

AN8735NSB

2-channel linear driver IC for CD/CD-ROM player

Overview

The AN8735NSB is a 2-channel BTL driver IC for CD/CD-ROM. It is a small package version of the AN8735SB.

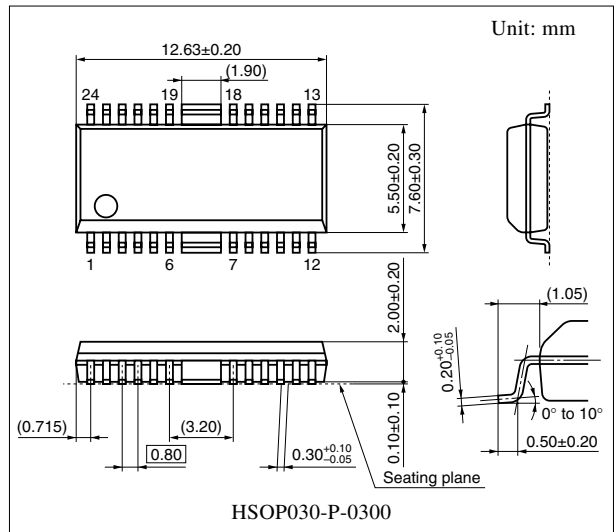
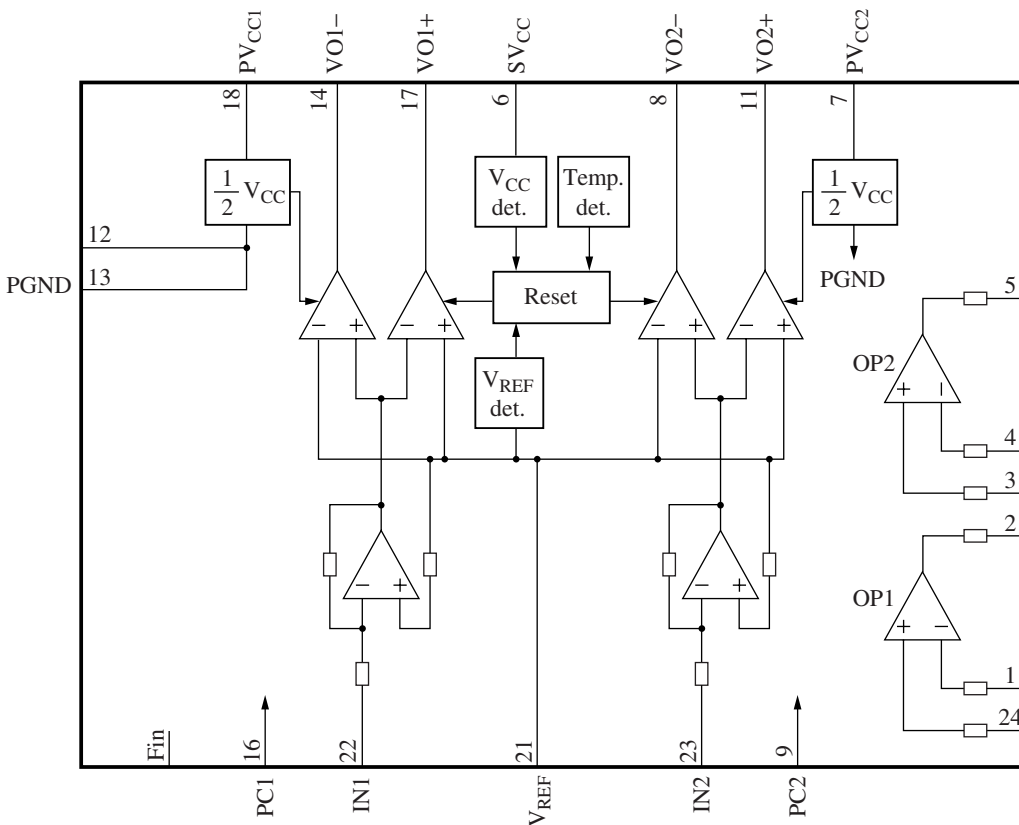
Features

- 2-channel of D range widening type BTL driver built in
- Optimum to drive a motor actuator
- 2 pieces of exclusive op-amp. built in
- PC (power cut) function
- Thermal shut-down circuit built-in (with hysteresis)

Applications

- Car CD player
- CD/CD-ROM player

Block Diagram



Note) The package of this product will be changed to lead-free type (HSOP030-P-0300A). See the new package dimensions section later of this datasheet.

■ Pin Descriptions

| Pin No. | Description | Pin No. | Description |
|---------|--------------------------------------|---------|--------------------------------------|
| 1 | Op-amp. 1: inverted input pin | 14 | Driver-1 reverse rotation output pin |
| 2 | Op-amp. 1: output pin | 15 | N.C. |
| 3 | Op-amp. 2: non-inverted input pin | 16 | Power cut input pin 1 |
| 4 | Op-amp. 2: inverted input pin | 17 | Driver-1 forward rotation output pin |
| 5 | Op-amp. 2: output pin | 18 | Driver power supply pin 1 |
| 6 | Power supply pin | 19 | N.C. |
| 7 | Driver power supply pin 2 | 20 | N.C. |
| 8 | Driver-2 reverse rotation output pin | 21 | V _{REF} input pin |
| 9 | Power cut input pin 2 | 22 | Driver-1 input pin |
| 10 | N.C. | 23 | Driver-2 input pin |
| 11 | Driver-2 forward rotation output pin | 24 | Op-amp. 1: non-inverted input pin |
| 12 | Driver GND pin 1 | Fin | GND pin |
| 13 | Driver GND pin 2 | | |

■ Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Parameter | Symbol | Rating | Unit |
|----------------------------------|---|-------------|------|
| Supply voltage | V _{CC} | 14.4 | V |
| Supply current | I _{SVCC} | 250 | mA |
| | I _{PVCC1} , I _{PVCC2} | 800 | |
| Power dissipation *2 | P _D | 390 | mW |
| Operating ambient temperature *1 | T _{opr} | -30 to +85 | °C |
| Storage temperature *1 | T _{stg} | -55 to +150 | °C |

Note) *1: Except for the operating ambient temperature and storage temperature, all ratings are for T_a = 25°C.

*2: Referring to "■ Usage Notes", use within the range of P_D = 390 mW or less at T_a = 85°C, following the allowable power dissipation characteristic curve of "■ Application Notes".

■ Recommended Operating Range

| Parameter | Symbol | Range | Unit |
|----------------|---------------------------------------|-----------|------|
| Supply voltage | SV _{CC} | 4.5 to 14 | V |
| | PV _{CC1} , PV _{CC2} | 3.5 to 14 | |

■ Electrical Characteristics at $SV_{CC} = 12\text{ V}$, $PV_{CC1} = PV_{CC2} = 5\text{ V}$, $V_{REF} = 1.65\text{ V}$, $R_L = 8\ \Omega$, $V_{PC1} = 5\text{ V}$, $V_{PC2} = 5\text{ V}$, $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$

| Parameter | Symbol | Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|--|-------------|--|------|-------|------|---------------|
| Current consumption 1 with no signal | I_{SVCC} | $I_{IN1} = I_{IN2} = 0\ \mu\text{A}$, $PC1 = PC2 = 0\text{ V}$ | — | 2.5 | 5 | mA |
| Current consumption 2 with no signal | I_{PVCC1} | $I_{IN1} = I_{IN2} = 0\ \mu\text{A}$, $PC1 = 0\text{ V}$ | — | 0.3 | 1 | mA |
| Current consumption 3 with no signal | I_{PVCC2} | $I_{IN1} = I_{IN2} = 0\ \mu\text{A}$, $PC2 = 0\text{ V}$ | — | 0.3 | 1 | mA |
| Driver 1, 2 $R_{L1} = R_{L2} = 8\ \Omega$ | | | | | | |
| Output offset voltage | V_{DROF} | $I_{IN1} = I_{IN2} = 0\ \mu\text{A}$ | -65 | 0 | 65 | mV |
| Gain (+) | G_{1+} | $R_{IN1} = R_{IN2} = 10\text{ k}\Omega$, $V_{IN} = V_{REF} \pm 50\text{ mV}$ | 21.5 | 22.9 | 24.3 | dB |
| Relative gain (+/-) | G_1 | | -0.7 | — | +0.7 | dB |
| Maximum output amplitude (+) | V_{L1+} | $V_{IN} = 3.3\text{ V}$ | 3.8 | 4.25 | — | V |
| Maximum output amplitude (-) | V_{L1-} | $V_{IN} = 0\text{ V}$ | — | -4.25 | -3.8 | V |
| Op-amp. 1, 2 | | | | | | |
| Input offset voltage | V_{OPOF} | $SV_{CC} = 12\text{ V}$ | -10 | 0 | 10 | mV |
| Input bias current | I_{BOP} | $SV_{CC} = 12\text{ V}$ | -2 | -0.5 | 0 | μA |
| High-level output voltage | V_{OH} | $SV_{CC} = 12\text{ V}$, $I_{OP} = +2\text{ mA}$ | 10 | — | — | V |
| Low-level output voltage | V_{OL} | $SV_{CC} = 12\text{ V}$, $I_{OP} = -2\text{ mA}$ | — | — | 0.9 | V |
| Output driving current sink | I_{SIN} | $SV_{CC} = 12\text{ V}$ | 2.0 | — | — | mA |
| Output driving current source | I_{SOU} | $SV_{CC} = 12\text{ V}$ | 2.0 | — | — | mA |
| Power cut operation | | | | | | |
| PC1 threshold high-level voltage | V_{PC1H} | $SV_{CC} = 12\text{ V}$ | 2.9 | — | — | V |
| PC1 threshold low-level voltage | V_{PC1L} | $SV_{CC} = 12\text{ V}$ | — | — | 1.0 | V |
| PC2 threshold high-level voltage | V_{PC2H} | $SV_{CC} = 12\text{ V}$ | 2.9 | — | — | V |
| PC2 threshold low-level voltage | V_{PC2L} | $SV_{CC} = 12\text{ V}$ | — | — | 1.0 | V |
| PC1 input current | I_{PC1} | $SV_{CC} = 12\text{ V}$, $PC1 = 5\text{ V}$ | — | 70 | 140 | μA |
| PC2 input current | I_{PC2} | $SV_{CC} = 12\text{ V}$, $PC2 = 5\text{ V}$ | — | 70 | 140 | μA |
| Reset circuit | | | | | | |
| Reset operation release supply voltage | V_{RST} | | — | — | 4.5 | V |
| V_{REF} detection voltage | V_R | | 1.35 | — | — | V |

■ Electrical Characteristics at $SV_{CC} = 12\text{ V}$, $PV_{CC1} = PV_{CC2} = 5\text{ V}$, $V_{REF} = 1.65\text{ V}$, $R_L = 8\ \Omega$, $V_{PC1} = 5\text{ V}$, $V_{PC2} = 5\text{ V}$, $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (continued)

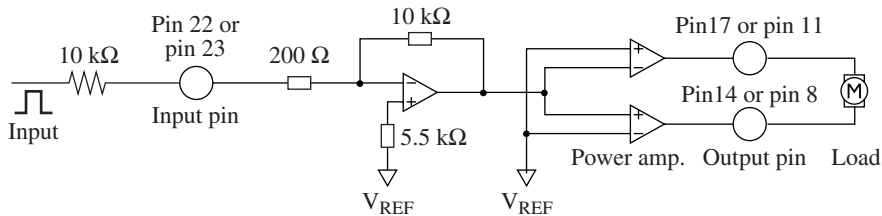
• Design reference data

Note) The characteristics listed below are theoretical values based on the IC design and are not guaranteed.

| Parameter | Symbol | Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|---|------------------|------------|-----|-----|-----|------------------|
| Thermal protection circuit | | | | | | |
| Operating temperature equilibrium value | T_{THD} | | — | 160 | — | $^\circ\text{C}$ |
| Operating temperature hysteresis width | ΔT_{THD} | | — | 45 | — | $^\circ\text{C}$ |
| Supply voltage detection hysteresis width | ΔV_{HD} | | — | 0.2 | — | V |

■ Usage Notes

- Be sure to use SV_{CC} in the maximum potential. Otherwise, it is likely to cause an operating error.
- On driver gain setting,
Power amp. voltage gain: 23 dB



- On operating mode of mute,

1) Driver

| | PC1 | | PC2 | |
|-----------|--------|------------|--------|------------|
| | High | Low (open) | High | Low (open) |
| Channel 1 | Active | Mute | — | — |
| Channel 2 | — | — | Active | Mute |

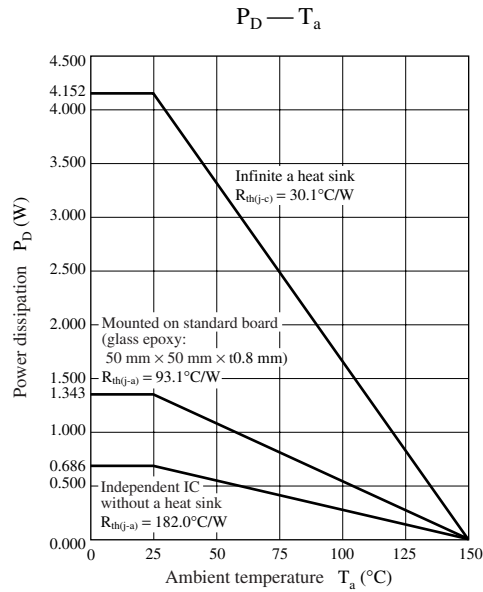
2) General-use op-amp.

| | | PC1 | |
|-----|------------|--------|------------|
| | | High | Low (open) |
| PC2 | High | Active | Active |
| | Low (open) | Active | Mute |

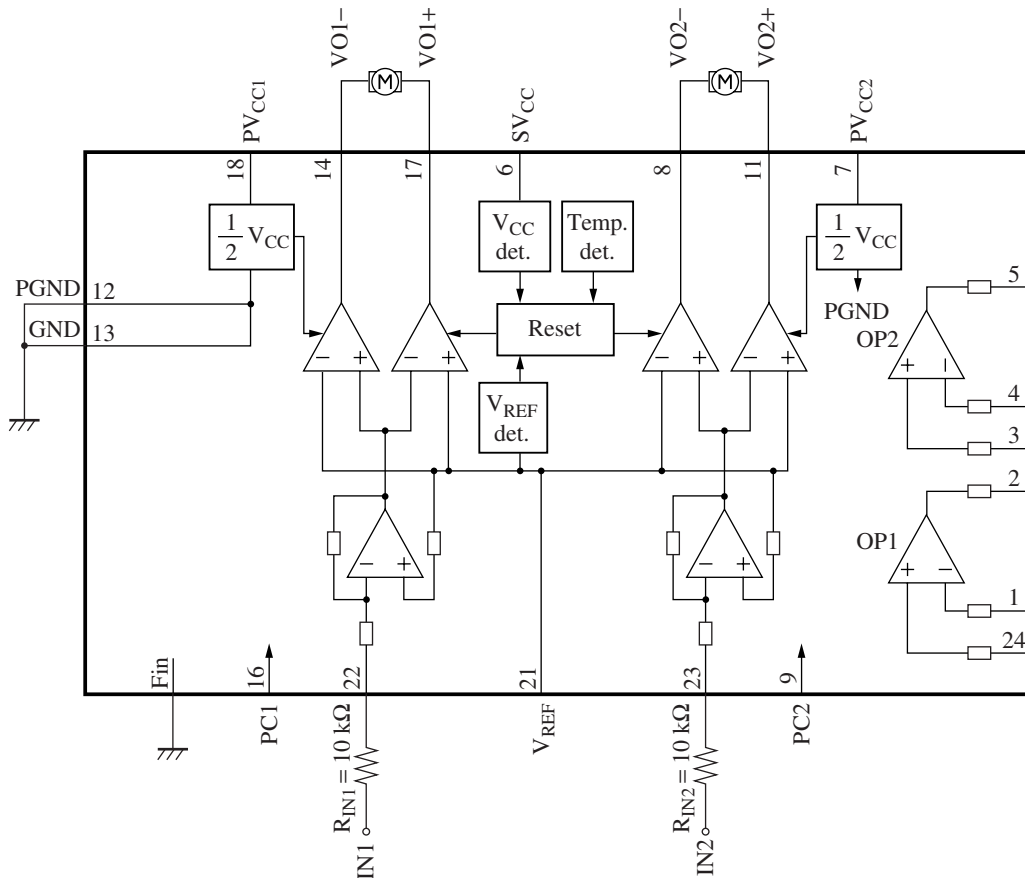
- Appropriate care should be taken on the characteristics.
When changing an external circuit constant on actual use, secure an appropriate margin in consideration of characteristic fluctuation of external parts and our ICs including transient characteristics as well as static ones.
- Avoid the short-circuits between output pin and V_{CC} , output pin and GND (line-to-supply and line-to-ground), and between output pins (load short-circuit). Otherwise, the IC is likely to emit smoke and break down.
- An appropriate prior study should be done for use of dip soldering.

Application Notes

- $P_D - T_a$ curves of HSOP030-P-0300



Application Circuit Example



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