

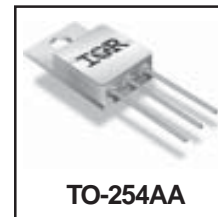
**POWER MOSFET  
 THRU-HOLE (TO-254AA)**

**IRFM9140  
 JANTX2N7236  
 JANTXV2N7236  
 JANS2N7236  
 REF:MIL-PRF-19500/595  
 100V, P-CHANNEL  
 HEXFET<sup>®</sup> MOSFET TECHNOLOGY**

**Product Summary**

Part Number	RDS(on)	ID
IRFM9140	0.20Ω	-18A

HEXFET<sup>®</sup> MOSFET technology is the key to International Rectifier's advanced line of power MOSFET transistors. The efficient geometry design achieves very low on-state resistance combined with high transconductance. HEXFET transistors also feature all of the well-established advantages of MOSFETs, such as voltage control, very fast switching, ease of paralleling and electrical parameter temperature stability. They are well-suited for applications such as switching power supplies, motor controls, inverters, choppers, audio amplifiers, high energy pulse circuits, and virtually any application where high reliability is required. The HEXFET transistor's totally isolated package eliminates the need for additional isolating material between the device and the heatsink. This improves thermal efficiency and reduces drain capacitance.



**Features:**

- Simple Drive Requirements
- Ease of Paralleling
- Hermetically Sealed
- Electrically Isolated
- Dynamic dv/dt Rating
- Light-weight

**Absolute Maximum Ratings**

	Parameter		Units
ID @ VGS = -10V, TC = 25°C	Continuous Drain Current	-18	A
ID @ VGS = -10V, TC = 100°C	Continuous Drain Current	-11	
IDM	Pulsed Drain Current ①	-72	
PD @ TC = 25°C	Max. Power Dissipation	125	W
	Linear Derating Factor	1.0	W/°C
VGS	Gate-to-Source Voltage	±20	V
EAS	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ②	500	mJ
IAR	Avalanche Current ①	-18	A
EAR	Repetitive Avalanche Energy ①	12.5	mJ
dv/dt	Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt ③	-5.5	V/ns
TJ	Operating Junction	-55 to 150	°C
TSTG	Storage Temperature Range		
	Lead Temperature	300 ( 0.063 in.(1.6mm) from case for 10s)	
	Weight	9.3 (typical)	g

For footnotes refer to the last page

**Electrical Characteristics @ T<sub>j</sub> = 25°C (Unless Otherwise Specified)**

	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Test Conditions
BV <sub>DSS</sub>	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	-100	—	—	V	V <sub>GS</sub> = 0V, I <sub>D</sub> = -1.0mA
ΔBV <sub>DSS</sub> /ΔT <sub>J</sub>	Temperature Coefficient of Breakdown Voltage	—	-0.087	—	V/°C	Reference to 25°C, I <sub>D</sub> = -1.0mA
R <sub>DS(on)</sub>	Static Drain-to-Source On-State Resistance	—	—	0.20 0.22	Ω	V <sub>GS</sub> = -10V, I <sub>D</sub> = -11A <sup>④</sup> V <sub>GS</sub> = -10V, I <sub>D</sub> = -18A <sup>④</sup>
V <sub>GS(th)</sub>	Gate Threshold Voltage	-2.0	—	-4.0	V	V <sub>DS</sub> = V <sub>GS</sub> , I <sub>D</sub> = -250μA
g <sub>fs</sub>	Forward Transconductance	6.2	—	—	S (r̄ <sub>s</sub> )	V <sub>DS</sub> > -15V, I <sub>DS</sub> = -11A <sup>④</sup>
I <sub>DSS</sub>	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	—	—	-25 -250	μA	V <sub>DS</sub> = -80V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0V V <sub>DS</sub> = -80V V <sub>GS</sub> = 0V, T <sub>J</sub> = 125°C
I <sub>GSS</sub>	Gate-to-Source Leakage Forward	—	—	-100	nA	V <sub>GS</sub> = -20V
I <sub>GSS</sub>	Gate-to-Source Leakage Reverse	—	—	100	nA	V <sub>GS</sub> = 20V
Q <sub>g</sub>	Total Gate Charge	—	—	60	nC	V <sub>GS</sub> = -10V, I <sub>D</sub> = -18A V <sub>DS</sub> = -50V
Q <sub>gs</sub>	Gate-to-Source Charge	—	—	13	nC	
Q <sub>gd</sub>	Gate-to-Drain ('Miller') Charge	—	—	35.2	nC	
t <sub>d(on)</sub>	Turn-On Delay Time	—	—	35	ns	V <sub>DD</sub> = -50V, I <sub>D</sub> = -11A R <sub>G</sub> = 9.1Ω, V <sub>GS</sub> = -10V
t <sub>r</sub>	Rise Time	—	—	85		
t <sub>d(off)</sub>	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	—	85		
t <sub>f</sub>	Fall Time	—	—	65		
LS + LD	Total Inductance	—	6.8	—	nH	Measured from drain lead (6mm/ 0.25in. from package) to source lead (6mm/0.25in. from package)
C <sub>iss</sub>	Input Capacitance	—	1400	—	pF	V <sub>GS</sub> = 0V, V <sub>DS</sub> = -25V f = 1.0MHz
C <sub>oss</sub>	Output Capacitance	—	600	—		
C <sub>rss</sub>	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	200	—		

**Source-Drain Diode Ratings and Characteristics**

	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Test Conditions
I <sub>S</sub>	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	—	—	-18	A	T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C, I <sub>S</sub> = -18A, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0V <sup>④</sup>
I <sub>SM</sub>	Pulse Source Current (Body Diode) <sup>①</sup>	—	—	-72		
V <sub>SD</sub>	Diode Forward Voltage	—	—	-5.0	V	T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C, I <sub>F</sub> = -18A, di/dt ≤ -100A/μs V <sub>DD</sub> ≤ -50V <sup>④</sup>
t <sub>rr</sub>	Reverse Recovery Time	—	—	280	nS	
Q <sub>RR</sub>	Reverse Recovery Charge	—	—	3.6	μC	
t <sub>on</sub>	Forward Turn-On Time	Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible. Turn-on speed is substantially controlled by LS + LD.				

**Thermal Resistance**

	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Test Conditions
R <sub>thJC</sub>	Junction-to-Case	—	—	1.0	°C/W	Typical socket mount
R <sub>thCS</sub>	Case-to-sink	—	0.21	—		
R <sub>thJA</sub>	Junction to Ambient	—	—	48		

Note: Corresponding Spice and Saber models are available on International Rectifier Website.

For footnotes refer to the last page

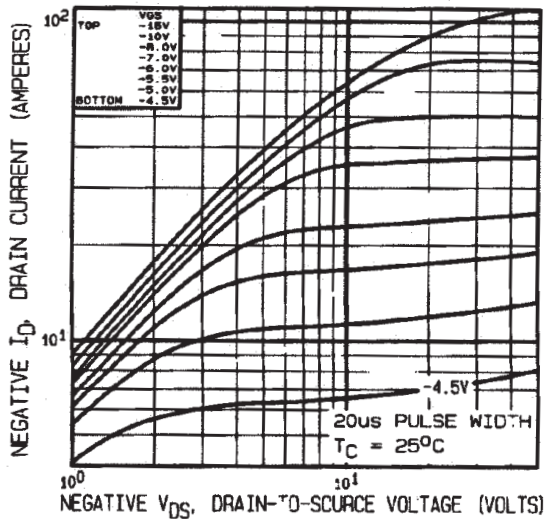


Fig 1. Typical Output Characteristics

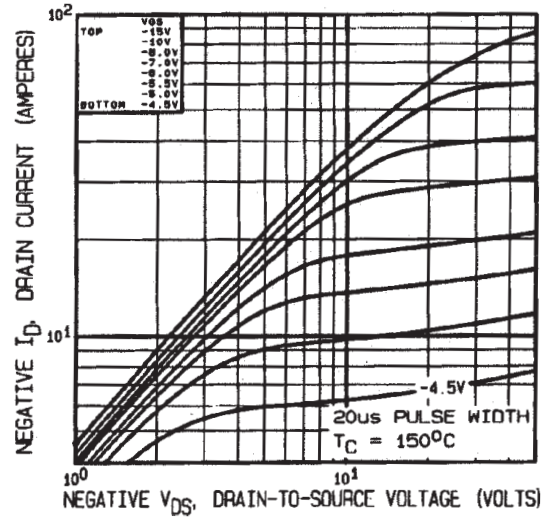


Fig 2. Typical Output Characteristics

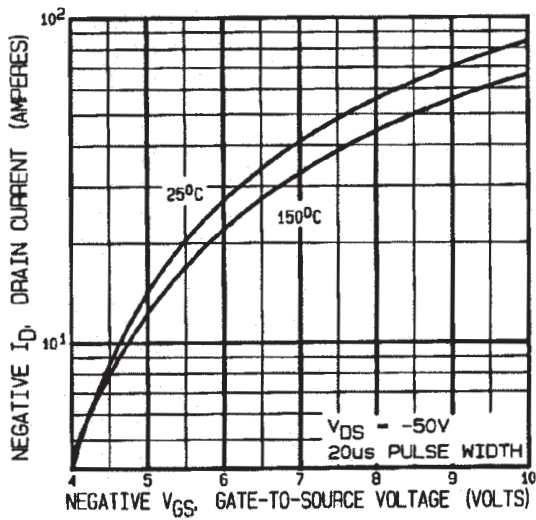


Fig 3. Typical Transfer Characteristics

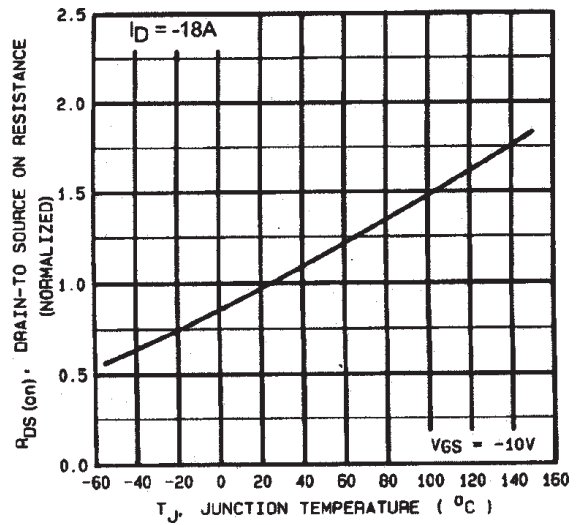


Fig 4. Normalized On-Resistance Vs. Temperature

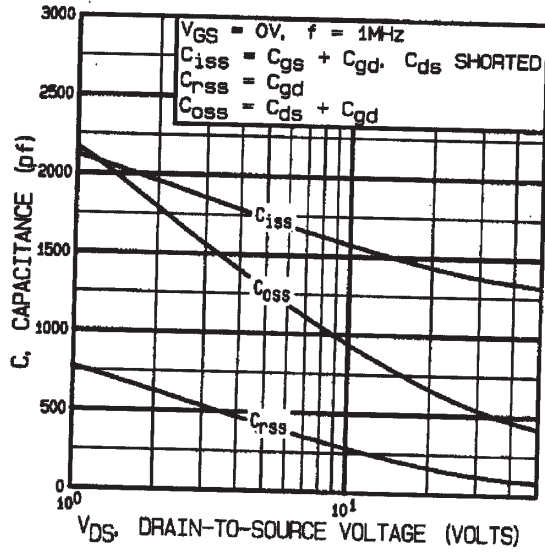


Fig 5. Typical Capacitance Vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage

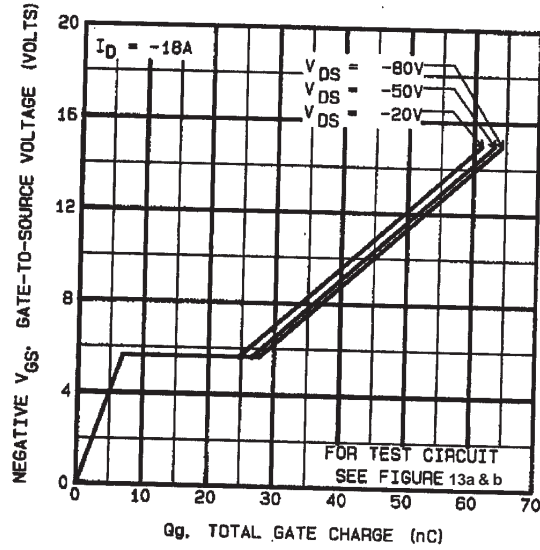


Fig 6. Typical Gate Charge Vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage

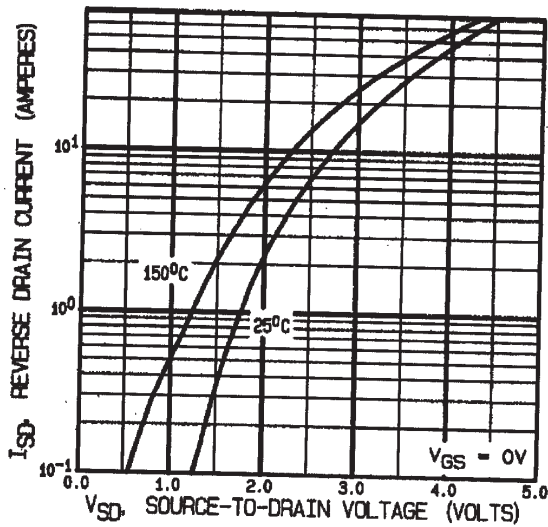


Fig 7. Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

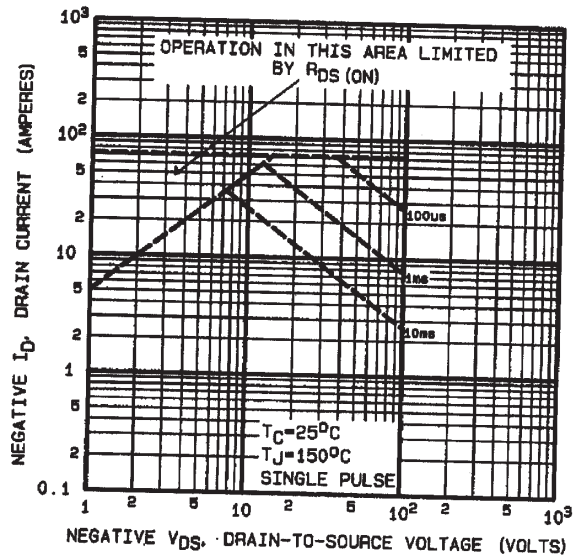


Fig 8. Maximum Safe Operating Area

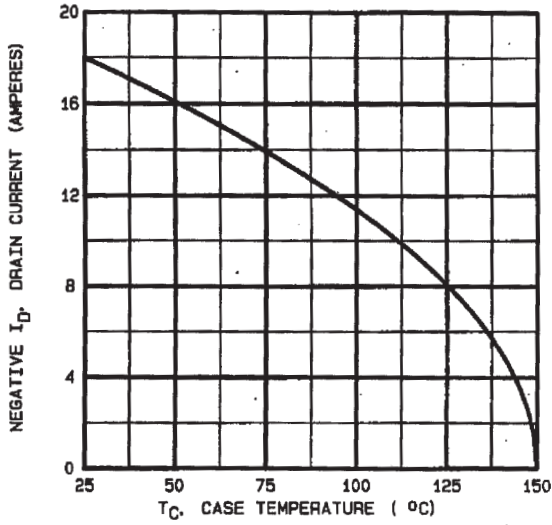


Fig 9. Maximum Drain Current Vs. Case Temperature

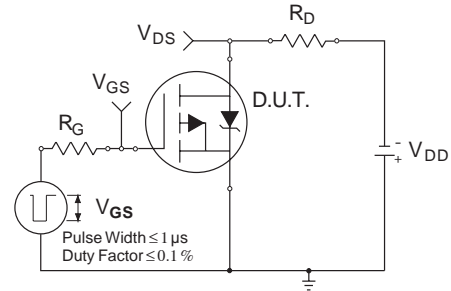


Fig 10a. Switching Time Test Circuit

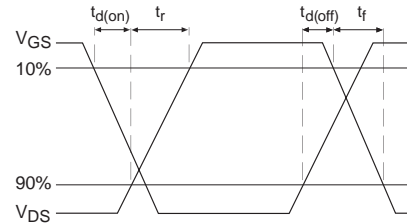


Fig 10b. Switching Time Waveforms

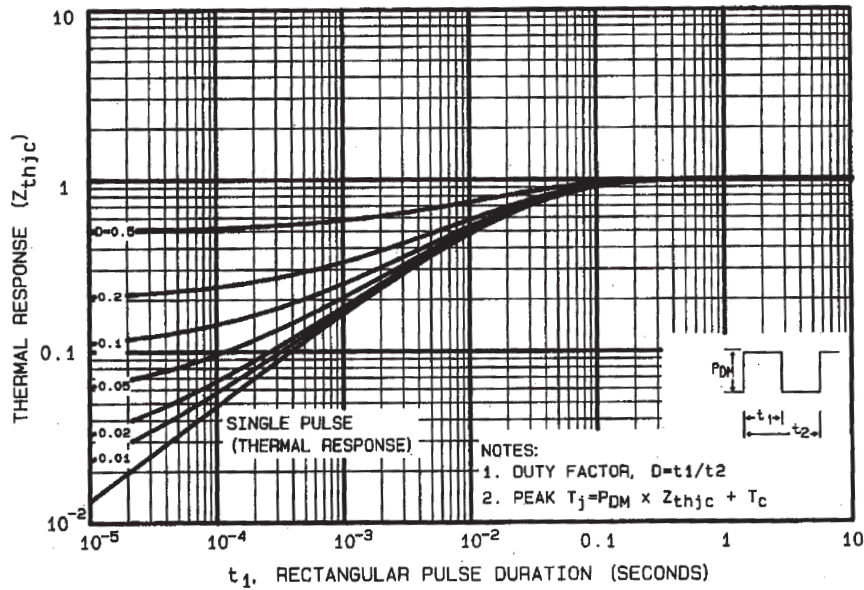


Fig 11. Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

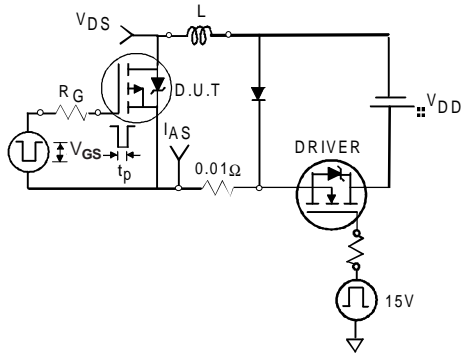


Fig 12a. Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit

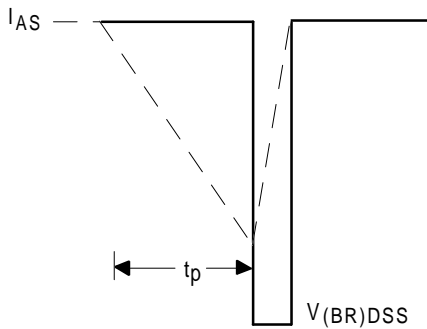


Fig 12b. Unclamped Inductive Waveforms

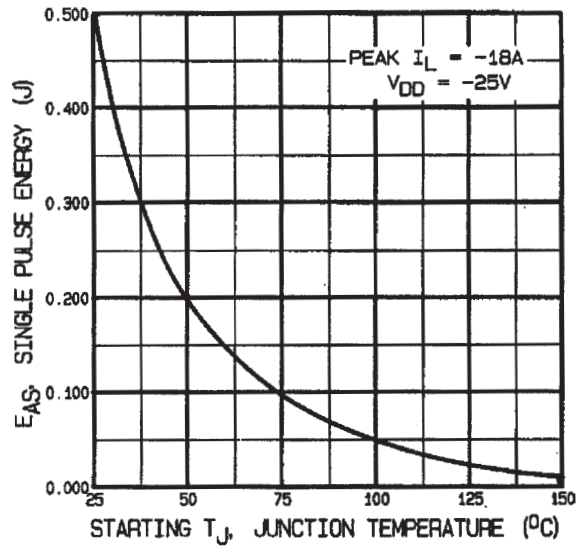


Fig 12c. Maximum Avalanche Energy Vs. Drain Current

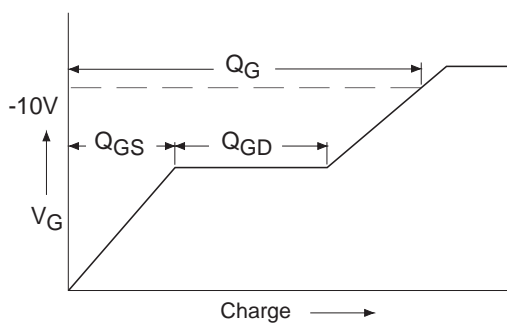


Fig 13a. Basic Gate Charge Waveform

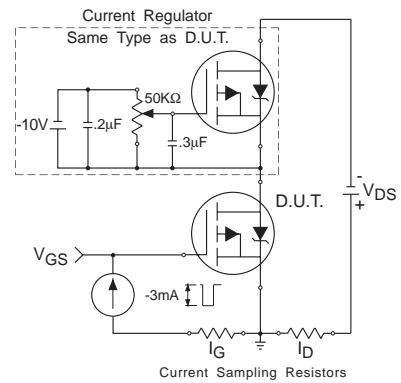
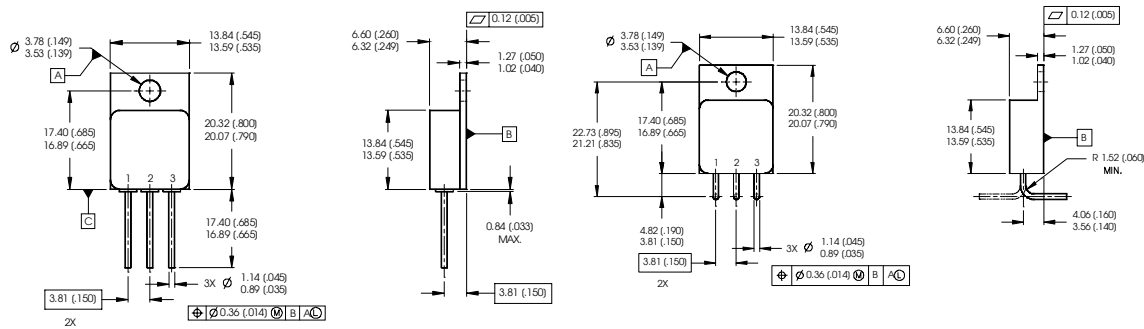


Fig 13b. Gate Charge Test Circuit

**Foot Notes:**

- ① Repetitive Rating; Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature.
- ②  $V_{DD} = -25V$ , starting  $T_J = 25^\circ C$ ,  $L = 3.1mH$   
 Peak  $I_L = -18A$ ,  $V_{GS} = -10V$
- ③  $I_{SD} \leq -18A$ ,  $di/dt \leq -100A/\mu s$ ,  
 $V_{DD} \leq -100V$ ,  $T_J \leq 150^\circ C$
- ④ Pulse width  $\leq 300 \mu s$ ; Duty Cycle  $\leq 2\%$

**Case Outline and Dimensions — TO-254AA**



NOTES:

- 1. DIMENSIONING & TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M-1994.
- 2. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN MILLIMETERS (INCHES).
- 3. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.
- 4. CONFORMS TO JEDEC OUTLINE TO-254AA.

PIN ASSIGNMENTS

- 1 = DRAIN
- 2 = SOURCE
- 3 = GATE

**CAUTION**

**BERYLLIA WARNING PER MIL-PRF-19500**

Packages containing beryllia shall not be ground, sandblasted, machined or have other operations performed on them which will produce beryllia or beryllium dust. Furthermore, beryllium oxide packages shall not be placed in acids that will produce fumes containing beryllium.



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