

# CXA1852N

## Quadrature Modulator for 900 MHz-Band Mobile Communications

**Description**

The CXA1852N is an IC package that combines a  $\pi/2$  phase shifter with a quadrature modulator. This is suitable for 900 MHz digital cordless telephone (CT2) and digital cellular.

**Features**

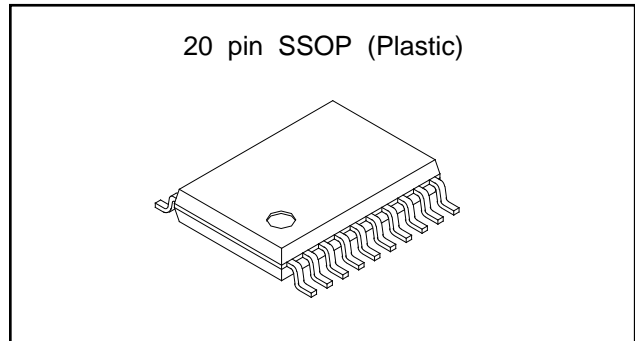
- Quadrature modulator IC has a built-in  $\pi/2$  phase shifter.
- Local frequency = 300.1 MHz (max.); I&Q = 36 kHz (max.)
- Small phase error
- Operating voltage range: 2.7 to 5 V
- Power saving function
- 20-pin SSOP package used for set size reduction

**Applications**

- CT2 digital cordless telephone
- Digital cellular

**Structure**

Bipolar silicon monolithic IC



**Absolute Maximum Ratings** (Ta=25 °C)

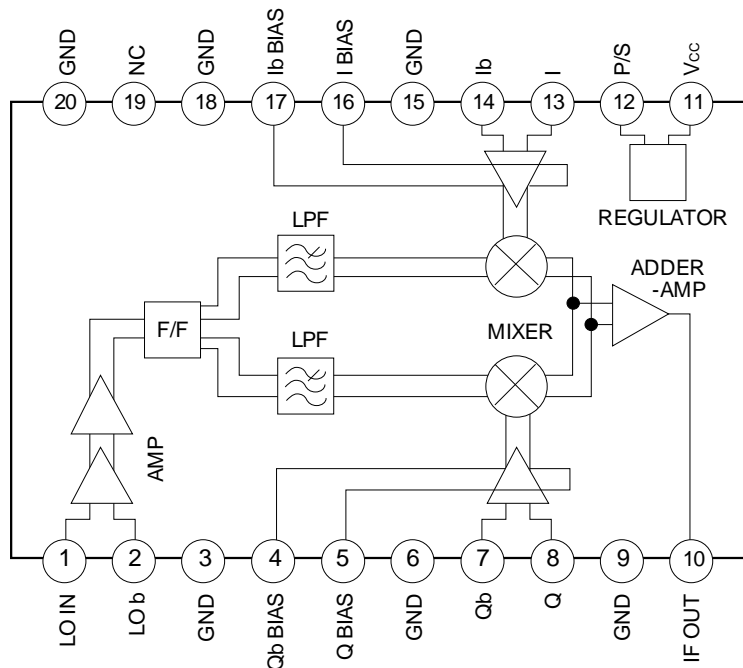
• Supply voltage	Vcc	6	V
• Operating temperature	Topr	-20 to +70	°C
• Storage temperature	Tstg	-65 to +150	°C
• Allowable power dissipation	PD	530*	mW

\*When mounted on a 50 × 50 × 1.6 mm copper-foiled glass epoxy board

**Recommended Operating Conditions**

• Supply voltage	Vcc	2.7±5.0	V
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**Block Diagram and Pin Configuration**



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Pin Description

Pin No.	Symbol	Typical pin voltage (V)	Equivalent circuit	Description
1	LOCAL IN	0		Local input pin. The internal resistor provides 50 Ω matching.
2	$\overline{\text{LOCAL IN}}$	*2.0		Bias pin for the local input amplifier. Ground this pin via a capacitor.
3	GND	0		
4	$\overline{\text{Q-BIAS}}$	*0.175		Local leak level adjustment pins. Normally ground these pins via 1 kΩ resistors.
5	Q-BIAS	*0.175		
6	GND	0		
7	$\overline{\text{Q-INPU}}$	*1.85 V to 0.85 V		Q signal input pin. The input impedance is 500 kΩ or more. (Only DC signals can be normally input at the $V_{cc}/2$ DC Bias.)
8	Q-INPUT	*1.85 V to 0.85 V		Q signal input pin. The input impedance is 500kΩ or more. (Signals of up to 1 Vp-p can be input at the $V_{cc}/2$ DC Bias.)
9	GND	0		
10	IF OUTPUT	*1.4		IF output pin. (An output impedance of 50 Ω is provided by the emitter follower.)

Pin No.	Symbol	Typical pin voltage (V)	Equivalent circuit	Description
11	Vcc	5.5 to 2.7		Power supply pin.
12	POWER SAVE	0 to 5.5		Power saving control pin. OFF when $V_{P/S} \leq 1.0$ V; ON when $V_{P/S} \geq 1.8$ V
13	I-INPUT	*0.85 to 1.85		I signal input pin. The input impedance is 500 k $\Omega$ or more. (Signals of up to 1 Vp-p can be input at the $V_{cc}/2$ DC Bias.)
14	I-INPUT	*0.85 to 1.85		I signal input pin. The input impedance is 500 k $\Omega$ or more (Only DC signals can be normally input at the $V_{cc}/2$ DC Bias.)
15	GND	0		
16	I-BIAS	*0.175		Local leak level adjustment pin. Normally ground this pin via a 1 k $\Omega$ resistor.
17	I-BIAS	*0.175		
18	GND	0		
19	N.C	—		
20	GND	0		

## Electrical Characteristics

(Ta=25 °C, Vcc=2.7 V, ZL=Zs=50 Ω)\*

Item	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Current consumption	I <sub>CC</sub>	For no signal input	10	15.0	22	mA
Standby current consumption	I <sub>CC</sub> (PS)	PS		330	480	μA
IF output power	P <sub>out</sub>	50 Ω load, f=f <sub>LO</sub> /2+f <sub>I/Q</sub>	-15	-11	-7.0	dBm
Lo carrier leak	ISO (Lo)	f <sub>I/Q</sub> =36 kHz, 1 V <sub>p-p</sub> , f <sub>out</sub> =f <sub>LO</sub> /2	26	35.0		dBc
Lo leak level	P <sub>LO</sub>	I/Q=V <sub>CC</sub> /2, f <sub>out</sub> =f <sub>LO</sub> /2		-49.0	-37	dBm
Image rejection (side-band leak)	ImR	f <sub>out</sub> =f <sub>LO</sub> /2-f <sub>I/Q</sub>	28.5	37.5		dBc
I/Q input impedance	Z <sub>I/Q</sub>		500			kΩ
Power saving response time	Rise	T <sub>P/S</sub> (RISE)		1.0	5.0	μs
	Fall	T <sub>P/S</sub> (DOWN)		1.0	3.0	μs
Power saving control voltage		V <sub>P/S</sub> (ON)	1.8		5.5	V
		V <sub>P/S</sub> (OFF)			1.0	V
Lo input level	L <sub>in</sub>		-17		-7	dBm

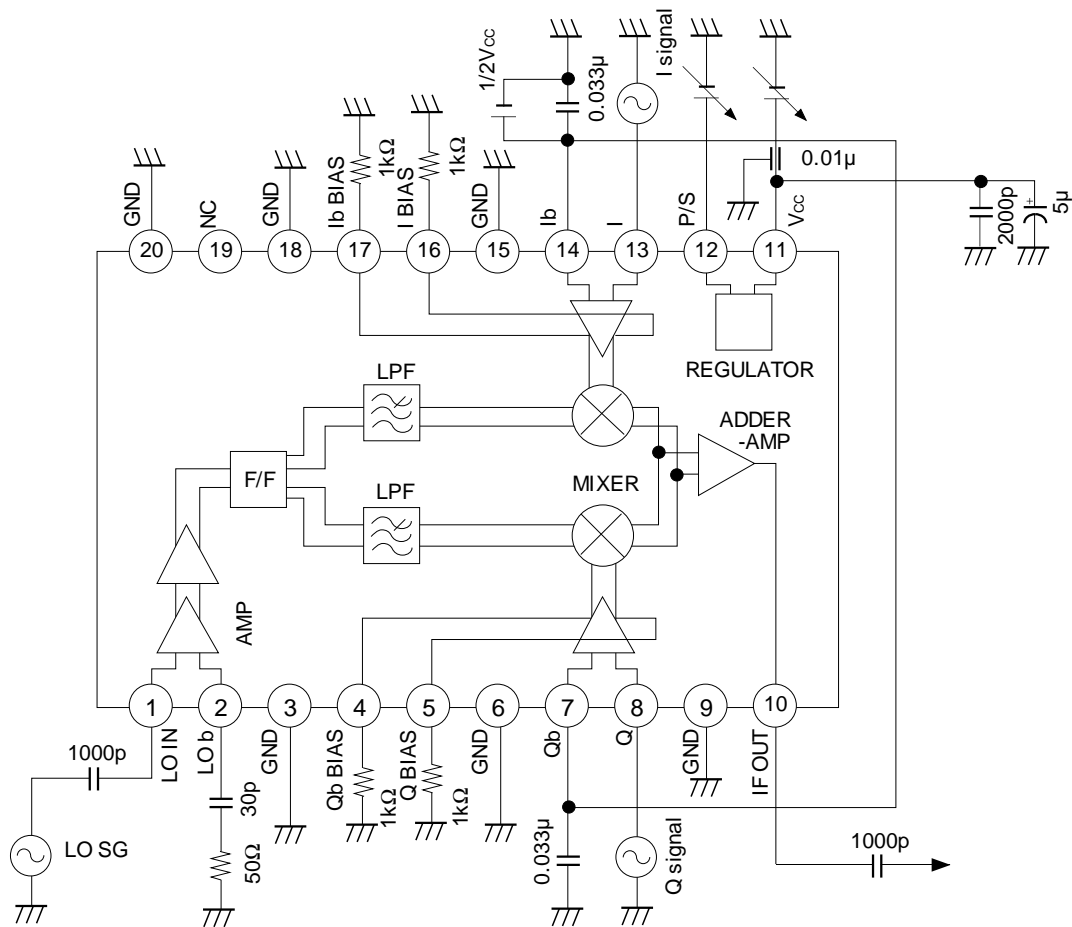
## Design Reference Values

(Ta=25 °C, Vcc=2.7 V, ZL=Zs=50 Ω)\*

Item	Symbol	Conditions	Typ.	Unit
I/Q third-order intermodulation distortion	IM <sub>3I/Q</sub>	f <sub>out</sub> =f <sub>LO</sub> /2-3f <sub>I/Q</sub>	37.3	dBc
Lo input VSWR			1.1	X:1
IF output VSWR			1.2	X:1

\* f<sub>LO</sub>=300.1 MHz Pin=-10 dBmf<sub>I/Q</sub>=36 kHz 1 V<sub>p-p</sub> DC=V<sub>CC</sub>/2

Electrical Characteristics Test Circuit

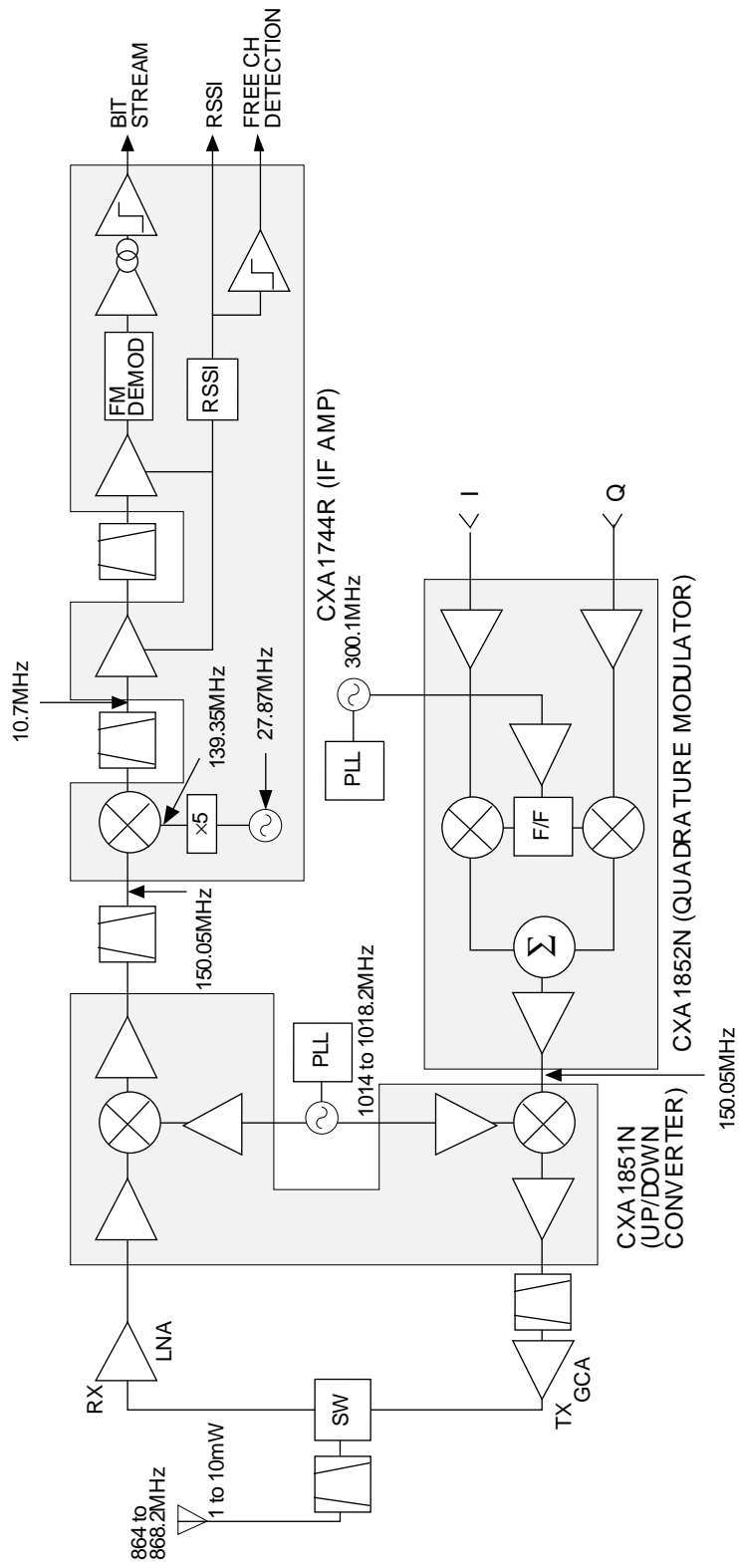


Signal	Frequency	Input level	Remarks
Lo	300.1 MHz	-10 dBm	
I signal	36 kHz	1 Vp-p	I/O phase difference = 90 °C DC for measuring the local leak
Q signal	35 kHz	1 Vp-p	

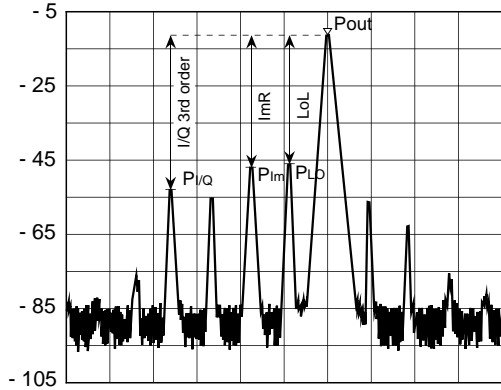
$V_{CC}=V_{P/S}$	2.7 to 5.5 V
$V_I=V_{Ib}=V_Q=V_{Qb}$	$0.5 \times V_{CC}$

**Block Diagram**

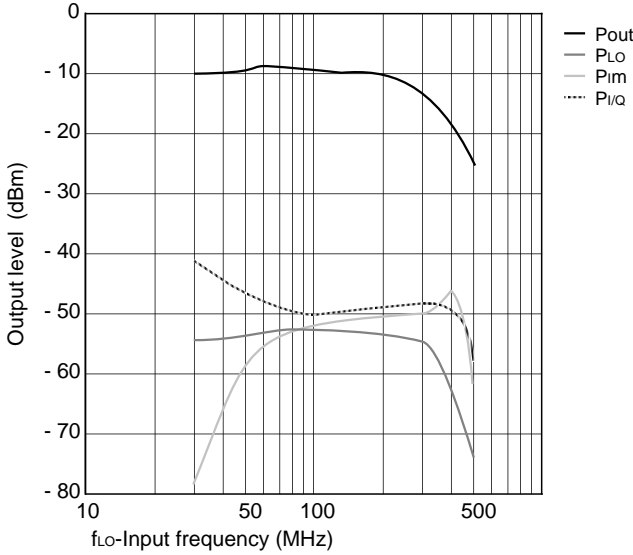
Digital cordless telephone chip set (CXA1744R/CXA1851N/CXA1852N)



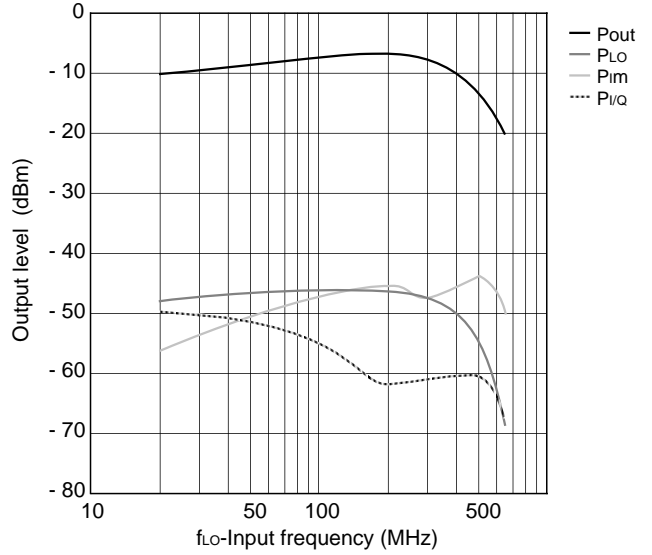
Modulation spectrum ( $V_{CC}=2.7V$ , S.P.A. measurement)



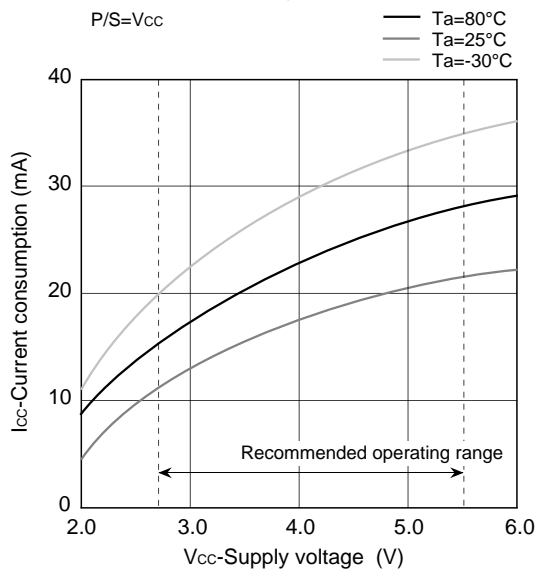
$f_{LO}$  vs.  $P_{out}$ ,  $P_{Lo}$ ,  $P_{Im}$ ,  $P_{I/Q}$  characteristics ( $V_{CC}=2.7V$ )



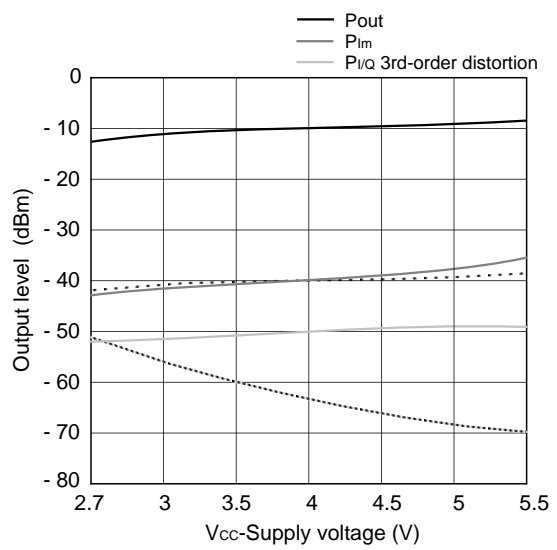
$f_{LO}$  vs.  $P_{out}$ ,  $P_{Lo}$ ,  $P_{Im}$ ,  $P_{I/Q}$  characteristics ( $V_{CC}=5.5V$ )



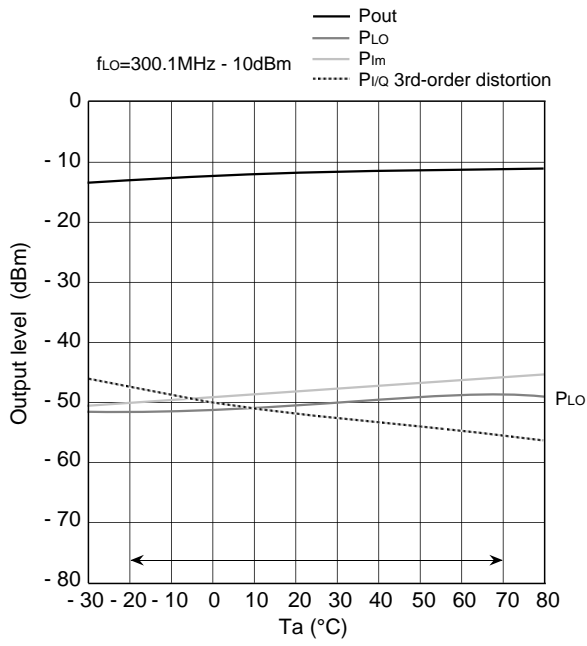
$V_{CC}$  vs.  $I_{CC}$  characteristics  
No signal input



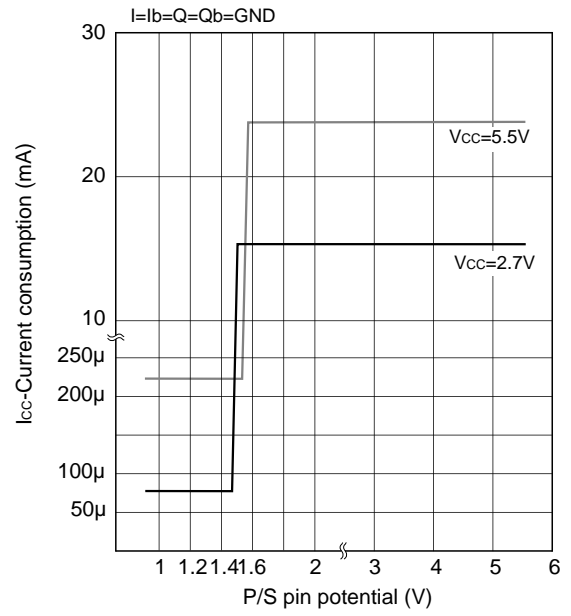
$V_{CC}$  vs.  $P_{out}$ ,  $P_{Im}$ ,  $P_{I/Q}$  characteristics  
Lo:  $f_{LO}=300.1MHz$   
 $P_{in}=-10dBm$



Ta vs. Pout, PLo, PIm, P1/Q characteristics (Vcc=2.7V)



V<sub>P/S</sub> vs. I<sub>cc</sub> characteristics

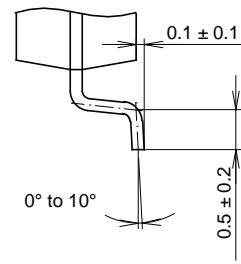
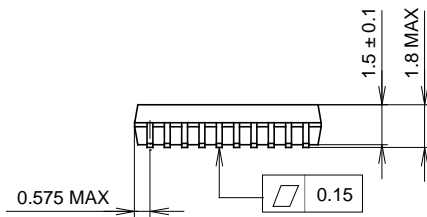
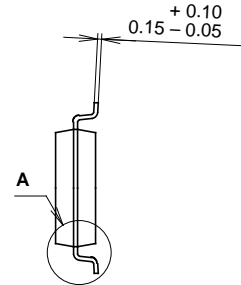
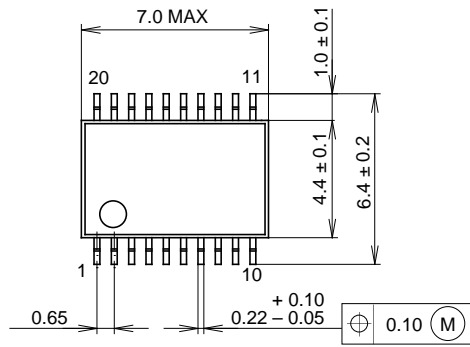


**Notes on Operation**

- (1) Electrostatic sensitive devices because of the high-frequency process .
- (2) Earth pattern should be as wide as possible, and do not increase ground impedance to prevent from the parasitic oscillation.
- (3) Wire the GND pin as short as possible.
- (4) Connect a by-pass capacitor to the Vcc pin.

Package Outline Unit : mm

20PIN SSOP (PLASTIC)



SONY CODE	SSOP-20P-L072
EIAJ CODE	SSOP020-P-0225-BN
JEDEC CODE	—

PACKAGE STRUCTURE

MOLDING COMPOUND	EPOXY / PHENOL RESIN
LEAD TREATMENT	SOLDER PLATING
LEAD MATERIAL	COPPER ALLOY
PACKAGE WEIGHT	0.1g



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