sub>D</sub>	600	mW

<b>ELECTRICAL / OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS</b> ( $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ) (All measurements made under pulse conditions)						
PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Collector-Emitter Breakdown	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, E_e = 0$	$BV_{CEO}$	45	—	—	V
Emitter-Base Breakdown	$I_E = 100 \mu\text{A}, E_e = 0$	$BV_{EBO}$	5.0	—	—	V
Collector-Base Breakdown	$I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}, E_e = 0$	$BV_{CBO}$	45	—	—	V
Collector-Emitter Leakage	$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, E_e = 0$	$I_{CEO}$	—	—	100	nA
Reception Angle at 1/2 Sensitivity		$\Theta$	—	$\pm 10$	—	Deg.
On-State Collector Current BPW36	$E_e = 0.5 \text{ mW/cm}^2$ $V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}^{(7)}$	$I_{C(ON)}$	1.0	—	—	mA
On-State Collector Current BPW37	$E_e = 0.5 \text{ mW/cm}^2$ $V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}^{(7)}$	$I_{C(ON)}$	0.5	—	—	mA
Turn-On Time	$I_C = 2 \text{ mA}, V_{CC} = 10 \text{ V}$ $R_L = 100 \Omega$	$t_{on}$	—	8	—	$\mu\text{s}$
Turn-Off Time	$I_C = 2 \text{ mA}, V_{CC} = 10 \text{ V}$ $R_L = 100 \Omega$	$t_{off}$	—	7	—	$\mu\text{s}$
Saturation Voltage	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}, E_e = 3.0 \text{ mW/cm}^2$	$V_{CE(SAT)}$	—	—	0.40	V

**TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES**

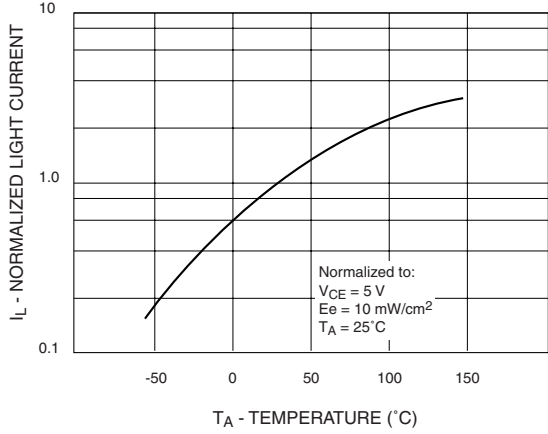


**Fig. 1 Light Current vs. Collector to Emitter Voltage**

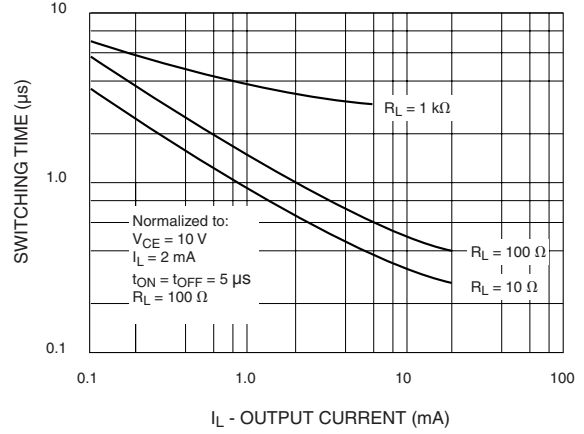


**Fig. 2 Normalized Light Current vs. Radiation**

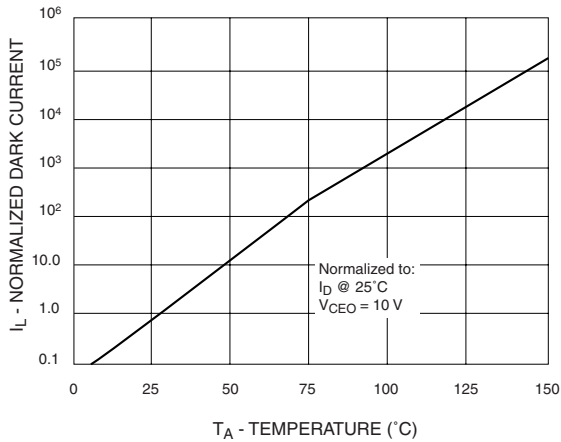
**TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES**



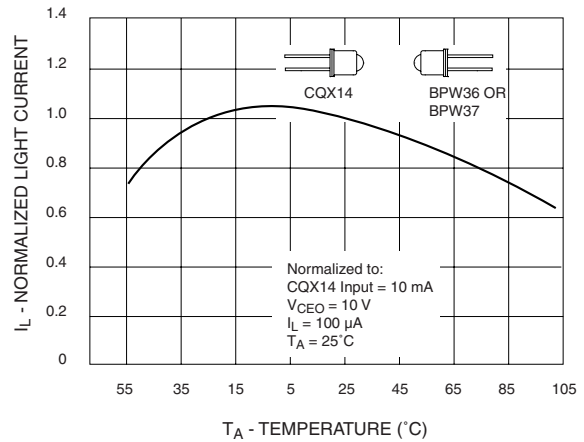
**Fig. 3 Normalized Light Current vs. Temperature**



**Fig. 4 Switching Times vs. Output Current**



**Fig. 5 Dark Current vs. Temperature**



**Fig. 6 Normalized Light Current vs. Temperature Both Emitter (CQX14) and Detector (BPW36 or BPW37) at Same Temperature**

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