

# DAC0800/DAC0802

## 8-Bit Digital-to-Analog Converters

### General Description

The DAC0800 series are monolithic 8-bit high-speed current-output digital-to-analog converters (DAC) featuring typical settling times of 100 ns. When used as a multiplying DAC, monotonic performance over a 40 to 1 reference current range is possible. The DAC0800 series also features high compliance complementary current outputs to allow differential output voltages of 20 V<sub>p-p</sub> with simple resistor loads as shown in *Figure 1*. The reference-to-full-scale current matching of better than  $\pm 1$  LSB eliminates the need for full-scale trims in most applications while the nonlinearities of better than  $\pm 0.1\%$  over temperature minimizes system error accumulations.

The noise immune inputs of the DAC0800 series will accept TTL levels with the logic threshold pin, V<sub>LC</sub>, grounded. Changing the V<sub>LC</sub> potential will allow direct interface to other logic families. The performance and characteristics of the device are essentially unchanged over the full  $\pm 4.5$ V to  $\pm 18$ V power supply range; power dissipation is only 33 mW with  $\pm 5$ V supplies and is independent of the logic input states.

The DAC0800, DAC0802, DAC0800C and DAC0802C are a direct replacement for the DAC-08, DAC-08A, DAC-08C, and DAC-08H, respectively.

### Features

- Fast settling output current: 100 ns
- Full scale error:  $\pm 1$  LSB
- Nonlinearity over temperature:  $\pm 0.1\%$
- Full scale current drift:  $\pm 10$  ppm/ $^{\circ}$ C
- High output compliance:  $-10$ V to  $+18$ V
- Complementary current outputs
- Interface directly with TTL, CMOS, PMOS and others
- 2 quadrant wide range multiplying capability
- Wide power supply range:  $\pm 4.5$ V to  $\pm 18$ V
- Low power consumption: 33 mW at  $\pm 5$ V
- Low cost

### Typical Applications

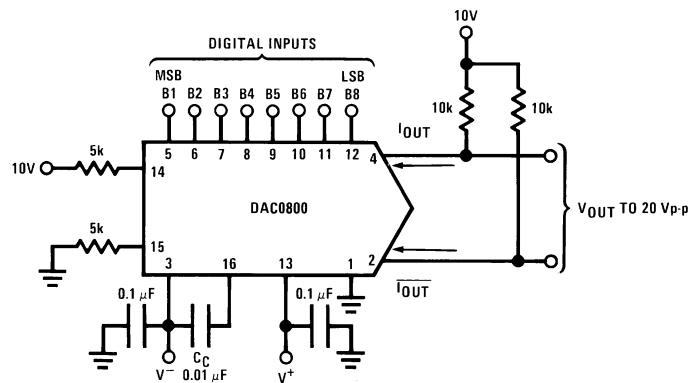


FIGURE 1.  $\pm 20$  V<sub>P-P</sub> Output Digital-to-Analog Converter (Note 5)

### Ordering Information

Non-Linearity	Temperature Range	Order Numbers				
		J Package (J16A) (Note 1)		N Package (N16E) (Note 1)	SO Package (M16A)	
$\pm 0.1\%$ FS	$0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +70^{\circ}\text{C}$	DAC0802LCJ	DAC-08HQ	DAC0802LCN	DAC-08HP	DAC0802LCM
$\pm 0.19\%$ FS	$-55^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$	DAC0800LJ	DAC-08Q			
$\pm 0.19\%$ FS	$0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +70^{\circ}\text{C}$	DAC0800LCJ	DAC-08EQ	DAC0800LCN	DAC-08EP	DAC0800LCM

Note 1: Devices may be ordered by using either order number.

**Absolute Maximum Ratings** (Note 2)

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/Distributors for availability and specifications.

Supply Voltage ( $V^+ - V^-$ )	$\pm 18V$ or $36V$
Power Dissipation (Note 3)	500 mW
Reference Input Differential Voltage (V14 to V15)	$V^-$ to $V^+$
Reference Input Common-Mode Range (V14, V15)	$V^-$ to $V^+$
Reference Input Current	5 mA
Logic Inputs	$V^-$ to $V^-$ plus $36V$
Analog Current Outputs ( $V_{S-} = -15V$ )	4.25 mA
ESD Susceptibility (Note 4)	TBD V

Storage Temperature	$-65^\circ\text{C}$ to $+150^\circ\text{C}$
Lead Temp. (Soldering, 10 seconds)	
Dual-In-Line Package (plastic)	$260^\circ\text{C}$
Dual-In-Line Package (ceramic)	$300^\circ\text{C}$
Surface Mount Package	
Vapor Phase (60 seconds)	$215^\circ\text{C}$
Infrared (15 seconds)	$220^\circ\text{C}$

**Operating Conditions** (Note 2)

	Min	Max	Units
Temperature ( $T_A$ )			
DAC0800L	-55	+125	$^\circ\text{C}$
DAC0800LC	0	+70	$^\circ\text{C}$
DAC0802LC	0	+70	$^\circ\text{C}$

**Electrical Characteristics**

The following specifications apply for  $V_S = \pm 15V$ ,  $I_{REF} = 2$  mA and  $T_{MIN} \leq T_A \leq T_{MAX}$  unless otherwise specified. Output characteristics refer to both  $I_{OUT}$  and  $I_{OUT-}$ .

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	DAC0802LC			DAC0800L/ DAC0800LC			Units
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
	Resolution		8	8	8	8	8	8	Bits
	Monotonicity		8	8	8	8	8	8	Bits
	Nonlinearity				$\pm 0.1$			$\pm 0.19$	%FS
$t_s$	Settling Time	To $\pm 1/2$ LSB, All Bits Switched "ON" or "OFF", $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ DAC0800L DAC0800LC		100	135		100 100	135 150	ns ns
$t_{PLH}$ , $t_{PHL}$	Propagation Delay Each Bit All Bits Switched	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		35 35	60 60		35 35	60 60	ns ns
$TCI_{FS}$	Full Scale Tempco			$\pm 10$	$\pm 50$		$\pm 10$	$\pm 50$	ppm/ $^\circ\text{C}$
$V_{OC}$	Output Voltage Compliance	Full Scale Current Change < $1/2$ LSB, $R_{OUT} > 20$ M $\Omega$ Typ	-10		18	-10		18	V
$I_{FS4}$	Full Scale Current	$V_{REF} = 10.000V$ , $R_{14} = 5.000$ k $\Omega$ $R_{15} = 5.000$ k $\Omega$ , $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	1.984	1.992	2.000	1.94	1.99	2.04	mA
$I_{FSS}$	Full Scale Symmetry	$I_{FS4} - I_{FS2}$		$\pm 0.5$	$\pm 4.0$		$\pm 1$	$\pm 8.0$	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{ZS}$	Zero Scale Current			0.1	1.0		0.2	2.0	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{FSR}$	Output Current Range	$V^- = -5V$ $V^- = -8V$ to $-18V$	0 0	2.0 2.0	2.1 4.2	0 0	2.0 2.0	2.1 4.2	mA mA
$V_{IL}$ $V_{IH}$	Logic Input Levels Logic "0" Logic "1"	$V_{LC} = 0V$			0.8		2.0	0.8	V V
$I_{IL}$ $I_{IH}$	Logic Input Current Logic "0" Logic "1"	$V_{LC} = 0V$ $-10V \leq V_{IN} \leq +0.8V$ $2V \leq V_{IN} \leq +18V$		-2.0 0.002	-10 10		-2.0 0.002	-10 10	$\mu\text{A}$ $\mu\text{A}$
$V_{IS}$	Logic Input Swing	$V^- = -15V$	-10		18	-10		18	V
$V_{THR}$	Logic Threshold Range	$V_S = \pm 15V$	-10		13.5	-10		13.5	V
$I_{15}$	Reference Bias Current			-1.0	-3.0		-1.0	-3.0	$\mu\text{A}$
$dI/dt$	Reference Input Slew Rate	(Figure 11)	4.0	8.0		4.0	8.0		mA/ $\mu\text{s}$
$PSSI_{FS+}$ $PSSI_{FS-}$	Power Supply Sensitivity	$4.5V \leq V^+ \leq 18V$ $-4.5V \leq V^- \leq 18V$ $I_{REF} = 1\text{mA}$		0.0001	0.01		0.0001	0.01	%/% %/%

## Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

The following specifications apply for  $V_S = \pm 15V$ ,  $I_{REF} = 2\text{ mA}$  and  $T_{MIN} \leq T_A \leq T_{MAX}$  unless otherwise specified. Output characteristics refer to both  $I_{OUT}$  and  $\overline{I_{OUT}}$ .

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	DAC0802LC			DAC0800L/ DAC0800LC			Units
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
I+ I-	Power Supply Current	$V_S = \pm 5V$ , $I_{REF} = 1\text{ mA}$		2.3 -4.3	3.8 -5.8		2.3 -4.3	3.8 -5.8	mA mA
		$V_S = 5V$ , $-15V$ , $I_{REF} = 2\text{ mA}$		2.4 -6.4	3.8 -7.8		2.4 -6.4	3.8 -7.8	mA mA
I+ I-	Power Supply Current	$V_S = \pm 15V$ , $I_{REF} = 2\text{ mA}$		2.5 -6.5	3.8 -7.8		2.5 -6.5	3.8 -7.8	mA mA
		Power Dissipation	$\pm 5V$ , $I_{REF} = 1\text{ mA}$	33	48		33	48	mW
		$5V$ , $-15V$ , $I_{REF} = 2\text{ mA}$	108	136		108	136	mW	
		$\pm 15V$ , $I_{REF} = 2\text{ mA}$	135	174		135	174	mW	

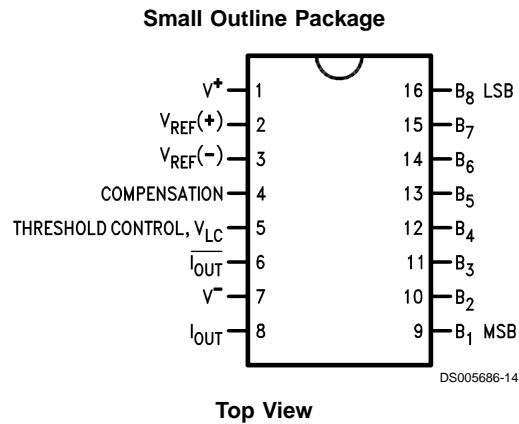
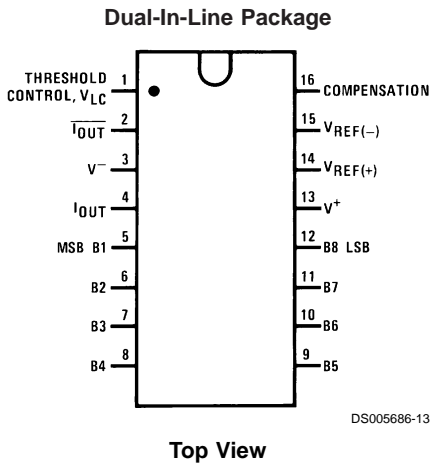
**Note 2:** Absolute Maximum Ratings indicate limits beyond which damage to the device may occur. DC and AC electrical specifications do not apply when operating the device beyond its specified operating conditions.

**Note 3:** The maximum junction temperature of the DAC0800 and DAC0802 is 125°C. For operating at elevated temperatures, devices in the Dual-In-Line J package must be derated based on a thermal resistance of 100°C/W, junction-to-ambient, 175°C/W for the molded Dual-In-Line N package and 100°C/W for the Small Outline M package.

**Note 4:** Human body model, 100 pF discharged through a 1.5 kΩ resistor.

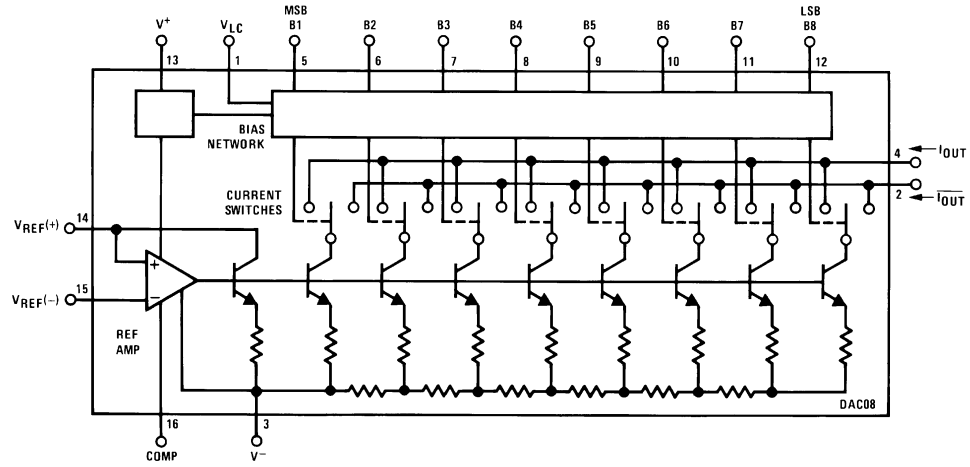
**Note 5:** Pin-out numbers for the DAC080X represent the Dual-In-Line package. The Small Outline package pin-out differs from the Dual-In-Line package.

## Connection Diagrams



See Ordering Information

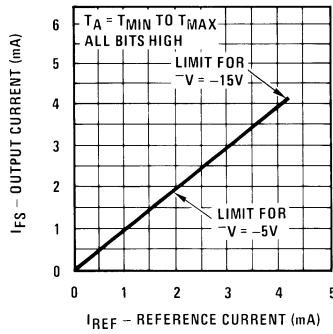
## Block Diagram (Note 5)



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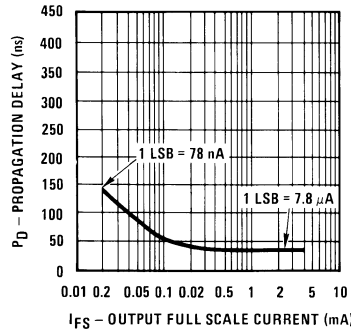
## Typical Performance Characteristics

### Full Scale Current vs Reference Current



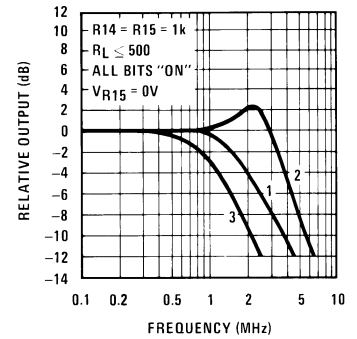
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### LSB Propagation Delay vs I<sub>FS</sub>



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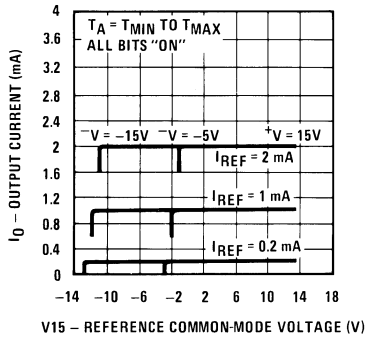
### Reference Input Frequency Response



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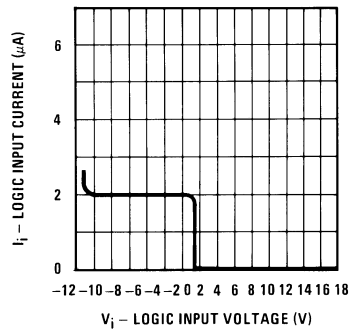
Curve 1: C<sub>C</sub> = 15 pF, V<sub>IN</sub> = 2 Vp-p centered at 1V.  
 Curve 2: C<sub>C</sub> = 15 pF, V<sub>IN</sub> = 50 mVp-p centered at 200 mV.  
 Curve 3: C<sub>C</sub> = 0 pF, V<sub>IN</sub> = 100 mVp-p centered at 0V and applied through 50Ω connected to pin 14.2V applied to R14.

### Reference Amp Common-Mode Range



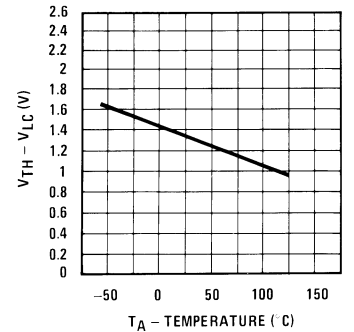
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### Logic Input Current vs Input Voltage



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### V<sub>TH</sub> - V<sub>LC</sub> vs Temperature

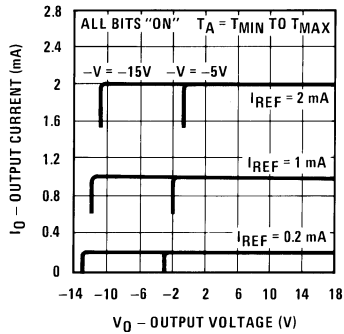


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Note. Positive common-mode range is always (V+) - 1.5V.

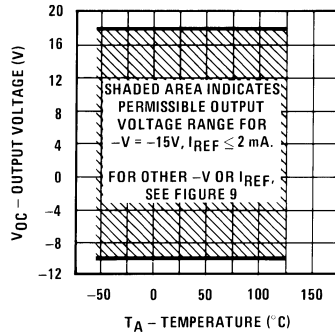
# Typical Performance Characteristics (Continued)

**Output Current vs Output Voltage (Output Voltage Compliance)**



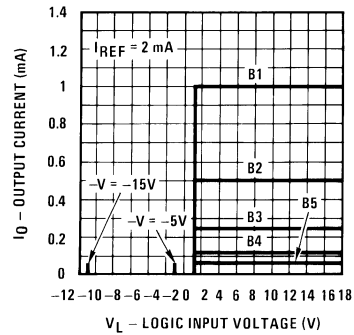
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**Output Voltage Compliance vs Temperature**



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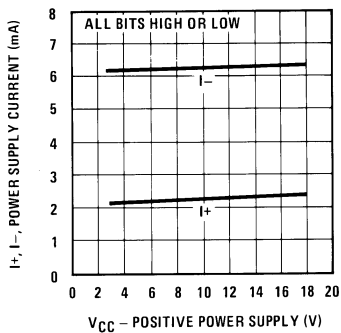
**Bit Transfer Characteristics**



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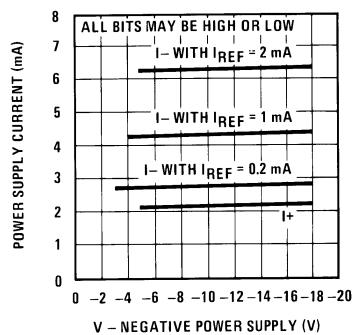
Note. B1–B8 have identical transfer characteristics. Bits are fully switched with less than 1/2 LSB error, at less than ±100 mV from actual threshold. These switching points are guaranteed to lie between 0.8 and 2V over the operating temperature range ( $V_{LC} = 0V$ ).

**Power Supply Current vs +V**



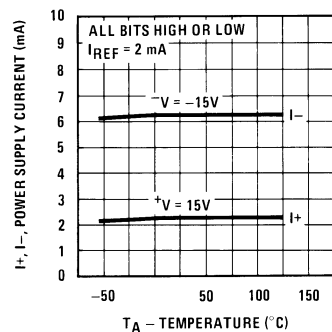
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**Power Supply Current vs -V**



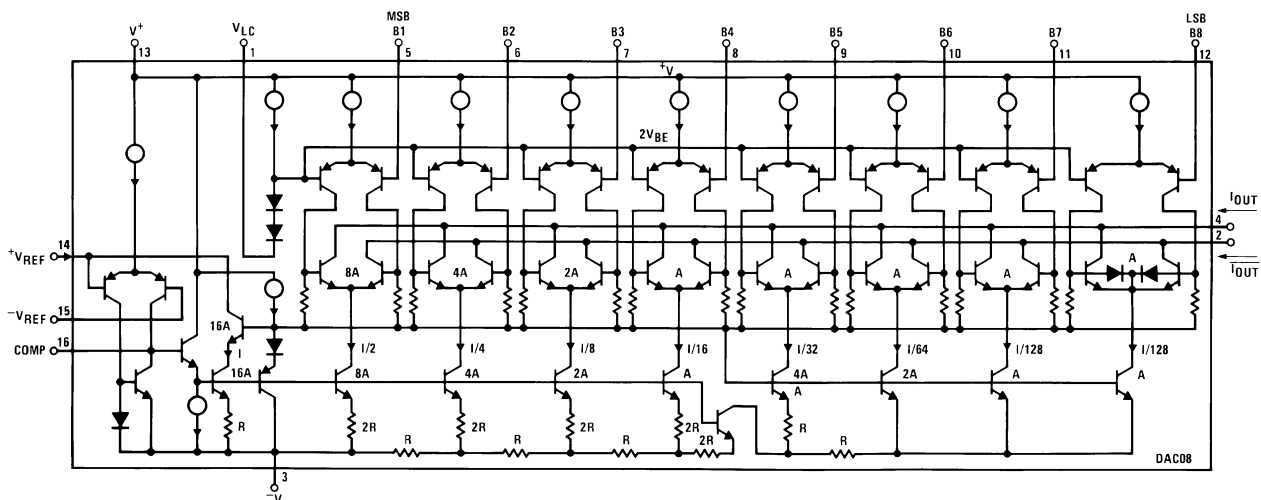
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**Power Supply Current vs Temperature**



DS005686-33

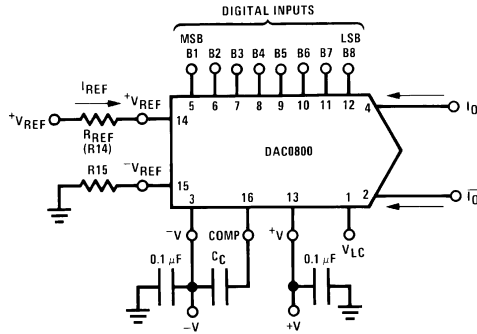
## Equivalent Circuit



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FIGURE 2.

# Typical Applications

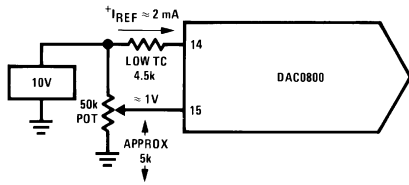


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$$I_{FS} \approx \frac{+V_{REF}}{R_{REF}} \times \frac{255}{256}$$

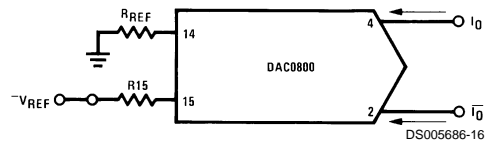
$I_O + \bar{I}_O = I_{FS}$  for all logic states  
 For fixed reference, TTL operation, typical values are:  
 $V_{REF} = 10.000V$   
 $R_{REF} = 5.000k$   
 $R15 = R_{REF}$   
 $C_C = 0.01 \mu F$   
 $V_{LC} = 0V$  (Ground)

FIGURE 3. Basic Positive Reference Operation (Note 5)



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FIGURE 4. Recommended Full Scale Adjustment Circuit (Note 5)

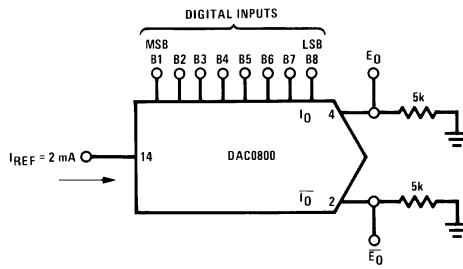


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$$I_{FS} \approx \frac{-V_{REF}}{R_{REF}} \times \frac{255}{256}$$

Note.  $R_{REF}$  sets  $I_{FS}$ ;  $R15$  is for bias current cancellation

FIGURE 5. Basic Negative Reference Operation (Note 5)

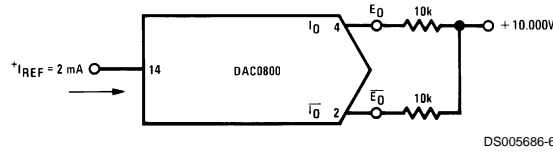


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	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	B8	$I_O$ mA	$\bar{I}_O$ mA	$E_O$	$\bar{E}_O$
Full Scale	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1.992	0.000	-9.960	0.000
Full Scale-LSB	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1.984	0.008	-9.920	-0.040
Half Scale+LSB	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1.008	0.984	-5.040	-4.920
Half Scale	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1.000	0.992	-5.000	-4.960
Half Scale-LSB	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0.992	1.000	-4.960	-5.000
Zero Scale+LSB	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0.008	1.984	-0.040	-9.920
Zero Scale	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.000	1.992	0.000	-9.960

FIGURE 6. Basic Unipolar Negative Operation (Note 5)

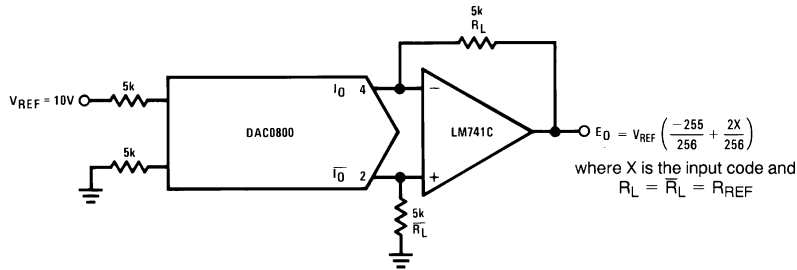
## Typical Applications (Continued)



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	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	B8	$E_O$	$\bar{E}_O$
Pos. Full Scale	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-9.920	+10.000
Pos. Full Scale-LSB	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	-9.840	+9.920
Zero Scale+LSB	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	-0.080	+0.160
Zero Scale	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.000	+0.080
Zero Scale-LSB	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	+0.080	0.000
Neg. Full Scale+LSB	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	+9.920	-9.840
Neg. Full Scale	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	+10.000	-9.920

**FIGURE 7. Basic Bipolar Output Operation (Note 5)**

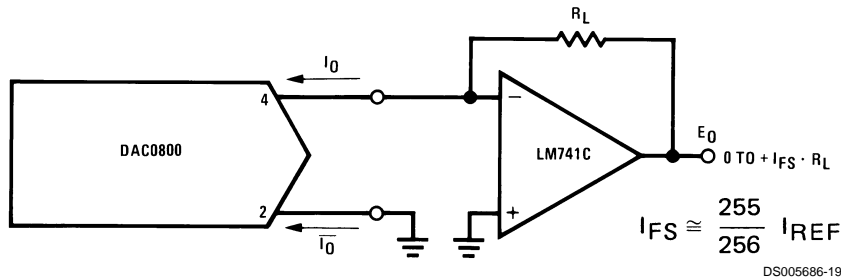


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If  $R_L = \bar{R}_L$  within  $\pm 0.05\%$ , output is symmetrical about ground

	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	B8	$E_O$
Pos. Full Scale	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	+9.960
Pos. Full Scale-LSB	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	+9.880
(+)Zero Scale	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	+0.040
(-)Zero Scale	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-0.040
Neg. Full Scale+LSB	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	-9.880
Neg. Full Scale	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-9.960

**FIGURE 8. Symmetrical Offset Binary Operation (Note 5)**

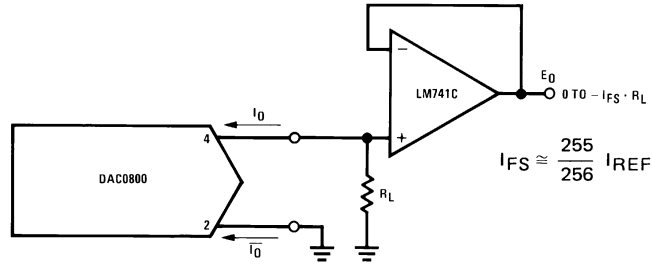


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For complementary output (operation as negative logic DAC), connect inverting input of op amp to  $\bar{I}_O$  (pin 2), connect  $I_O$  (pin 4) to ground.

**FIGURE 9. Positive Low Impedance Output Operation (Note 5)**

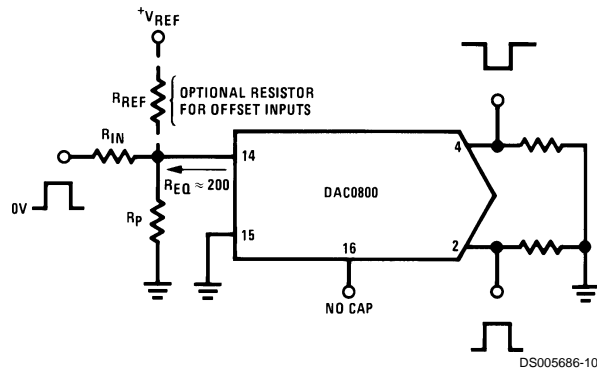
Typical Applications (Continued)



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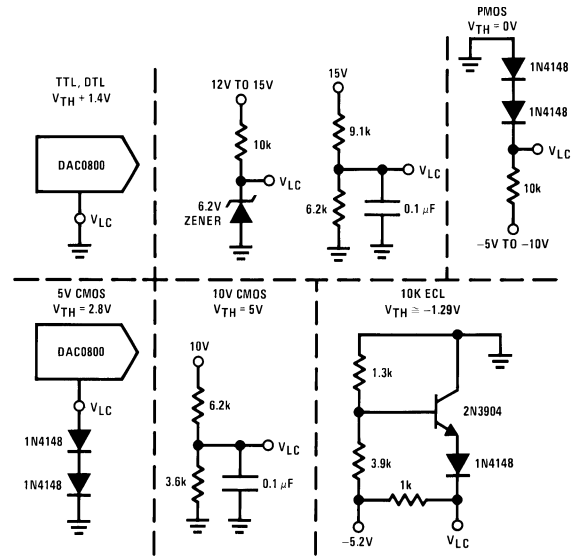
For complementary output (operation as a negative logic DAC) connect non-inverting input of op am to  $\bar{I}_O$  (pin 2); connect  $I_O$  (pin 4) to ground.

FIGURE 10. Negative Low Impedance Output Operation (Note 5)



Typical values:  $R_{IN}=5k, +V_{IN}=10V$

FIGURE 11. Pulsed Reference Operation (Note 5)

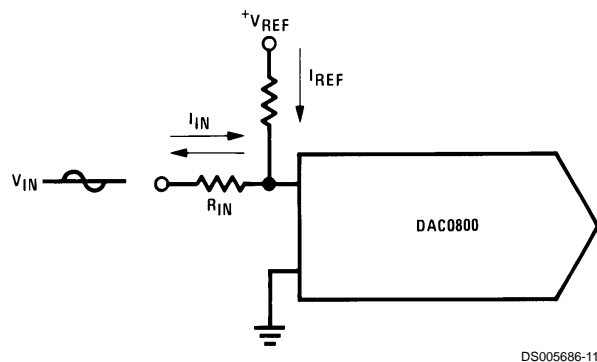


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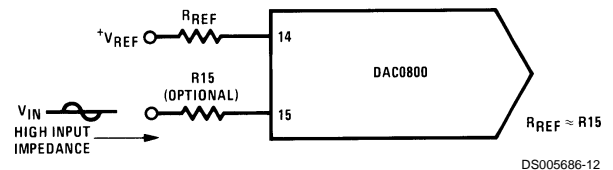
$V_{TH} = V_{LC} + 1.4V$   
 15V CMOS, HTL, HNIL  
 $V_{TH} = 7.6V$

Note. Do not exceed negative logic input range of DAC.

FIGURE 12. Interfacing with Various Logic Families



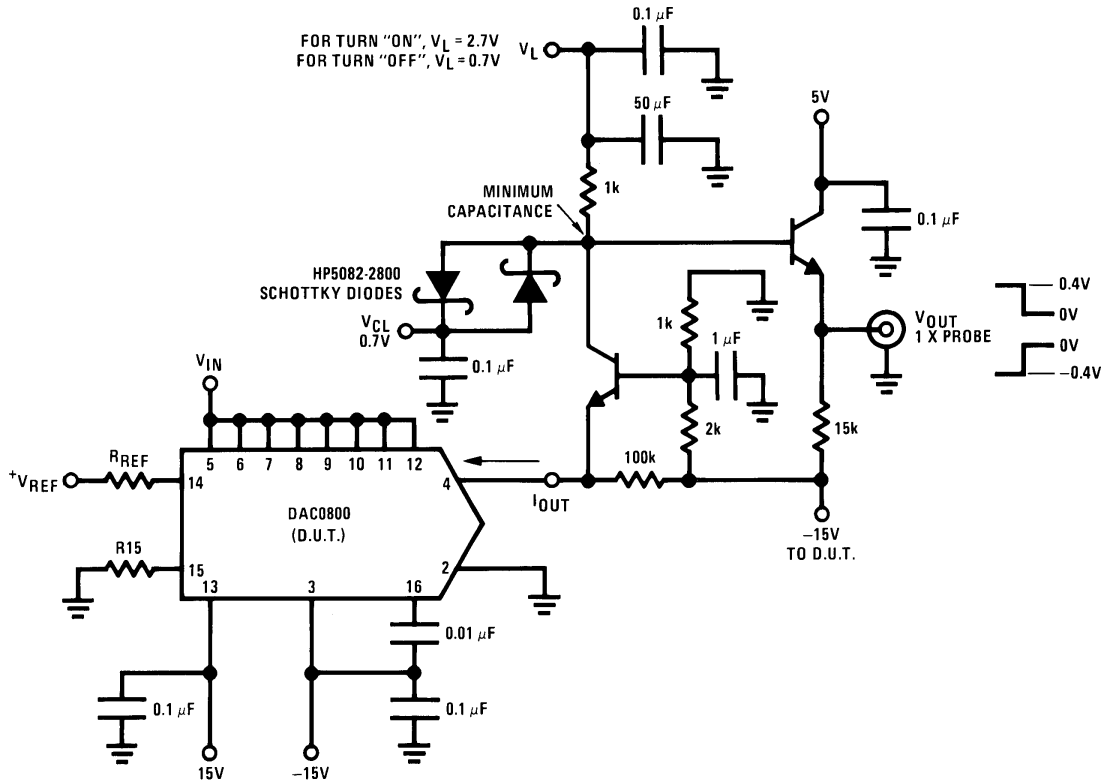
(a)  $I_{REF} \geq$  peak negative swing of  $I_{IN}$



(b)  $+V_{REF}$  must be above peak positive swing of  $V_{IN}$

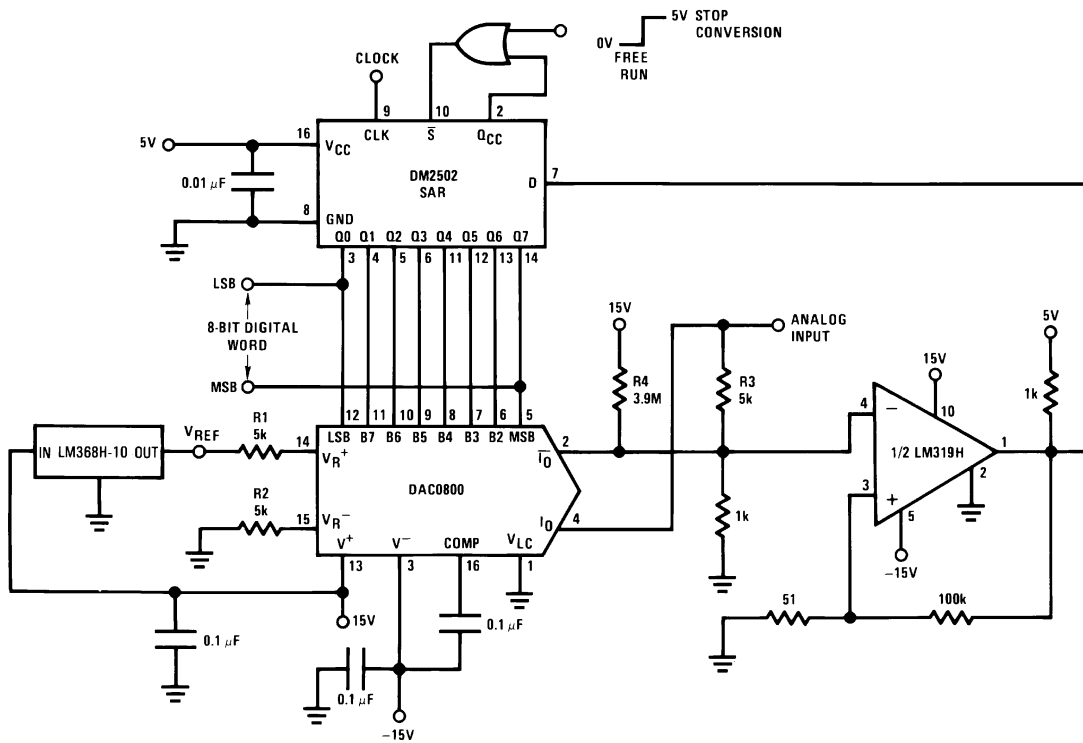
FIGURE 13. Accommodating Bipolar References (Note 5)

Typical Applications (Continued)



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FIGURE 14. Settling Time Measurement (Note 5)

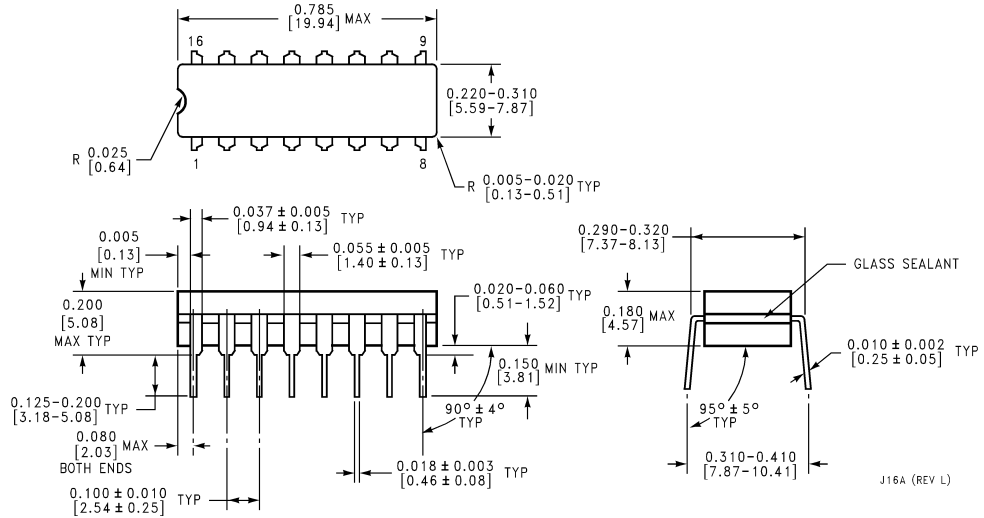


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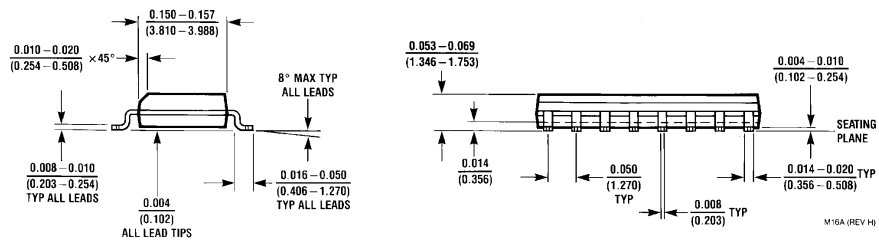
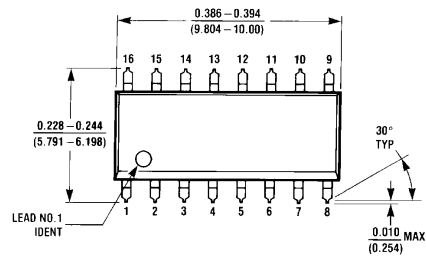
Note. For 1  $\mu s$  conversion time with 8-bit resolution and 7-bit accuracy, an LM361 comparator replaces the LM319 and the reference current is doubled by reducing R1, R2 and R3 to 2.5 k $\Omega$  and R4 to 2 M $\Omega$ .

FIGURE 15. A Complete 2  $\mu s$  Conversion Time, 8-Bit A/D Converter (Note 5)

**Physical Dimensions** inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted

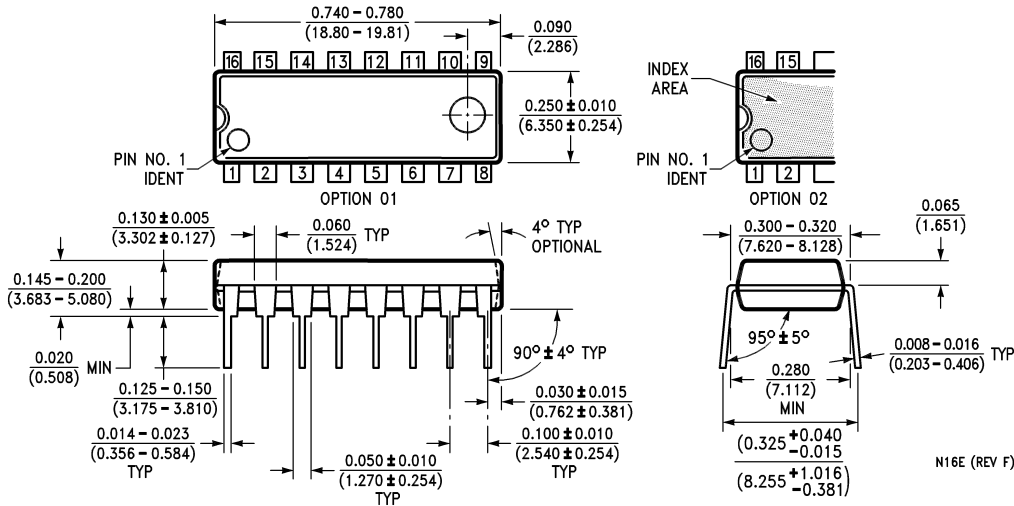


**Molded Small Outline Package (SO)**  
**Order Numbers DAC0800LCM,**  
**or DAC0802LCM**  
**NS Package Number M16A**



**Molded Small Outline Package (SO)**  
**Order Numbers DAC0800LCM,**  
**or DAC0802LCM**  
**NS Package Number M16A**

**Physical Dimensions** inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted (Continued)




**Molded Dual-In-Line Package**  
**Order Numbers DAC0800, DAC0802**  
**NS Package Number N16E**

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2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.

 **National Semiconductor Corporation**  
 Americas  
 Email: support@nsc.com

**National Semiconductor Europe**  
 Fax: +49 (0) 180-530 85 86  
 Email: europe.support@nsc.com  
 Deutsch Tel: +49 (0) 69 9508 6208  
 English Tel: +44 (0) 870 24 0 2171  
 Français Tel: +33 (0) 1 41 91 8790

**National Semiconductor Asia Pacific Customer Response Group**  
 Tel: 65-2544466  
 Fax: 65-2504466  
 Email: ap.support@nsc.com

**National Semiconductor Japan Ltd.**  
 Tel: 81-3-5639-7560  
 Fax: 81-3-5639-7507

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# National Semiconductor was acquired by Texas Instruments.

[http://www.ti.com/corp/docs/investor\\_relations/pr\\_09\\_23\\_2011\\_national\\_semiconductor.html](http://www.ti.com/corp/docs/investor_relations/pr_09_23_2011_national_semiconductor.html)

This file is the datasheet for the following electronic components:

DAC0800LCMX - <http://www.ti.com/product/dac0800lcmx?HQS=TI-null-null-dscatalog-df-pf-null-wwe>

DAC0800 MDC - [http://www.ti.com/product/dac0800\\_mdc?HQS=TI-null-null-dscatalog-df-pf-null-wwe](http://www.ti.com/product/dac0800_mdc?HQS=TI-null-null-dscatalog-df-pf-null-wwe)

DAC0800LCM - <http://www.ti.com/product/dac0800lcm?HQS=TI-null-null-dscatalog-df-pf-null-wwe>

DAC0802LCN - <http://www.ti.com/product/dac0802lcn?HQS=TI-null-null-dscatalog-df-pf-null-wwe>

DAC0802LCMX - <http://www.ti.com/product/dac0802lcmx?HQS=TI-null-null-dscatalog-df-pf-null-wwe>

DAC0802LCM - <http://www.ti.com/product/dac0802lcm?HQS=TI-null-null-dscatalog-df-pf-null-wwe>

DAC0800LCN - <http://www.ti.com/product/dac0800lcn?HQS=TI-null-null-dscatalog-df-pf-null-wwe>

DAC0800 MWC - [http://www.ti.com/product/dac0800\\_mwc?HQS=TI-null-null-dscatalog-df-pf-null-wwe](http://www.ti.com/product/dac0800_mwc?HQS=TI-null-null-dscatalog-df-pf-null-wwe)



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