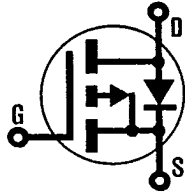


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HEXFET® TRANSISTORS IRF9530



P-Channel

IRF9531

IRF9532

IRF9533

**-100 Volt, 0.3 Ohm HEXFET
TO-220AB Plastic Package**

The HEXFET® technology is the key to International Rectifier's advanced line of power MOSFET transistors. The efficient geometry and unique processing of the HEXFET design achieve very low on-state resistance combined with high transconductance and extreme device ruggedness.

The P-Channel HEXFETs are designed for applications which require the convenience of reverse polarity operation. They retain all of the features of the more common N-Channel HEXFETs such as voltage control, very fast switching, ease of paralleling, and excellent temperature stability. The P-Channel IRF9530 device is an approximate electrical complement to the N-Channel IRF520 HEXFET.

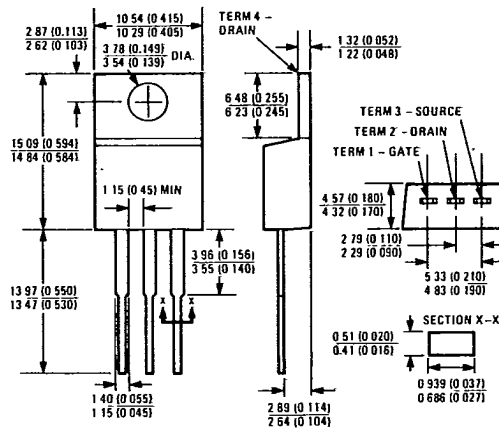
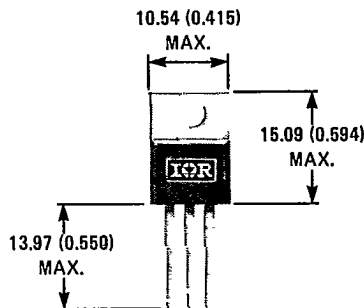
P-Channel HEXFETs are intended for use in power stages where complementary symmetry with N-Channel devices offers circuit simplification. They are also very useful in drive stages because of the circuit versatility offered by the reverse polarity connection. Applications include motor control, audio amplifiers, switched mode converters, control circuit and pulse amplifiers.

Features:

- P-Channel Versatility
- Compact Plastic Package
- Fast Switching
- Low Drive Current
- Ease of Paralleling
- Excellent Temperature Stability

Product Summary

Part Number	V _{DS}	R _{DS(on)}	I _D
IRF9530	-100V	0.30Ω	-12A
IRF9531	-60V	0.30Ω	-12A
IRF9532	-100V	0.40Ω	-10A
IRF9533	-60V	0.40Ω	-10A

CASE STYLE AND DIMENSIONS

Case Style TO-220AB
Dimensions in Millimeters and (Inches)

C-337

IRF9530, IRF9531, IRF9532, IRF9533 Devices

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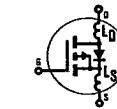
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Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	IRF9530	IRF9531	IRF9532	IRF9533	Units
V_{DS} Drain - Source Voltage ①	-100	-60	-100	-60	V
V_{DGR} Drain - Gate Voltage ($R_{GS} = 20\text{ k}\Omega$) ①	-100	-60	-100	-60	V
I_D @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Continuous Drain Current	-12	-12	-10	-10	A
I_D @ $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$ Continuous Drain Current	-7.5	-7.5	-6.5	-6.5	A
I_{DM} Pulsed Drain Current ③	-48	-48	-40	-40	A
V_{GS} Gate - Source Voltage	± 20				V
P_D @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Max. Power Dissipation	75 (See Fig. 14)				W
Linear Derating Factor	0.6 (See Fig. 14)				W/K④
I_{LM} Inductive Current, Clamped	(See Fig. 15 and 16) $L = 100\mu\text{H}$				A
T_J Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range	-55 to 150				$^\circ\text{C}$
T_{stg} Lead Temperature	300 (0.063 in. (1.6mm) from case for 10s)				$^\circ\text{C}$

Electrical Characteristics @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (Unless Otherwise Specified)

Parameter	Type	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
BV_{DSS} Drain - Source Breakdown Voltage	IRF9530 IRF9532	-100	—	—	V	$V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$ $I_D = -250\mu\text{A}$
	IRF9531 IRF9533	-60	—	—	V	
$V_{GS(th)}$ Gate Threshold Voltage	ALL	-2.0	—	-4.0	V	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}$, $I_D = -250\mu\text{A}$
I_{GSS} Gate-Source Leakage Forward	ALL	—	—	-500	nA	$V_{GS} = -20\text{V}$
I_{GSS} Gate-Source Leakage Reverse	ALL	—	—	500	nA	$V_{GS} = 20\text{V}$
I_{DSS} Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	ALL	—	—	-250	μA	$V_{DS} = \text{Max. Rating}$, $V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$
		—	—	-1000	μA	$V_{DS} = \text{Max. Rating} \times 0.8$, $V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$, $T_C = 125^\circ\text{C}$
$I_{D(on)}$ On-State Drain Current ②	IRF9530 IRF9531	-12	—	—	A	$V_{DS} > I_{D(on)} \times R_{DS(on)} \text{ max.}$, $V_{GS} = -10\text{V}$
	IRF9532 IRF9533	-10	—	—	A	
$R_{DS(on)}$ Static Drain-Source On-State Resistance ②	IRF9530 IRF9531	—	0.25	0.30	Ω	$V_{GS} = -10\text{V}$, $I_D = -6.5\text{A}$
	IRF9532 IRF9533	—	0.30	0.40	Ω	
g_{fs} Forward Transconductance ②	ALL	2.0	3.8	—	S (W)	$V_{DS} > I_{D(on)} \times R_{DS(on)} \text{ max.}$, $I_D = -6.5\text{A}$
C_{iss} Input Capacitance	ALL	—	500	700	pF	$V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$, $V_{DS} = -25\text{V}$, $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$ See Fig. 10
C_{oss} Output Capacitance	ALL	—	300	450	pF	
C_{rss} Reverse Transfer Capacitance	ALL	—	100	200	pF	$V_{DD} = 0.5 BV_{DSS}$, $I_D = -6.5\text{A}$, $Z_o = 50\Omega$ See Fig. 17 (MOSFET switching times are essentially independent of operating temperature.)
$t_{d(on)}$ Turn-On Delay Time	ALL	—	30	60	ns	
t_r Rise Time	ALL	—	70	140	ns	
$t_{d(off)}$ Turn-Off Delay Time	ALL	—	70	140	ns	
t_f Fall Time	ALL	—	70	140	ns	$V_{GS} = -15\text{V}$, $I_D = -15\text{A}$, $V_{DS} = 0.8 \text{ Max. Rating}$. See Fig. 18 for test circuit. (Gate charge is essentially independent of operating temperature.)
Q_g Total Gate Charge (Gate-Source Plus Gate-Drain)	ALL	—	25	45	nC	
Q_{gs} Gate-Source Charge	ALL	—	13	—	nC	
Q_{gd} Gate-Drain ("Miller") Charge	ALL	—	12	—	nC	
L_D Internal Drain Inductance	ALL	—	3.5	—	nH	Measured from the contact screw on tab to center of die.
		—	4.5	—	nH	Measured from the drain lead, 6mm (0.25 in.) from package to center of die.
L_S Internal Source Inductance	ALL	—	7.5	—	nH	Measured from the source lead, 6mm (0.25 in.) from package to source bonding pad.



Thermal Resistance

R_{thJC} Junction-to-Case	ALL	—	—	1.67	K/W④	
R_{thCS} Case-to-Sink	ALL	—	1.0	—	K/W④	Mounting surface flat, smooth, and greased.
R_{thJA} Junction-to-Ambient	ALL	—	—	80	K/W④	Typical socket mount

Source-Drain Diode Ratings and Characteristics

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I_S	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	IRF9530 IRF9531	—	—	-12	A	Modified MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse P-N junction rectifier. 
		IRF9532 IRF9533	—	—	-10	A	
I_{SM}	Pulse Source Current (Body Diode) ③	IRF9530 IRF9531	—	—	-48	A	
		IRF9532 IRF9533	—	—	-40	A	
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage ②	IRF9530 IRF9531	—	—	-6.3	V	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $I_S = -12\text{A}$, $V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$
		IRF9532 IRF9533	—	—	-6.0	V	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $I_S = -10\text{A}$, $V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$
t_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	ALL	—	300	—	ns	$T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$, $I_F = -12\text{A}$, $dI_F/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$
Q_{RR}	Reverse Recovered Charge	ALL	—	1.8	—	μC	$T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$, $I_F = -12\text{A}$, $dI_F/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$
t_{on}	Forward Turn-on Time	ALL	Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible. Turn-on speed is substantially controlled by $L_S + L_D$.				

- ① $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ to 150°C . ② Pulse Test: Pulse width $\leq 300\mu\text{s}$, Duty Cycle $\leq 2\%$. ③ Repetitive Rating: Pulse width limited by max. junction temperature. See Transient Thermal Impedance Curve (Fig. 5).

④ $\text{K/W} = \frac{^\circ\text{C}}{\text{W}}$
 $\text{W/K} = \frac{\text{W}}{^\circ\text{C}}$

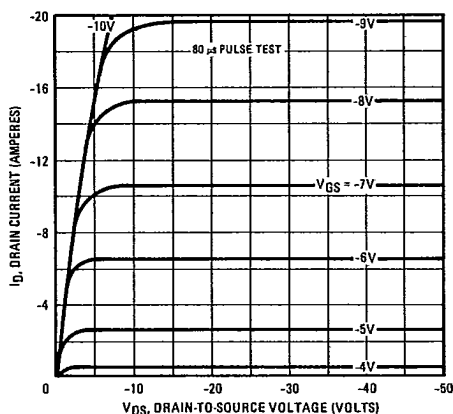


Fig. 1 - Typical Output Characteristics

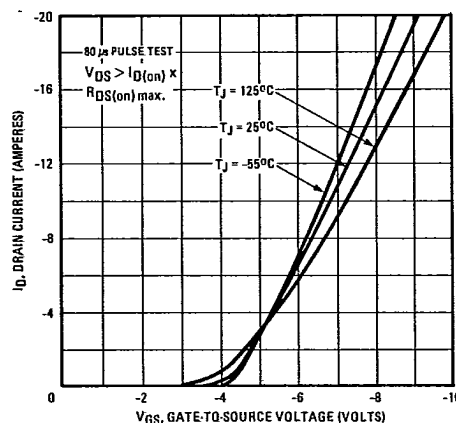


Fig. 2 - Typical Transfer Characteristics

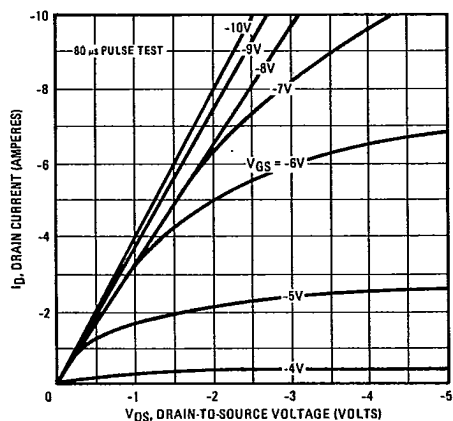


Fig. 3 - Typical Saturation Characteristics

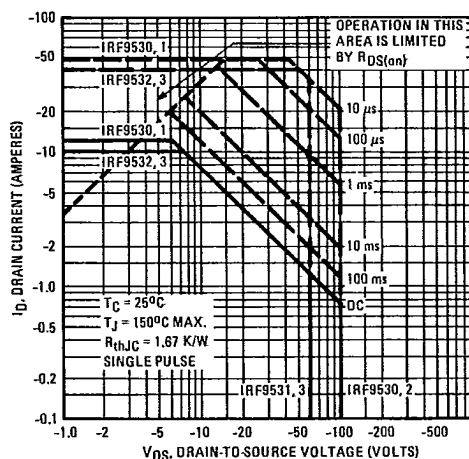
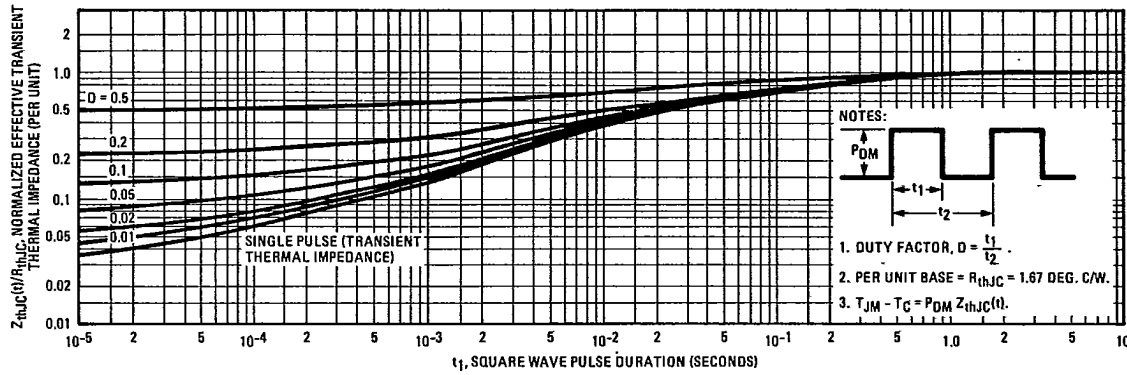
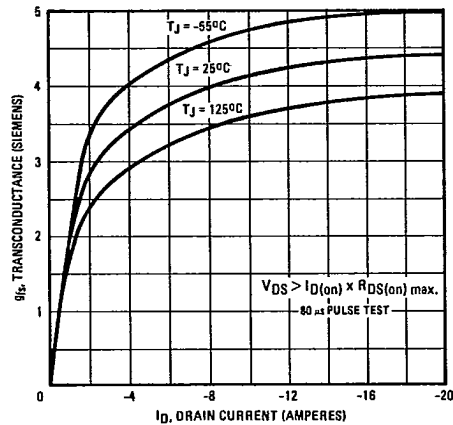
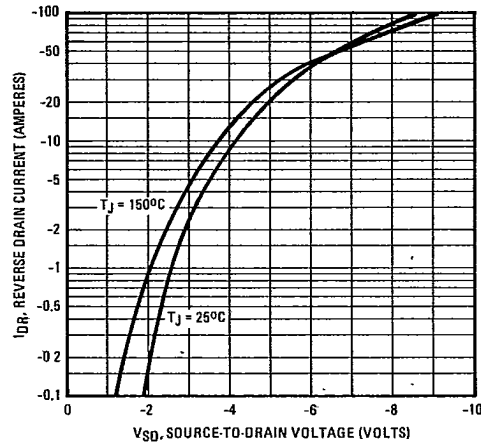
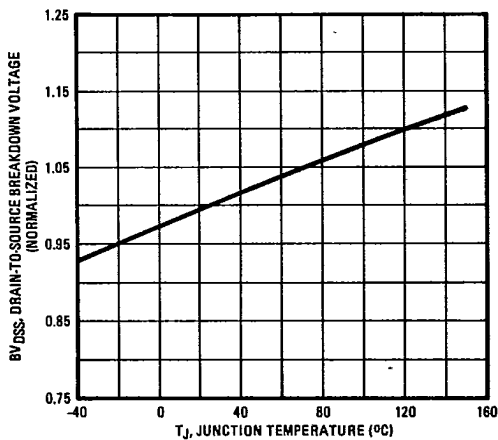
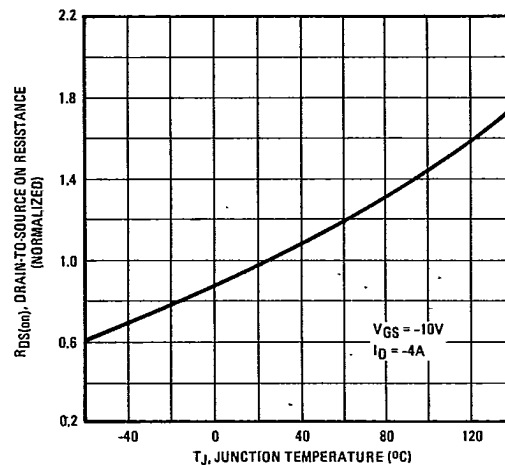


Fig. 4 - Maximum Safe Operating Area

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Fig. 5 – Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case Vs. Pulse Duration

Fig. 6 – Typical Transconductance Vs. Drain Current

Fig. 7 – Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

Fig. 8 – Breakdown Voltage Vs. Temperature

Fig. 9 – Normalized On-Resistance Vs. Temperature
C-340

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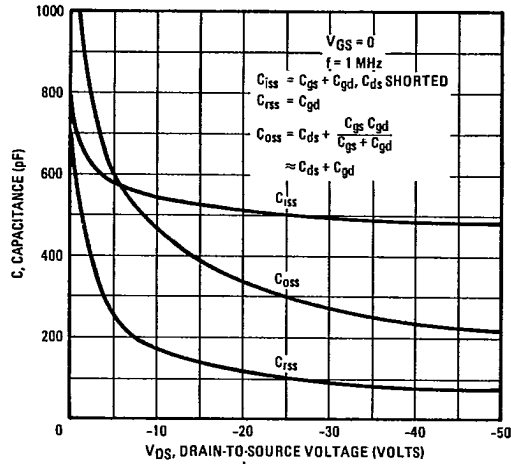


Fig. 10 - Typical Capacitance Vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage

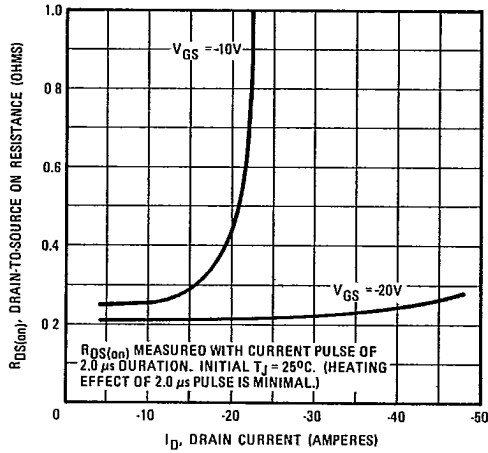


Fig. 12 - Typical On-Resistance Vs. Drain Current

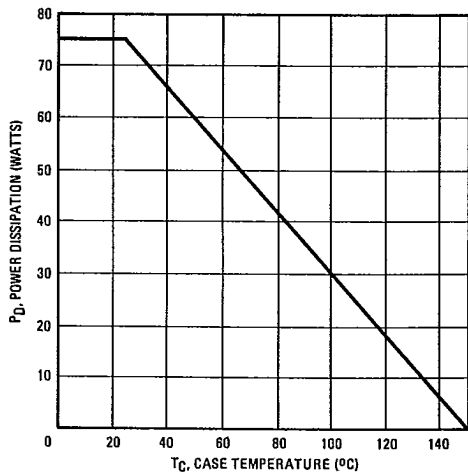


Fig. 14 - Power Vs. Temperature Derating Curve

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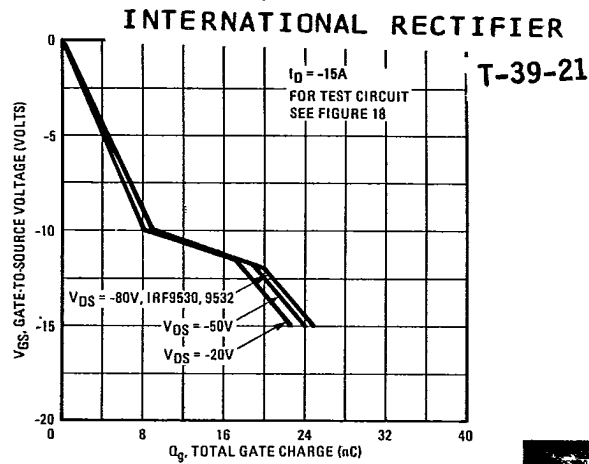


Fig. 11 - Typical Gate Charge Vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage

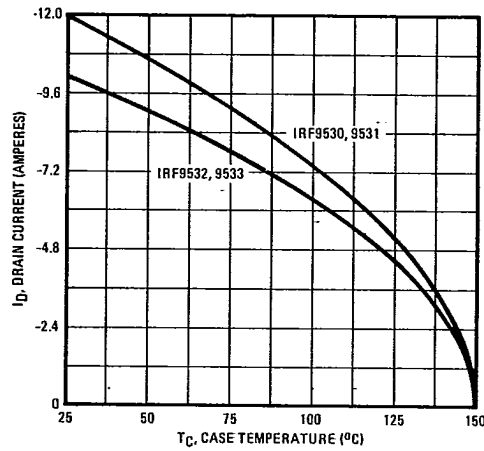


Fig. 13 - Maximum Drain Current Vs. Case Temperature

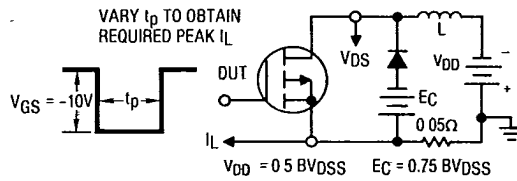


Fig. 15 - Clamped Inductive Test Circuit

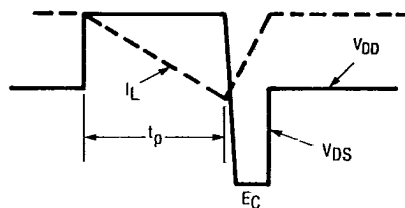


Fig. 16 - Clamped Inductive Waveforms

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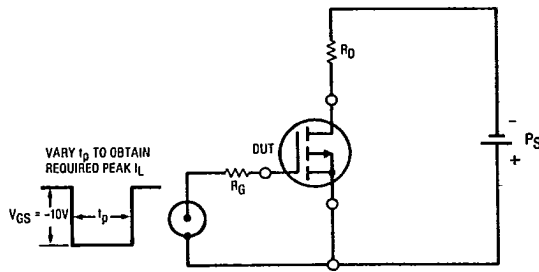


Fig. 17 - Switching Time Test Circuit

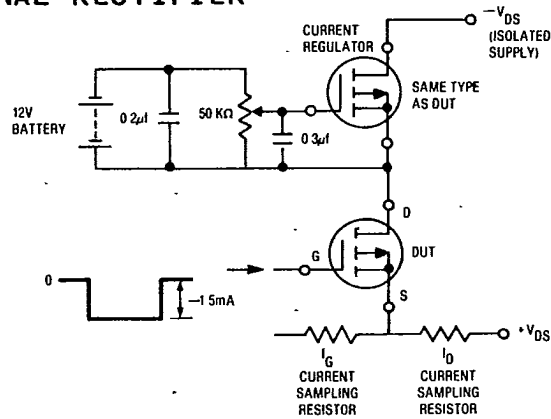
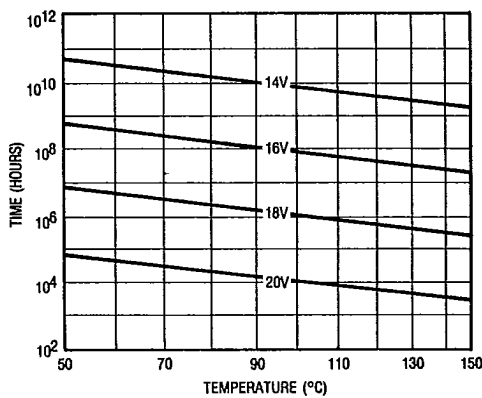
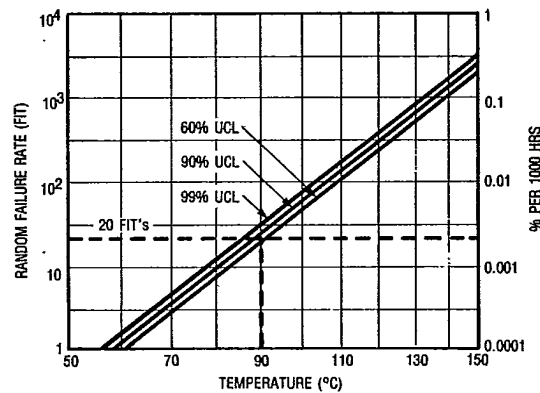


Fig. 18 - Gate Charge Test Circuit



*Fig. 19 - Typical Time to Accumulated 1% Failure



*Fig. 20 - Typical High Temperature Reverse Bias (HTRB) Failure Rate

*The data shown is correct as of April 15, 1987. This information is updated on a quarterly basis; for the latest reliability data, please contact your local IR field office.