

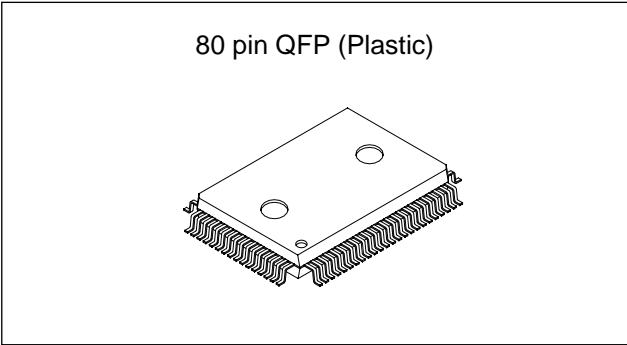
CMOS 8-bit Single Chip Microcomputer

Description

The CXP826P16 microcomputer is composed of a CPU, ROM, RAM, and I/O ports. These chips feature many other high-performance circuits in a single-chip CMOS design, including an A/D converter, serial interface, timer/counter, time-base timer, fluorescent display controller/driver, remote control receiver and 32kHz timer/counter.

This device also includes a power-on reset function and sleep/stop functions which can be used to achieve low power consumption.

The CXP826P16 is the PROM-incorporated version of the CXP82616 with built-in mask ROM, and it is able to write directly into the program. Thus, it is most suitable for evaluation use during system development and for small-quantity production.



Features

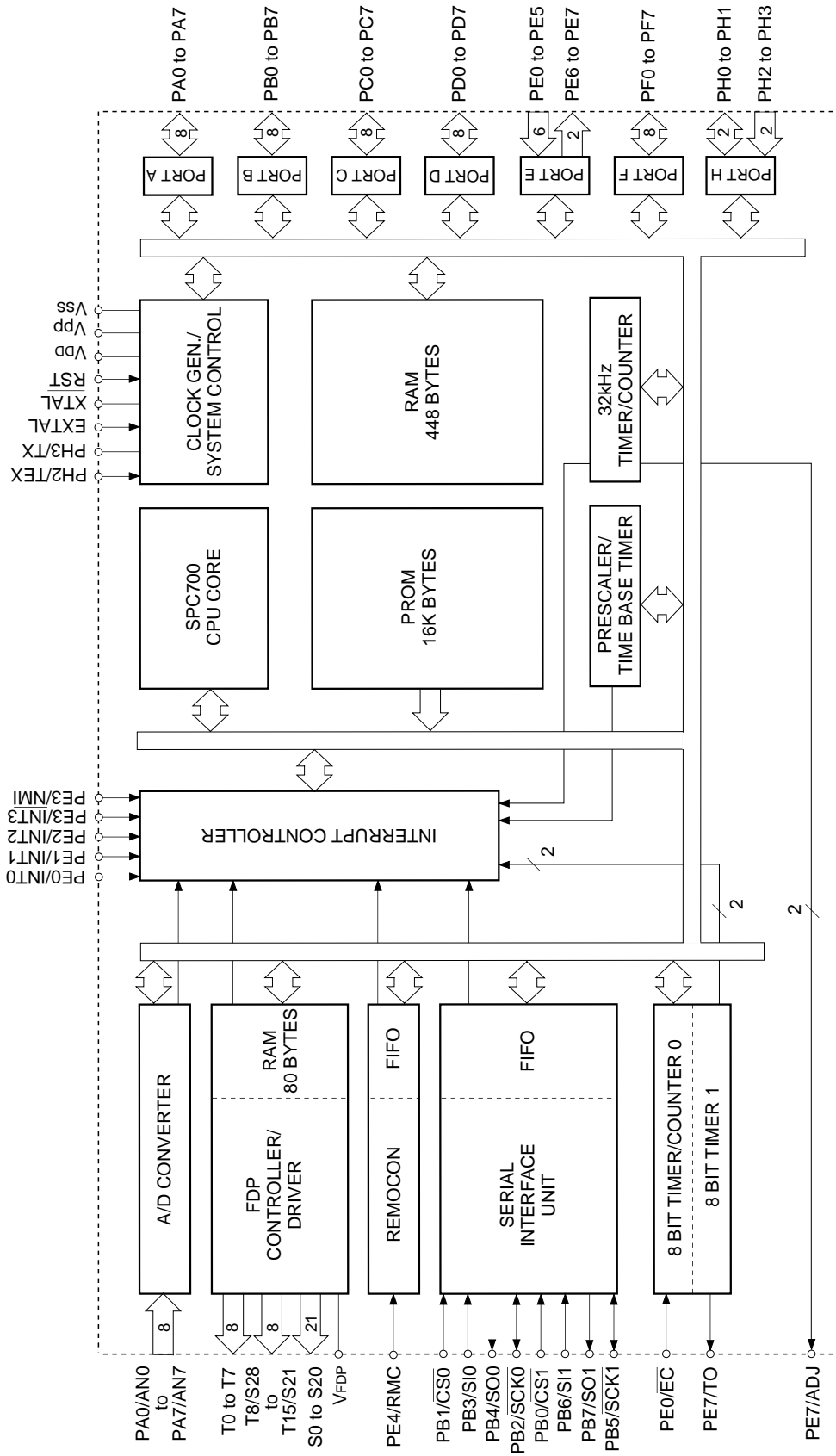
- Instruction set which supports a wide array of data types
 - 213 types of instructions which include 16-bit calculations, multiplication and division arithmetic, and boolean bit operations.
- Minimum instruction cycle 400ns for 10MHz, 122µs for 32kHz operation
- On-chip PROM 16K bytes
- On-chip RAM 448 bytes (Including fluorescent display data area)
- Peripheral functions
 - A/D converter 8-bit, 8-channel, successive approximation system (conversion rate 32µs/10MHz)
 - Serial interface On-chip 8-bit, 8-stage FIFO (1 to 8 bytes auto transfer), 1 circuit 2-channel
 - Timers 8-bit timer
8-bit timer/counter
19-bit time base timer
32kHz timer/counter
 - Fluorescent display controller/driver Maximum of 336 segments display available
1 to 16 digits dynamic display
Dimmer function
High voltage tolerance output (40V)
On-chip pull-down resistor (Mask option)
Hardware key scan function (Maximum of 8 x 16 key matrix available)
- Remote control receiver circuit On-chip 6-stage FIFO 8-bit pulse measurement counter
- Interrupts 13 factors, 13 vectors, multi-interruption possible
- Standby mode Sleep/stop
- Package 80-pin plastic QFP

Structure

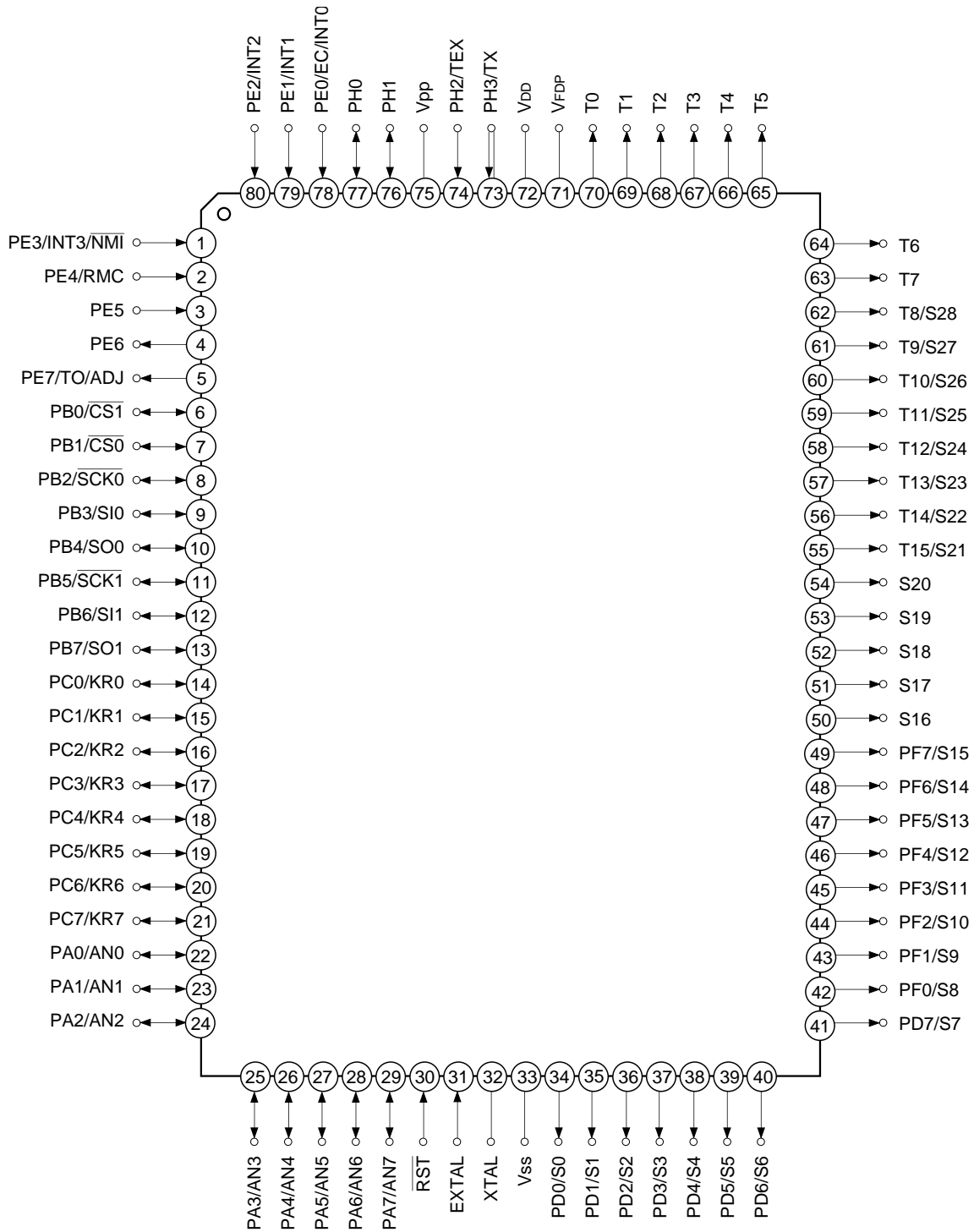
Silicon gate CMOS IC

Sony reserves the right to change products and specifications without prior notice. This information does not convey any license by any implication or otherwise under any patents or other right. Application circuits shown, if any, are typical examples illustrating the operation of the devices. Sony cannot assume responsibility for any problems arising out of the use of these circuits.

Block Diagram



Pin Assignment (Top View)



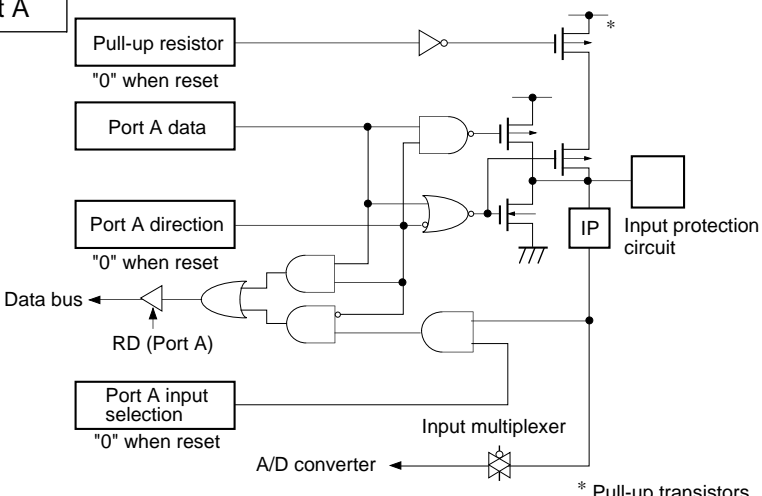
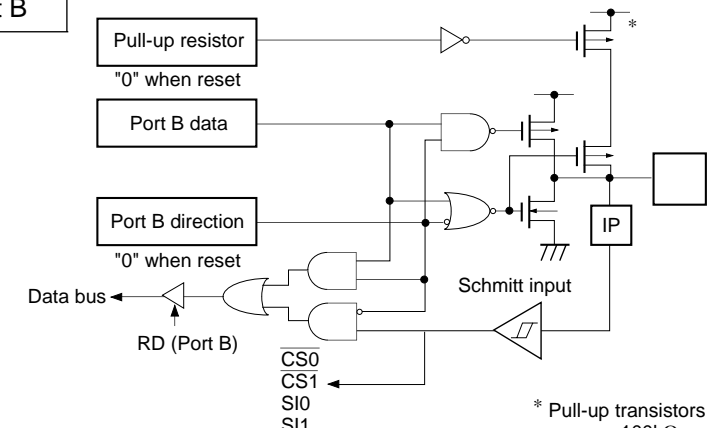
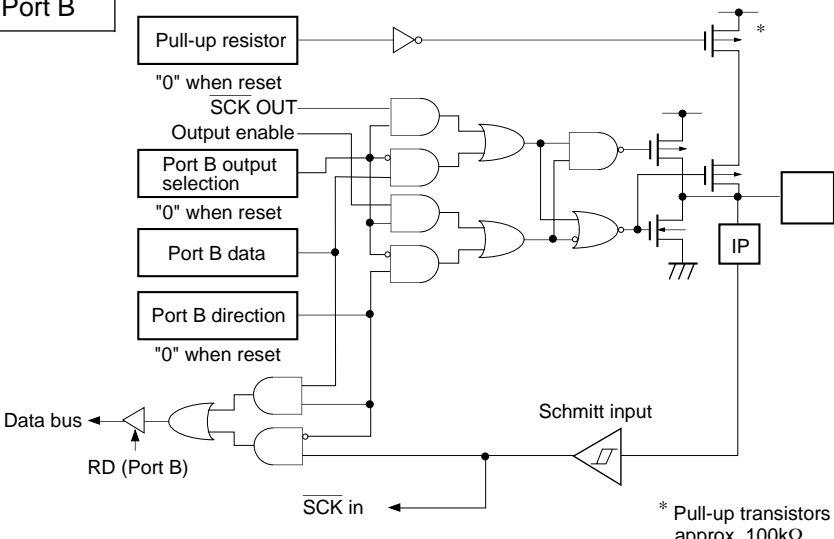
- Note)**
1. Vpp (Pin 75) is always connected to VDD.
 2. PH3/TX (Pin 73) is input port during port selection;
oscillation output during oscillation selection

Pin Description

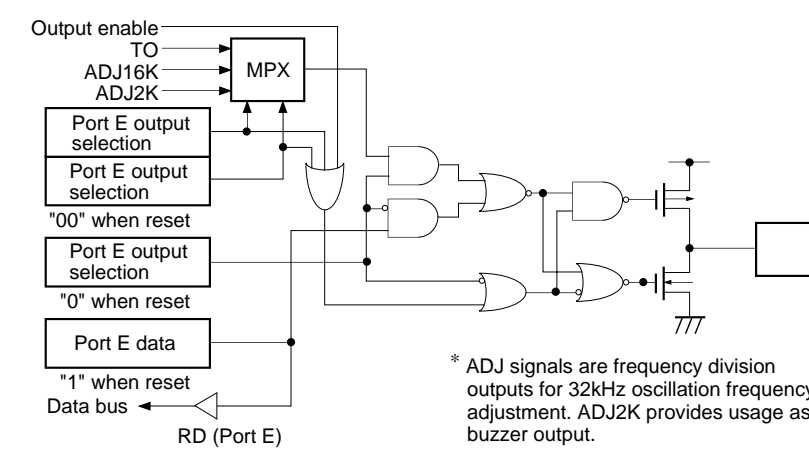
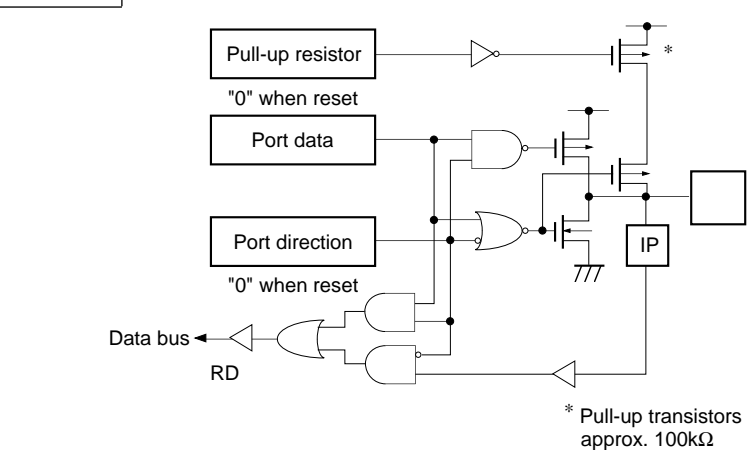
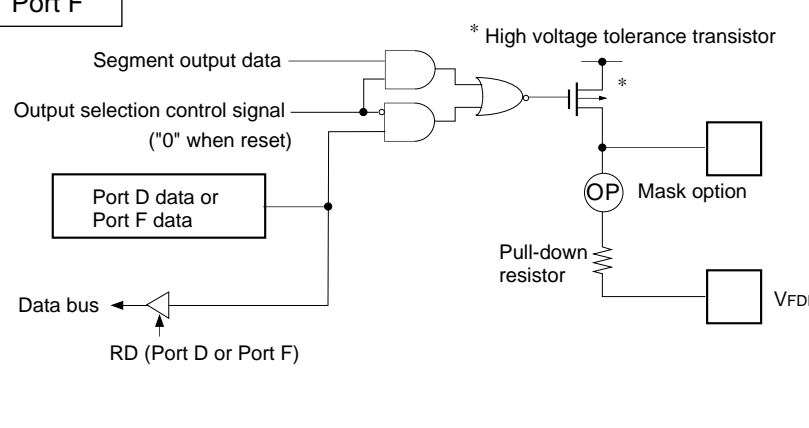
Symbol	I/O	Functions	
PA0/AN0 to PA7/AN7	I/O/Analog input	(Port A) 8-bit I/O port. I/O can be set in a bit unit. Incorporation of pull-up resistor can be set through the software in a unit of 4 bits. (8 pins)	Analog inputs to A/D converter. (8 pins)
PB0/ $\overline{CS1}$	I/O/Input	(Port B) 8-bit I/O port. I/O can be set in a bit unit. Incorporation of pull-up resistor can be set through the software in a unit of 4 bits. (8 pins)	Chip select input for serial interface (CH1).
PB1/ $\overline{CS0}$	I/O/Input		Chip select input for serial interface (CH0).
PB2/ $\overline{SCK0}$	I/O/I/O		Serial clock I/O (CH0).
PB3/SI0	I/O/Input		Serial data input (CH0).
PB4/SO0	I/O/Output		Serial data output (CH0).
PB5/ $\overline{SCK1}$	I/O/I/O		Serial clock I/O (CH1).
PB6/SI1	I/O/Input		Serial data input (CH1).
PB7/SO1	I/O/Output		Serial data output (CH1).
PC0/KR0 to PC7/KR7	I/O/Input	(Port C) 8-bit I/O port. I/O can be set in a bit unit. Capable of driving 12mA sync current. Incorporation of pull-up resistor can be set through the software in a unit of 4 bits. (8 pins)	Key return input for FDP segment signal which performs key scanning.
PE0/INT0/ $\overline{EC0}$	Input/Input/ Input	(Port E) 8-bit port. Upper 6 bits are for inputs; lower 2 bits are for outputs. (8 pins)	External event input to timer/counter. (1 pin)
PE1/INT1	Input/Input		External interrupt request inputs. (4 pins)
PE2/INT2	Input/Input		
PE3/INT3/ \overline{NMI}	Input/Input/ Input		Non-maskable interruption request input.
PE4/RMC	Input/Input		Input for remote control receiver circuit.
PE5	Input		Output for timer/counter rectangular waveform and 32kHz oscillation frequency division.
PE6	Input		
PE7/TO/ ADJ	Output/Output		

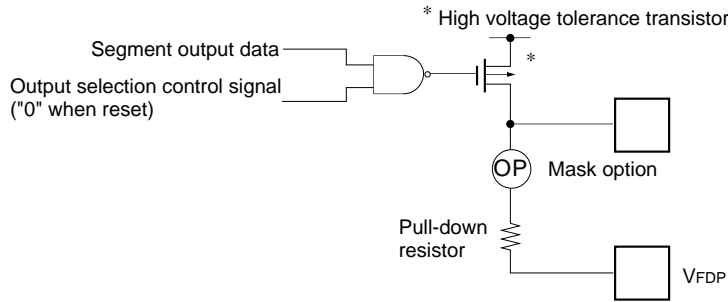
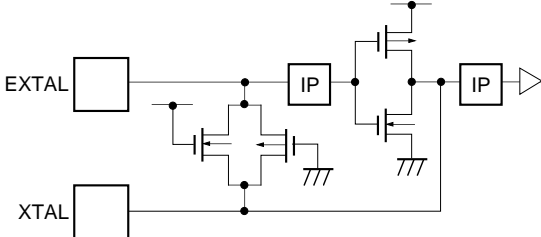
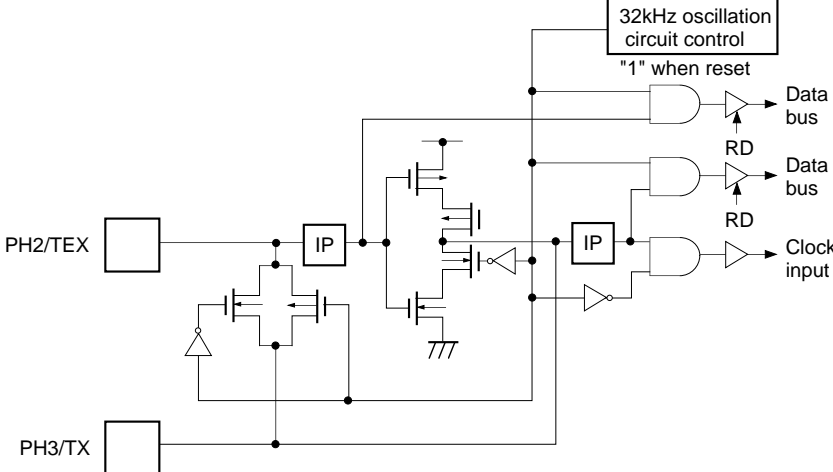
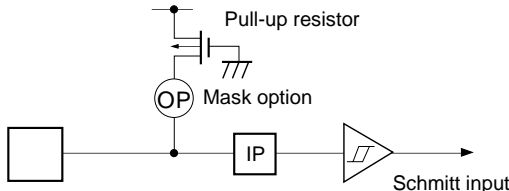
Symbol	I/O	Functions	
PH0 to PH1	I/O	(Port H) 2-bit I/O port. I/O can be set in a bit unit. Incorporation of pull-up resistor can be set through the software in a unit of 2 bits. (2 pins)	
PF0/S8 to PF7/S15	Output/Output	(Port F) 8-bit output port. (8 pins)	Segment signal output for FDP.
S16 to S20	Output	Segment signal output for FDP.	
T8/S28 to T15/S21	Output/Output	Output for FDP timing and segment signals.	
T0 to T7	Output	Timing signal output for FDP.	
PD0/S0 to PD7/S7	Output/Output	(Port D) 8-bit output port. (8 pins)	Segment signal output for FDP.
V _{FDP}		Provides voltage for FDP when on-chip resistor is selected under mask option.	
EXTAL	Input	Crystal connectors for system clock oscillation. When the clock is supplied externally, input to EXTAL; opposite phase clock should be input to XTAL.	
XTAL	Output		
PH2/TEX	Input/Input	(Port H) 2-bit input port. (2 pins)	Crystal connectors for 32kHz timer/counter clock oscillation circuit. Connect a 32kHz crystal oscillator between TEX and TX. For usage as event input, connect clock oscillation source to TEX, and leave TX open.
PH3/TX	Input/Output		
$\overline{\text{RST}}$	Input	Low-level active. System reset. $\overline{\text{RST}}$ is input pin.	
V _{pp}		Positive power supply pin for writing of built-in PROM. Under normal operating conditions, connect to V _{DD} .	
V _{DD}		V _{CC} supply.	
V _{SS}		GND	

I/O Circuit Format for Pins

Pin	Circuit format	When reset
<p>PA0/AN0 to PA7/AN7</p> <p>8 pins</p>	<p>Port A</p>  <p>* Pull-up transistors approx. 100kΩ</p>	<p>Hi-Z</p>
<p>PB0/$\overline{\text{CS1}}$ PB1/$\overline{\text{CS0}}$ PB3/SI0 PB6/SI1</p> <p>4 pins</p>	<p>Port B</p>  <p>* Pull-up transistors approx. 100kΩ</p> <p>SI0 and SI1 are not schmitt input.</p>	<p>Hi-Z</p>
<p>PB2/$\overline{\text{SCK0}}$ PB5/$\overline{\text{SCK1}}$</p> <p>2 pins</p>	<p>Port B</p>  <p>* Pull-up transistors approx. 100kΩ</p>	<p>Hi-Z</p>

Pin	Circuit format	When reset
<p>PB4/SO0 PB7/SO1</p> <p>2 pins</p>	<p>Port B</p> <p>Pull-up resistor "0" when reset</p> <p>SO</p> <p>Output enable</p> <p>Port B output selection "0" when reset</p> <p>Port B data</p> <p>Port B direction "0" when reset</p> <p>Data bus</p> <p>RD (Port B)</p> <p>* Pull-up transistors approx. 100kΩ</p>	<p>Hi-Z</p>
<p>PC0/KR0 to PC7/KR7</p> <p>8 pins</p>	<p>Port C</p> <p>Pull-up resistor "0" when reset</p> <p>Port C data</p> <p>Port C direction "0" when reset</p> <p>Data bus</p> <p>RD (Port C)</p> <p>Key input signal</p> <p>*1 Large current drive of 12mA possible *2 Pull-up transistors approx. 100kΩ</p>	<p>Hi-Z</p>
<p>PE0/$\overline{\text{EC}}$/INT0 PE1/INT1 PE2/INT2 PE3/INT3/$\overline{\text{NMI}}$ PE4/RMC</p> <p>5 pins</p>	<p>Port E</p> <p>Schmitt input</p> <p>IP</p> <p>$\overline{\text{EC}}$/INT0 INT1 INT2 INT3/$\overline{\text{NMI}}$ RMC</p> <p>Data bus</p> <p>RD (Port E)</p>	<p>Hi-Z</p>
<p>PE5</p> <p>1 pin</p>	<p>Port E</p> <p>IP</p> <p>Schmitt input</p> <p>Data bus</p> <p>RD (Port E)</p>	<p>Hi-Z</p>
<p>PE6</p> <p>1 pin</p>	<p>Port E</p> <p>Port E data "1" when reset</p> <p>Data bus</p> <p>RD (Port E)</p>	<p>High level</p>

Pin	Circuit format	When reset
<p>PE7/TO/ADJ</p> <p>1 pin</p>	<p>Port E</p>  <p>* ADJ signals are frequency division outputs for 32kHz oscillation frequency adjustment. ADJ2K provides usage as buzzer output.</p>	<p>High level (High level with 150kΩ resistor when reset)</p>
<p>PH0 to PH1</p> <p>2 pins</p>	<p>Port H</p>  <p>* Pull-up transistors approx. 100kΩ</p>	<p>Hi-Z</p>
<p>PD0/S0 to PD7/S7</p> <p>PF0/S8 to PF7/S15</p> <p>16 pins</p>	<p>Port D</p> <p>Port F</p>  <p>* High voltage tolerance transistor</p> <p>Mask option</p> <p>V_{FDP}</p>	<p>Hi-Z or Low level (When PD resistor is connected)</p>

Pin	Circuit format	When reset
<p>S16 to S20 T15/S21 to T8/S28 T0 to T7</p> <p>21 pins</p>	 <p>* High voltage tolerance transistor</p> <p>Segment output data</p> <p>Output selection control signal ("0" when reset)</p> <p>Mask option</p> <p>Pull-down resistor</p> <p>VFDP</p>	<p>Hi-Z or Low level (When PD resistor is connected)</p>
<p>EXTAL XTAL</p> <p>2 pins</p>	 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Diagram shows circuit construction for oscillation. • During STOP feedback resistor is disconnected, and XTAL becomes "H" level. 	<p>Oscillation</p>
<p>PH2/TEX PH3/TX</p> <p>2 pins</p>	 <p>32kHz oscillation circuit control</p> <p>"1" when reset</p> <p>Data bus</p> <p>RD</p> <p>Data bus</p> <p>RD</p> <p>Clock input</p>	<p>Oscillation halted port input</p>
<p>$\overline{\text{RST}}$</p> <p>1 pin</p>	 <p>Pull-up resistor</p> <p>Mask option</p> <p>Schmitt input</p>	<p>Low level</p>

Absolute Maximum Ratings

(V_{SS} = 0V)

Item	Symbol	Rating	Unit	Remarks
Supply voltage	V _{DD}	-0.3 to +7.0	V	
	V _{pp}	-0.3 to +13.0	V	Incorporated PROM
Input voltage	V _{IN}	-0.3 to +7.0* ¹	V	
Output voltage	V _{OUT}	-0.3 to +7.0* ¹	V	
Display output voltage	V _{OD}	V _{DD} - 40 to V _{DD} + 0.3	V	As P channel transistor is open drain, V _{DD} voltage is determined as standard.
High level output current	I _{OH}	-5	mA	Other than display output pins* ² : per pin
	I _{ODH1}	-15	mA	Display output S0 to S20: per pin
	I _{ODH2}	-35	mA	Display output T0 to T7 T8/S28 to T15/S21: per pin
High level total output current	∑I _{OH}	-40	mA	Total of other than display output pins
	∑I _{ODH}	-100	mA	Total of display output pins
Low level output current	I _{OL}	15	mA	Port 1 pin
	I _{OLC}	20	mA	Large current port pin* ³
Low level total output current	∑I _{OL}	100	mA	Entire pin total
Operating temperature	T _{opr}	-10 to +75	°C	
Storage temperature	T _{stg}	-55 to +150	°C	
Allowable power dissipation	P _D	600	mW	

*¹ V_{IN} and V_{OUT} must not exceed V_{DD} + 0.3V.

*² Specifies output current of general-purpose I/O ports.

*³ The large current drive transistor is an N-ch transistor of Port C (PC).

Note) If the absolute maximum ratings are exceeded, the LSI could reach permanent breakdown. Also, observing recommended operating conditions is desirable; otherwise, the LSI's reliability could be affected.

Recommended Operating Conditions

(V_{SS} = 0V)

Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Remarks
Supply voltage	V _{DD}	4.5	5.5	V	High speed mode (1/2, 1/4 clock) guaranteed operation range
		3.5	5.5	V	Low speed mode (1/16 clock) guaranteed operation range
		2.7	5.5	V	Guaranteed operation range with TEX clock
		2.5	5.5	V	Guaranteed data hold operation range during STOP
	V _{pp}	V _{pp} = V _{DD}		V	*4
High level input voltage	V _{IH}	0.7V _{DD}	V _{DD}	V	*1
	V _{IHS}	0.8V _{DD}	V _{DD}	V	Hysteresis input*2
	V _{IHEX}	V _{DD} - 0.4	V _{DD} + 0.3	V	EXTAL pin*3
Low level input voltage	V _{IL}	0	0.3V _{DD}	V	*1
	V _{ILS}	0	0.2V _{DD}	V	Hysteresis input*2
	V _{ILEX}	-0.3	0.4	V	EXTAL pin*3
Operating temperature	Topr	-10	+75	°C	

*1 All regular input port (PA, PB3, PB4, PB6, PB7, PC, PE5, PH).

*2 For pins \overline{RST} , $\overline{CS0}$, $\overline{CS1}$, $\overline{SCK0}$, $\overline{SCK1}$, $\overline{EC}/INT0$, INT1, INT2, INT3/ \overline{NMI} , RMC.

*3 Specifies only for external clock input.

*4 V_{pp} should be the same voltage as V_{DD}.

Electrical Characteristics

DC Characteristics

(Ta = -10 to +75°C, Vss = 0V)

Item	Symbol	Pin	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
High level output voltage	VOH	PA, PB, PC, PE6, PE7, PH0, PH1	VDD = 4.5V, IOH = -0.5mA	4.0			V
			VDD = 4.5V, IOH = -1.2mA	3.5			V
Low level output voltage	VOL	PA, PB, PC, PE6, PE7, PH0, PH1	VDD = 4.5V, IOL = 1.8mA			0.4	V
			VDD = 4.5V, IOL = 3.6mA			0.6	V
		PC	VDD = 4.5V, IOL = 12.0mA			1.5	V
Input current	IiHE	EXTAL	VDD = 5.5V, VIH = 5.5V	0.5		40	μA
	IiLE		VDD = 5.5V, VIL = 0.4V	-0.5		-40	μA
	IiHT	TEX	VDD = 5.5V, VIL = 5.5V	0.1		10	μA
	IiLT		VDD = 5.5V, VIL = 0.4V	-0.1		-10	μA
	IiLR	RST*1	VDD = 5.5V, VIL = 0.4V	-1.5		-400	μA
	IiL	PA to PC*2, PH0*2, PH1*2		VDD = 4.5V, VIL = 4.0V	-3.3		
Display output current	IOH	S0 to S20	VDD = 4.5V VOH = VDD - 2.5V	-8			mA
		S21/T15 to S28/T8 T0 to T7		-20			mA
Open drain output leak current (P-CH Tr off state)	ILOL	S0 to S20 S21/T15 to S28/T8 T0 to T7	VDD = 5.5V VOL = VDD - 35V VFDP = VDD - 35V			-20	μA
Pull down resistor*3	RL	S0 to S20 S21/T15 to S28/T8 T0 to T7	VDD = 5V VOD - VFDP = 30V	60	100	270	kΩ
Input/Output leak current	IIZ	PA to PC*2, PH0*2, PH1*2, RST*2	VDD = 5.5V Vi = 0, 5.5V			±10	μA

Item	Symbol	Pin	Codition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Supply current*4	I _{DD1}	V _{DD}	High-speed mode operation (1/2 frequency divider clock)		20	40	mA
			V _{DD} = 5.5V, 10MHz crystal oscillation (C ₁ = C ₂ = 15pF)				
	I _{DD2}		V _{DD} = 3V, 32kHz crystal oscillation (C ₁ = C ₂ = 47pF)		400	1000	μA
	I _{DDS1}		Sleep mode		1.2	8	mA
			V _{DD} = 5.5V, 10MHz crystal oscillation (C ₁ = C ₂ = 15pF)				
	I _{DDS2}		V _{DD} = 3V, 32kHz crystal oscillation (C ₁ = C ₂ = 47pF)		9	30	μA
I _{DDS3}	Stop mode, V _{DD} = 5.5V, Termination of 10MHz and 32kHz crystal oscillation.				30	μA	
Input capacitance	C _{IN}	For pins other than S0 to S28, T0 to T7, PE6, PE7, V _{DD} , V _{SS} , V _{FDP}	1MHz clock 0V other than the measured pins		10	20	pF

- *1 \overline{RST} specifies the input current when pull-up resistor has been selected; leakage current when no resistor has been selected.
- *2 Pins PA to PC, PH0, and PH1 specifies the input current when pull-up resistor has been selected; leakage current when no resistor has been selected.
- *3 Applies when the on-chip pull-down resistor is selected under the mask option.
- *4 All output pins are left open.

AC Characteristics

(1) Clock timing

(Ta = -10 to +75°C, VDD = 4.5 to 5.5V, VSS = 0V)

Item	Symbol	Pins	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
System clock frequency	fc	XTAL EXTAL	Fig. 1, Fig. 2	1		10	MHz
System clock input pulse width	t _{XL} , t _{XH}	EXTAL	Fig. 1, Fig. 2 External clock drive	37.5			ns
System clock input rise and fall time	t _{CR} , t _{CF}	EXTAL	Fig. 1, Fig. 2 External clock drive			200	ns
Event count input clock pulse width	t _{EH} , t _{EL}	\overline{EC}	Fig. 3	t _{sys} + 50*			ns
Event count input clock rise and fall time	t _{ER} , t _{EF}	\overline{EC}	Fig. 3			20	ms
System clock frequency	fc	TEX TX	V _{DD} = 2.7 to 5.5V Fig. 2 (32kHz clock application condition)		32.768		kHz
Event count input clock input pulse width	t _{TL} , t _{TH}	TEX	Fig. 3	10			μs
Event count input clock rise and fall time	t _{TR} , t _{TF}	TEX	Fig. 3			20	ms

* t_{sys} indicates the three values below according to the upper two bits (CPU clock selection) of the clock control register (address: 00FE_H).

t_{sys} [ns] = 2000/fc (upper two bits = "00"), 4000/fc (upper two bits = "01"), 16000/fc (upper two bits = "11")

Fig. 1. Clock timing

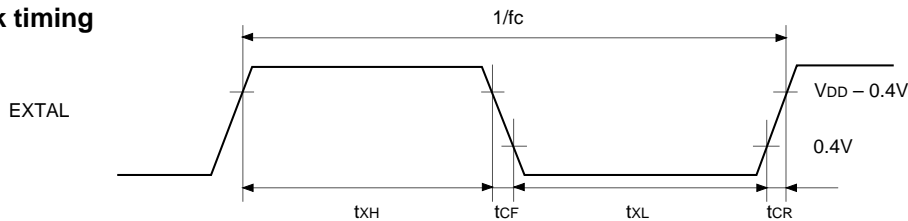


Fig. 2. Clock applied conditions

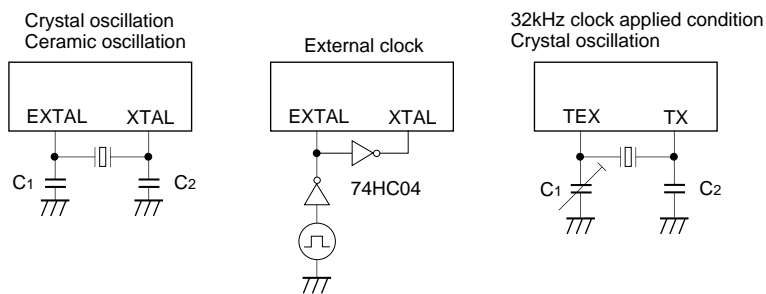
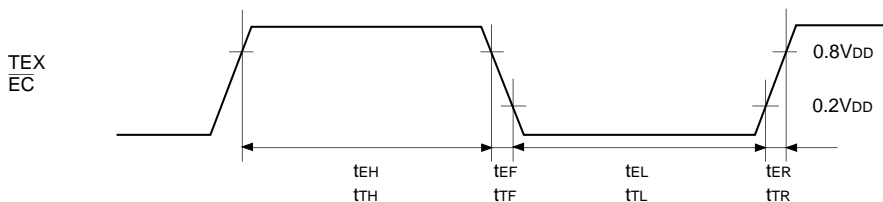


Fig. 3. Event count clock timing



(2) Serial transfer

(Ta = -10 to +75°C, VDD = 4.5 to 5.5V, VSS = 0V)

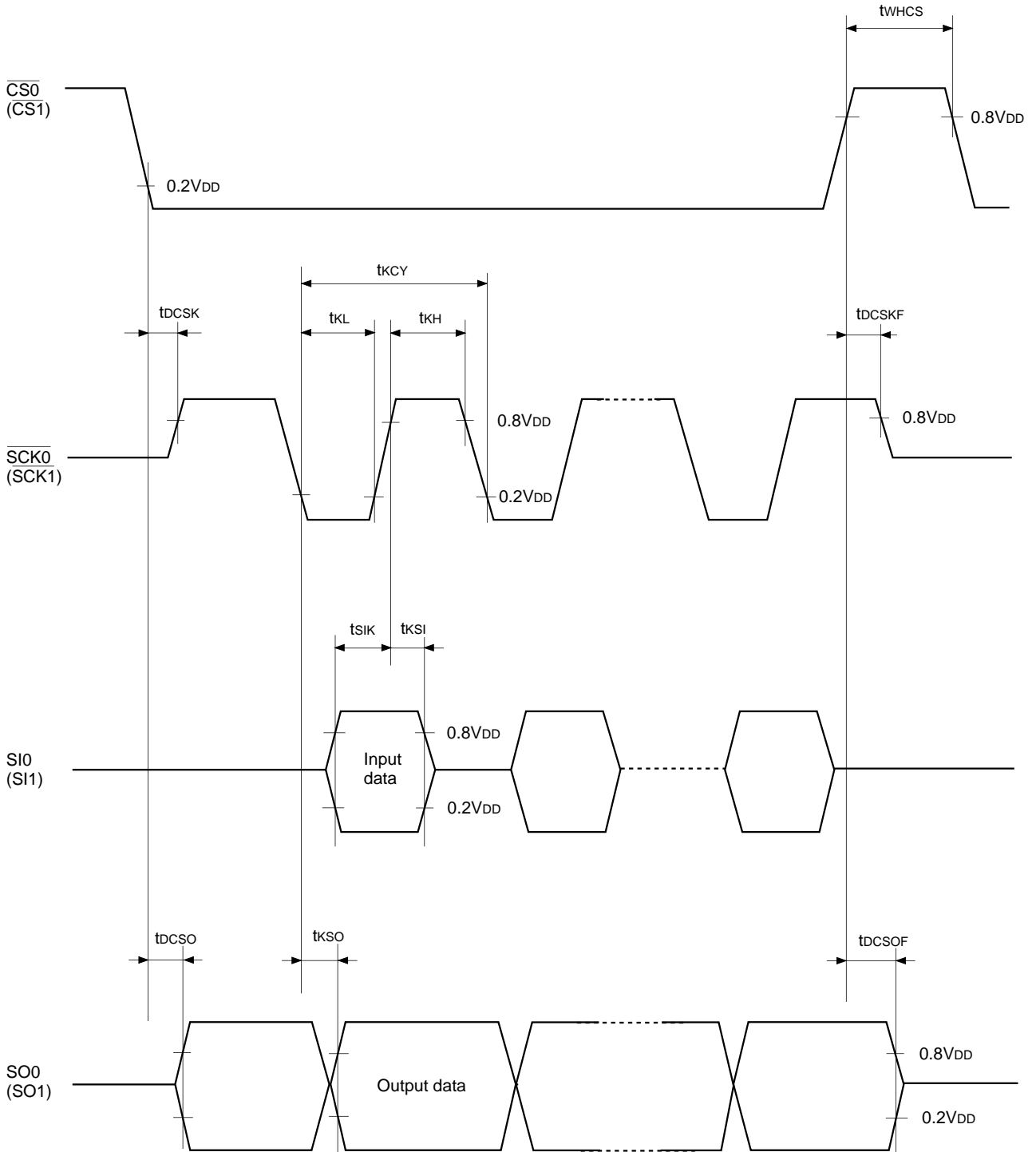
Item	Symbol	Pin	Condition	Min.	Max.	Unit
$\overline{CS0} \downarrow \rightarrow \overline{SCK0}$ ($\overline{CS1} \downarrow \rightarrow \overline{SCK1}$) delay time	t _{DCSK}	$\overline{SCK0}$ ($\overline{SCK1}$)	Chip select transfer mode ($\overline{SCK0}$ ($\overline{SCK1}$) = output mode)		t _{sys} + 200	ns
$\overline{CS0} \uparrow \rightarrow \overline{SCK0}$ ($\overline{CS1} \uparrow \rightarrow \overline{SCK1}$) float delay time	t _{DCSKF}	$\overline{SCK0}$ ($\overline{SCK1}$)	Chip select transfer mode ($\overline{SCK0}$ ($\overline{SCK1}$) = output mode)		t _{sys} + 200	ns
$\overline{CS0} \downarrow \rightarrow SO0$ ($\overline{CS1} \downarrow \rightarrow SO1$) delay time	t _{DCSO}	SO0 (SO1)	Chip select transfer mode		t _{sys} + 200	ns
$\overline{CS0} \uparrow \rightarrow SO0$ ($\overline{CS1} \uparrow \rightarrow SO1$) float delay time	t _{DCSOF}	SO0 (SO1)	Chip select transfer mode		t _{sys} + 200	ns
$\overline{CS0}$ ($\overline{CS1}$) high level width	t _{WHCS}	$\overline{CS0}$ ($\overline{CS1}$)	Chip select transfer mode	t _{sys} + 200		ns
$\overline{SCK0}$ ($\overline{SCK1}$) cycle time	t _{KCY}	$\overline{SCK0}$ ($\overline{SCK1}$)	Input mode	2t _{sys} + 200		ns
			Output mode	16000/fc		ns
$\overline{SCK0}$ ($\overline{SCK1}$) high and low level widths	t _{KH} t _{KL}	$\overline{SCK0}$ ($\overline{SCK1}$)	Input mode	t _{sys} + 100		ns
			Output mode	8000/fc - 50		ns
SI0 (SI1) input setup time (for $\overline{SCK0} \uparrow$ ($\overline{SCK1} \uparrow$))	t _{SIK}	SI0 (SI1)	$\overline{SCK0}$ ($\overline{SCK1}$) input mode	100		ns
			$\overline{SCK0}$ ($\overline{SCK1}$) output mode	200		ns
SI0 (SI1) input hold time (for $\overline{SCK0} \uparrow$ ($\overline{SCK1} \uparrow$))	t _{KSI}	SI0 (SI1)	$\overline{SCK0}$ ($\overline{SCK1}$) input mode	t _{sys} + 200		ns
			$\overline{SCK0}$ ($\overline{SCK1}$) output mode	100		ns
$\overline{SCK0} \downarrow \rightarrow SO0$ ($\overline{SCK1} \downarrow \rightarrow SO1$) delay time	t _{KSO}	SO0 (SO1)	$\overline{SCK0}$ ($\overline{SCK1}$) input mode		t _{sys} + 200	ns
			$\overline{SCK0}$ ($\overline{SCK1}$) output mode		100	ns

Note 1) t_{sys} indicates the three values below according to the upper two bits (CPU clock selection) of the control clock register (address: 00FEH).

t_{sys} [ns] = 2000/fc (upper two bits = "00"), 4000/fc (upper two bits = "01"), 16000/fc (upper two bits = "11")

Note 2) The load condition for the $\overline{SCK0}$ ($\overline{SCK1}$) output mode, SO0 (SO1) output delay time is 50pF + 1TTL.

Fig. 4. Serial transfer CH0 timing

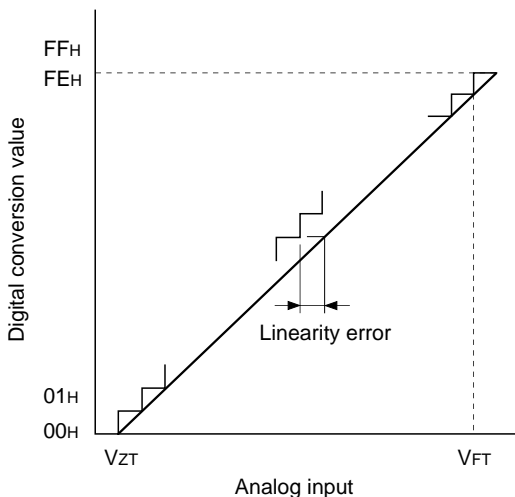


(3) A/D converter characteristics

($T_a = -10$ to $+75^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 4.5$ to 5.5V , $V_{SS} = 0\text{V}$)

Item	Symbol	Pin	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Resolution						8	Bits
Linearity error			$T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{DD} = 5.0\text{V}$ $V_{SS} = 0\text{V}$			± 3	LSB
Zero transition voltage	V_{ZT}^{*1}			-10	10	70	mV
Full-scale transition voltage	V_{FT}^{*2}			4910	4970	5030	mV
Conversion time	t_{CONV}			$160/f_{ADC}^{*3}$			μs
Sampling time	t_{SAMP}			$12/f_{ADC}^{*3}$			μs
Analog input voltage	V_{IAN}	AN0 to AN7		-0.3		$V_{DD} + 0.3$	V

Fig. 5. Definition of A/D converter terms



- *1 V_{ZT} : Value at which the digital conversion value changes from 00H to 01H and vice versa.
- *2 V_{FT} : Value at which the digital conversion value changes from FEH to FFH and vice versa.
- *3 f_{ADC} indicates the below values due to the Bit6 (CKS) of A/D control register (address: 00F9H) and the Bit7 (PCK1) and Bit6 (PCK0) of clock control register (address: 00FEH)

PCK1, 0	CKS	
	0 ($\phi/2$ selection)	1 (ϕ selection)
00 ($\phi = f_{EX}/2$)	$f_{ADC} = f_c/2$	$f_{ADC} = f_c$
01 ($\phi = f_{EX}/4$)	$f_{ADC} = f_c/4$	$f_{ADC} = f_c/2$
11 ($\phi = f_{EX}/16$)	$f_{ADC} = f_c/16$	$f_{ADC} = f_c/8$

(4) Interruption, reset input (Ta = -10 to +75°C, VDD = 4.5 to 5.5V, Vss = 0V)

Item	Symbol	Pin	Condition	Min.	Max.	Unit
External interruption high and low level widths	t _{IH} t _{IL}	INT0 INT1 INT2 INT3 $\overline{\text{NMI}}$		1		μs
Reset input low level width	t _{RSL}	$\overline{\text{RST}}$		32/fc		μs

Fig 6. Interruption input timing

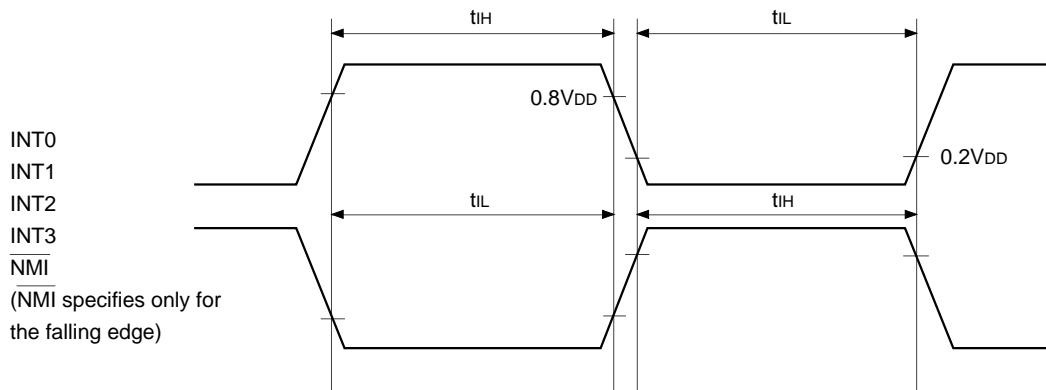
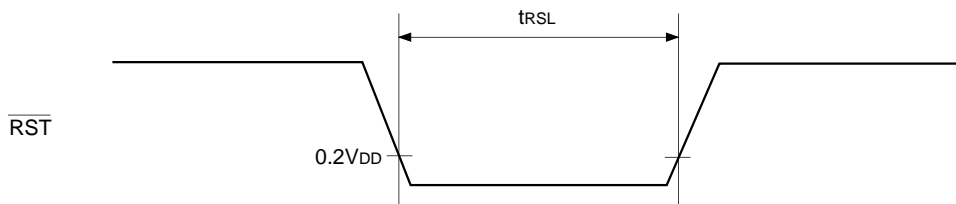
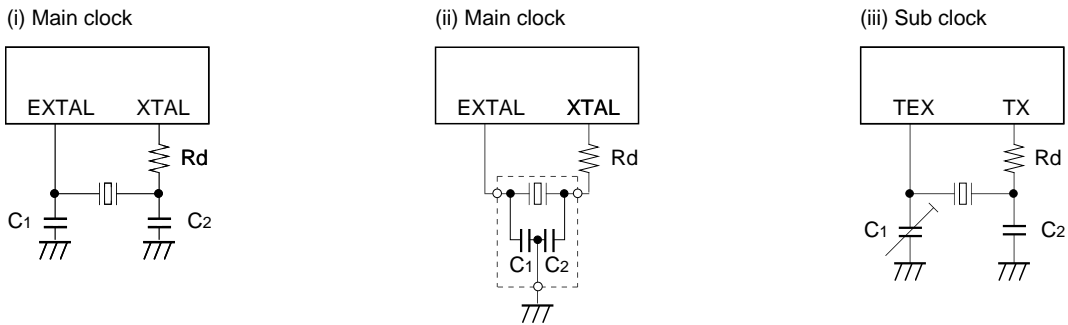


Fig. 7. $\overline{\text{RST}}$ input timing



Appendix

Fig. 8. Recommended oscillation circuit



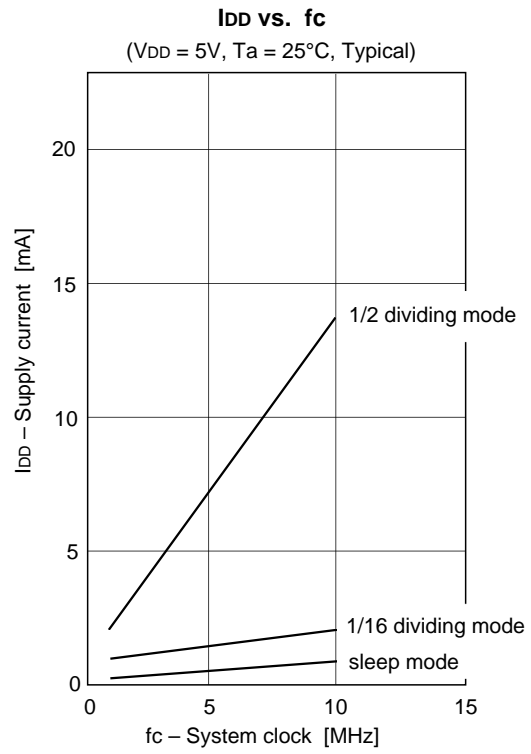
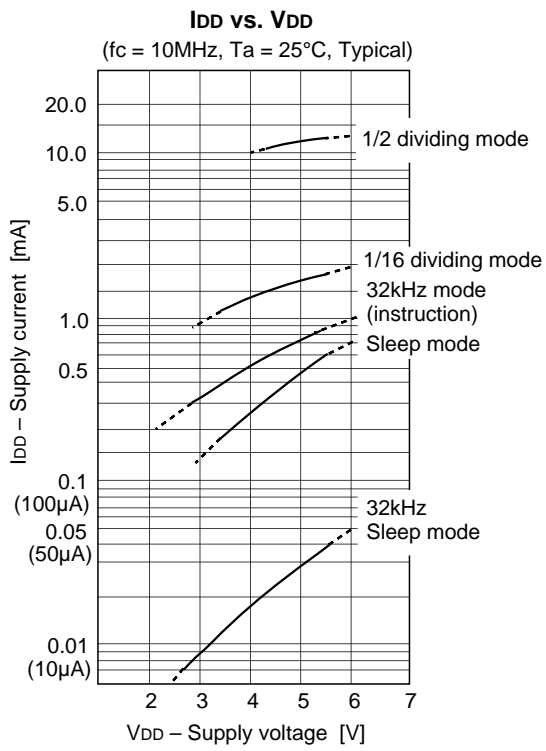
Manufacturer	Model	fc (MHz)	C1 (pF)	C2 (pF)	Rd (Ω)	Circuit example
MURATA MFG CO., LTD.	CSA4.19MG	4.19	30	30	0	(i)
	CSA8.00MTZ	8.00				
	CSA10.0MTZ	10.00				
	CST4.19MGW*	4.19				(ii)
	CST8.00MTW*	8.00				
	CST10.0MTW*	10.00				
RIVER ELETEC CORPORATION	HC-49/U03	4.19	12	12	0	(i)
		8.00				
		10.00				
KINSEKI LTD.	HC-49/U (-S)	4.19	27	27	0	
		8.00				
		10.00	20	20		
	P3	32.768kHz	50	22	1M	(iii)

Those marked with an asterisk (*) signify types with built-in ground capacitance (C1, C2).

Selection Guide

Option Item	Mask Product	CXP826P16Q-1-□□□
Package	80-pin plastic QFP	80-pin plastic QFP
ROM capacitance	12Kbyte/16Kbyte	PROM 16Kbyte
Reset pin pull-up resistor	Existent/Non-Existent	Existent
High voltage drive output pin pull-down resistor	Existent/Non-Existent	Non-Existent (PD0/S0 to PF7/S15) Existent (T0 to S16)

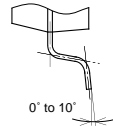
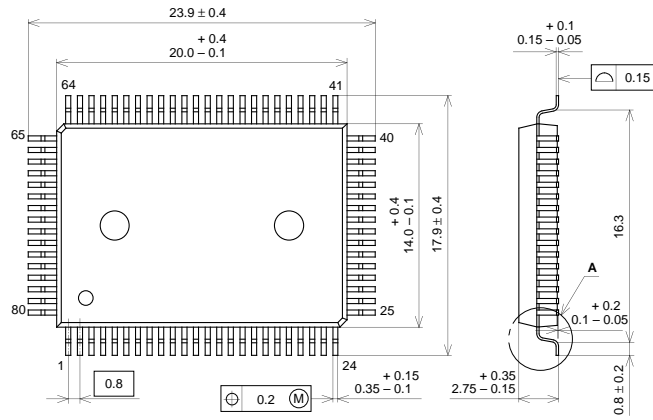
Characteristics Curves



Package Outline

Unit : mm

80PIN QFP (PLASTIC)



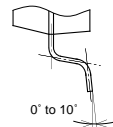
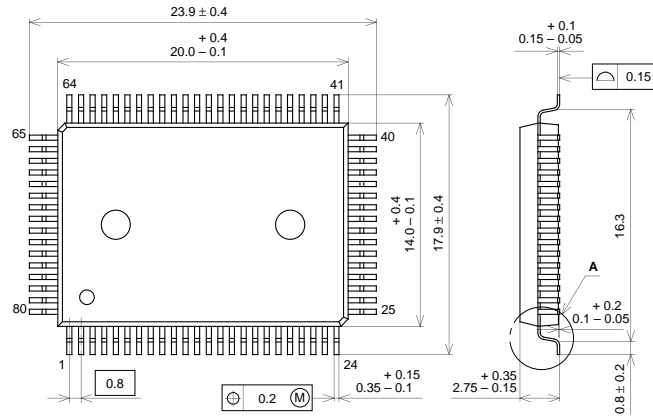
DETAIL A

PACKAGE STRUCTURE

SONY CODE	QFP-80P-L01
EIAJ CODE	QFP080-P-1420
JEDEC CODE	

PACKAGE MATERIAL	EPOXY RESIN
LEAD TREATMENT	SOLDER PLATING
LEAD MATERIAL	42/COPPER ALLOY
PACKAGE MASS	1.6g

80PIN QFP (PLASTIC)



DETAIL A

PACKAGE STRUCTURE

SONY CODE	QFP-80P-L01
EIAJ CODE	QFP080-P-1420
JEDEC CODE	

PACKAGE MATERIAL	EPOXY RESIN
LEAD TREATMENT	SOLDER PLATING
LEAD MATERIAL	42/COPPER ALLOY
PACKAGE MASS	1.6g

LEAD PLATING SPECIFICATIONS

ITEM	SPEC.
LEAD MATERIAL	42 ALLOY
SOLDER COMPOSITION	Sn-Bi Bi:1-4wt%
PLATING THICKNESS	5-18µm



LittleDiode supplies new, hard to find or obsolete electronic components and semiconductors all over the world.

With over two million different components listed you are sure to find the part you need.

Feel free to visit us today at our online store:

LittleDiode.com

Looking forward to providing you with the best possible service.