

## SPATIAL, STEREO AND PSEUDO-STEREO SOUND CIRCUIT

The TDA3810 integrated circuit provides spatial, stereo and pseudo-stereo sound for radio and television equipment.

### Features

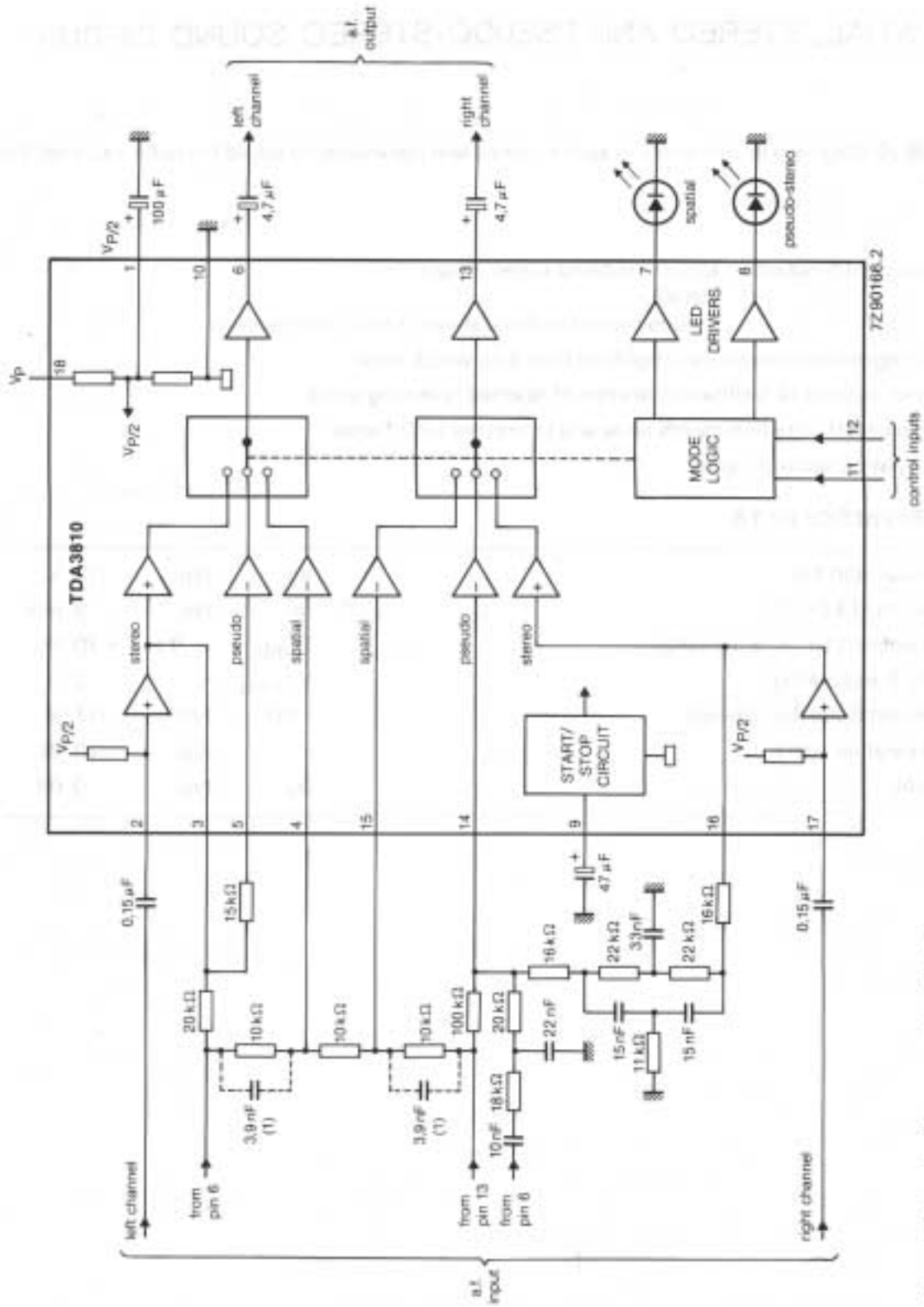
- Three switched functions: spatial (widened stereo image)  
stereo  
pseudo-stereo (artificial stereo from a mono source)
- Offset compensated operational amplifiers to reduce switch noise
- LED driver outputs to facilitate indication of selected operating mode
- Start/stop circuit to reduce switch noise and to prevent LED-flicker
- TTL-compatible control inputs

### QUICK REFERENCE DATA

|                                     |              |      |         |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|------|---------|
| Supply voltage (pin 18)             | $V_p$        | typ. | 12 V    |
| Supply current (LEDs off)           | $I_p$        | typ. | 6 mA    |
| Operating ambient temperature range | $T_{amb}$    | 0 to | + 70 °C |
| Input signal (r.m.s. value)         | $V_{i(rms)}$ | <    | 2 V     |
| Total harmonic distortion (stereo)  | THD          | typ. | 0,1 %   |
| Channel separation (stereo)         | $\alpha$     | typ. | 70 dB   |
| Gain (stereo)                       | $G_v$        | typ. | 0 dB    |

### PACKAGE OUTLINE

18-lead DIL; plastic (SOT102).



(1) Used in spatial mode for correction of high frequency only (optimal performance).

Fig. 1 Block diagram/test circuit showing external components; for control inputs to pins 11 and 12 see truth table.

**RATINGS**

Limiting values in accordance with the Absolute Maximum System (IEC 134)

|                                     |           |      |                |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|------|----------------|
| Supply voltage (pin 18)             | $V_p$     | max. | 18 V           |
| Storage temperature range           | $T_{stg}$ |      | -25 to +150 °C |
| Operating ambient temperature range | $T_{amb}$ |      | 0 to +70 °C    |

**THERMAL RESISTANCE**

|                         |                |   |        |
|-------------------------|----------------|---|--------|
| From crystal to ambient | $R_{th\ cr-a}$ | = | 80 K/W |
|-------------------------|----------------|---|--------|

**CHARACTERISTICS**

$V_p = 12\text{ V}$ ;  $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$ ; test circuit Fig. 1 stereo mode (pin 11 to ground) unless otherwise specified. Output load:  $R_{6-10, 13-10} \geq 4,7\text{ k}\Omega$ ;  $C_{6-10, 13-10} \leq 150\text{ pF}$ .

| parameter   | symbol       | min. | typ. | max. | unit          |
|---|--------------|------|------|------|---------------|
| Supply voltage range (pin 18)   | $V_p$        | 4,5  | —    | 16,5 | V             |
| Supply current  | $I_p$        | —    | 6    | 12   | mA            |
| Reference voltage   | $V_S$        | 5,3  | 6    | 6,7  | V             |
| Input voltage (pin 2 or 17)<br>THD = 0,2% (stereo mode)                                       | $V_{i(rms)}$ | —    | —    | 2    | V             |
| Input resistance (pin 2 or 17)  | $R_i$        | 50   | 75   | —    | k $\Omega$    |
| Voltage gain $V_o/V_i$  | $G_v$        | —    | 0    | —    | dB            |
| Channel separation (R/L)  | $\alpha$     | 60   | 70   | —    | dB            |
| Total harmonic distortion<br>$f = 40\text{ to }16\,000\text{ Hz}$ ; $V_{o(rms)} = 1\text{ V}$ | THD          | —    | 0,1  | —    | %             |
| Power supply ripple rejection   | RR           | —    | 50   | —    | dB            |
| Noise output voltage<br>(unweighted) left and right output                                    | $V_{n(rms)}$ | —    | 10   | —    | $\mu\text{V}$ |
| <b>SPATIAL MODE</b> (pins 11 and 12 HIGH)   |              |      |      |      |               |
| Antiphase crosstalk   | $\alpha$     | —    | 50   | —    | %             |
| Voltage gain  | $G_v$        | 1,4  | 2,4  | 3,4  | dB            |

**PSEUDO-STEREO MODE**

The quality and strength of the pseudo-stereo effect is determined by external filter components.